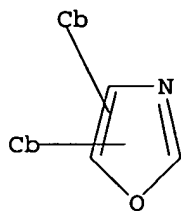
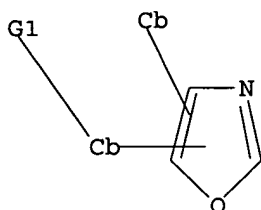


=> d l1  
 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS  
 L1 STR



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> d l3  
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 L3 STR



G1 Hy,Ak,O,CN

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:36:34 ON 30 JAN 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:37:12 ON 30 JAN 2006

L1	STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L2	50 S L1
L3	STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L4	19 S L3
L5	817 S L3 FUL
L6	774 S L5 AND CAPLUS/LC
L7	43 S L5 NOT L6
L8	2 S L5 AND REF.CAPLUS>10

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:32 ON 30 JAN 2006

L9	195 S L5
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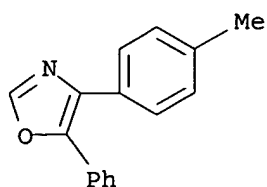
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SRNT

10/758,253

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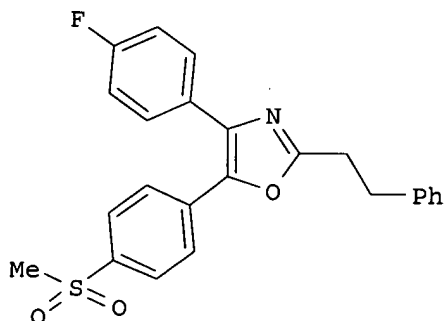
L7 ANSWER 26 OF 43 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN 412309-17-2 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 08 May 2002  
CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS 3D CONCORD  
MF C16 H13 N O  
SR Reaction Database



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:146569 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:192645  
 TITLE: Preparation of [(alkylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazoles and  
 analogs as cyclooxygenase II inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Norman, Bryan H.; Lee, Len F.; Masferrer, Jaime L.;  
 Talley, John J.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 51 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,380,738.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5719163	A	19980217	US 1995-535227	19951027
US 5380738	A	19950110	US 1993-65730	19930521
WO 9427980	A1	19941208	WO 1994-US5395	19940519
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KR, LU, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, NL, PT, SE				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-65730	A2 19930521
			WO 1994-US5395	W 19940519
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 128:192645		
GI				



II

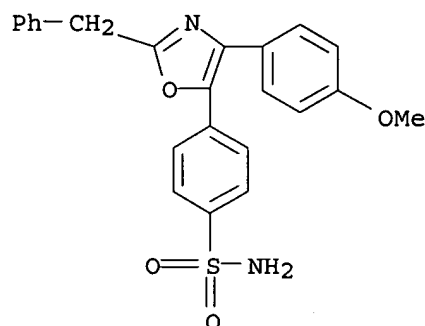
- AB R2O2SZ2Z1R1 [I; R1 = (un)substituted cycloalk(en)yl, -(hetero)aryl; R2 = NH2 or (halo)alkyl; Z1 = 2-(un)substituted oxazolediyl; Z2 = 1,4-phenylene] were prepared. Thus, 4-FC6H4COCH2C6H4(SMe)-4 was treated with NaH/Me3CMe2SiCl and the silyl enol ether product treated with 3-ClC6H4CO3H to give 4-FC6H4CH(OSiMe2CMe3)COC6H4(SMe)-4 which was deprotected and the product O-acylated by PhCH2CH2COCl to give, after cyclization, title compound II. Data for biol. activity of I were given.
- IT 163303-61-5P 163303-62-6P 163303-63-7P  
 163303-64-8P 163303-65-9P 163303-66-0P  
 163303-67-1P 163303-68-2P 163303-69-3P  
 163303-70-6P 163303-71-7P 163303-72-8P  
 163303-80-8P 163303-81-9P 163303-82-0P  
 163303-83-1P 163303-84-2P 163303-85-3P

163303-86-4P 163303-87-5P 163303-88-6P  
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 163304-37-8P 163304-38-9P 163304-39-0P  
 163304-40-3P 163304-41-4P 163304-42-5P  
 163304-43-6P 163304-44-7P 163304-45-8P  
 163304-46-9P 163304-47-0P 163304-48-1P  
 203517-59-3P 203517-60-6P 203517-61-7P  
 203517-62-8P 203517-63-9P 203517-64-0P  
 203517-65-1P 203517-66-2P 203517-67-3P  
 203517-68-4P 203517-69-5P 203517-70-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of [(alkylsulfonyl)phenyl]oxazoles and analogs as cyclooxygenase II inhibitors)

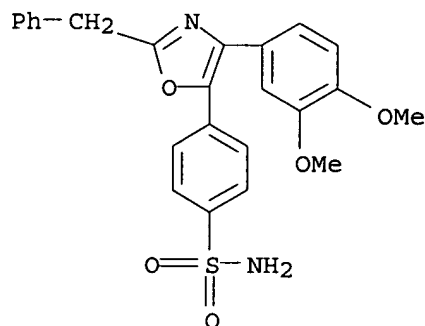
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CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]-  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



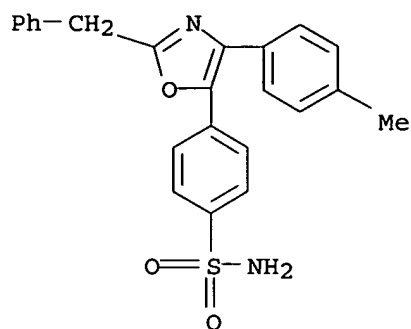
RN 163303-62-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]-  
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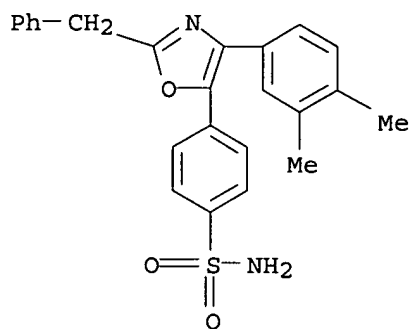
RN 163303-63-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]-  
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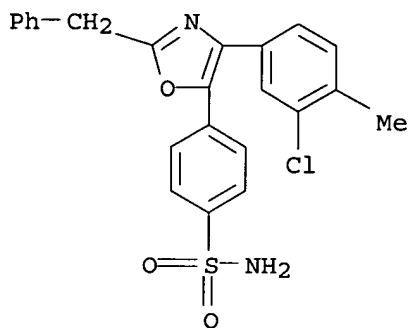
RN 163303-64-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



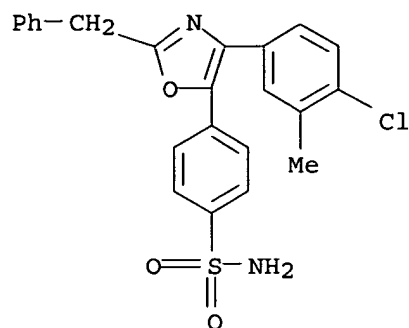
RN 163303-65-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



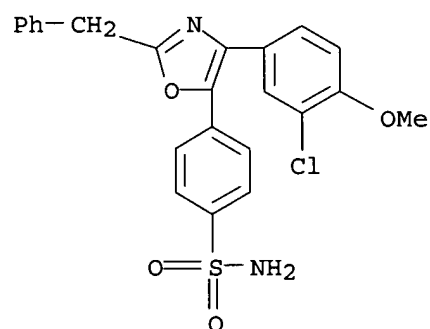
RN 163303-66-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



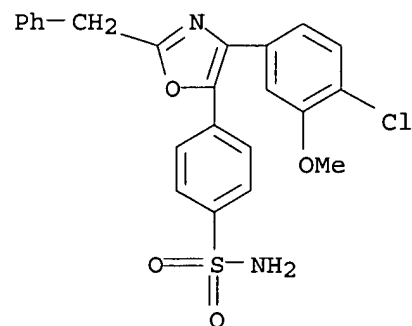
RN 163303-67-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 163303-68-2 CAPLUS

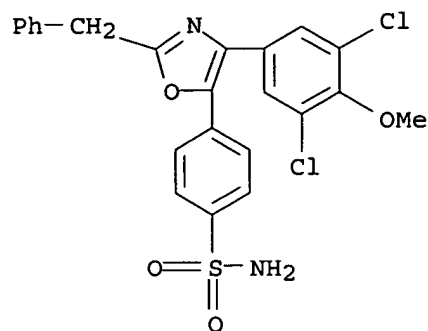
CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 163303-69-3 CAPLUS

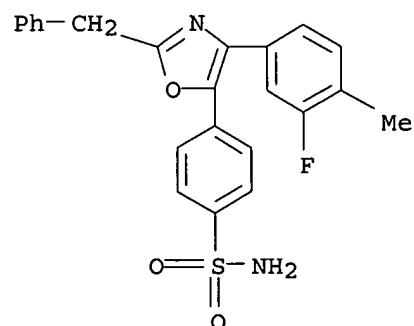
CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-

oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



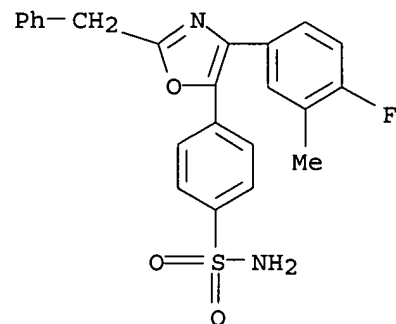
RN 163303-70-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



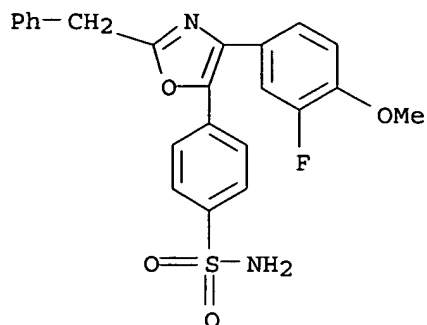
RN 163303-71-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



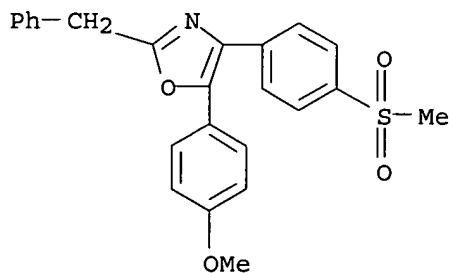
RN 163303-72-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



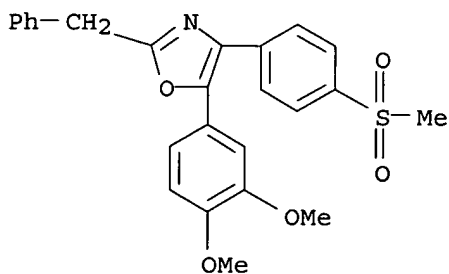
RN 163303-80-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 163303-81-9 CAPLUS

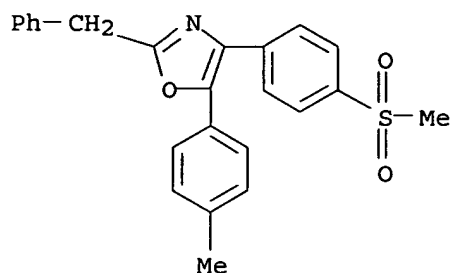
CN Oxazole, 5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 163303-82-0 CAPLUS

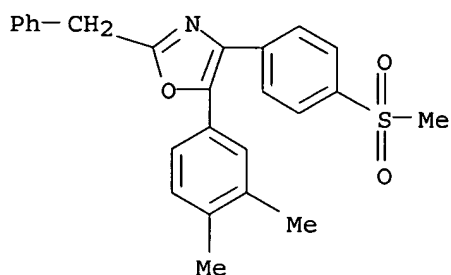
CN Oxazole, 5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





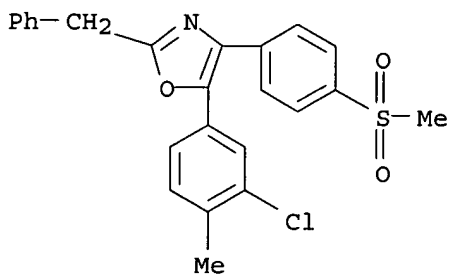
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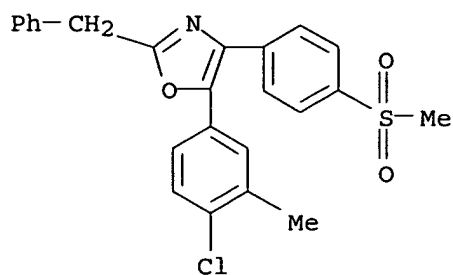
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CN Oxazole, 5-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-4-[4-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



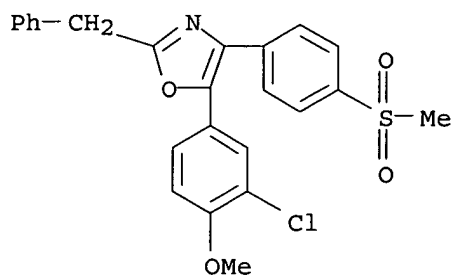
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CN Oxazole, 5-(4-chloro-3-methylphenyl)-4-[4-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



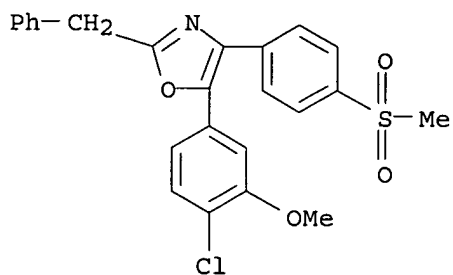
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CN Oxazole, 5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



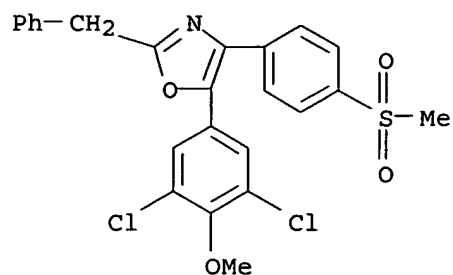
RN 163303-87-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



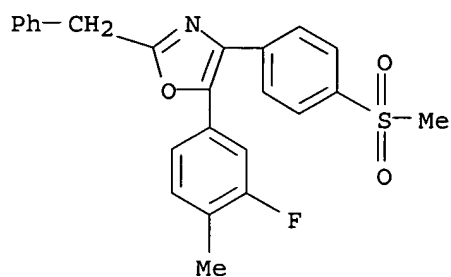
RN 163303-88-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



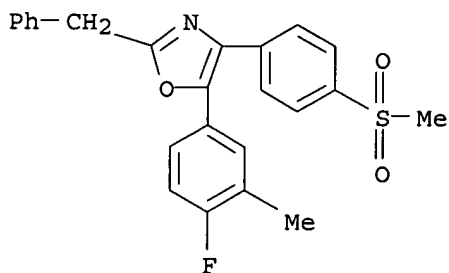
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CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(benzylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



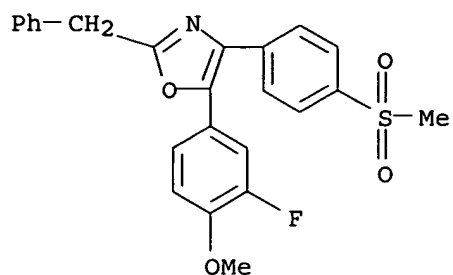
RN 163303-90-0 CAPLUS

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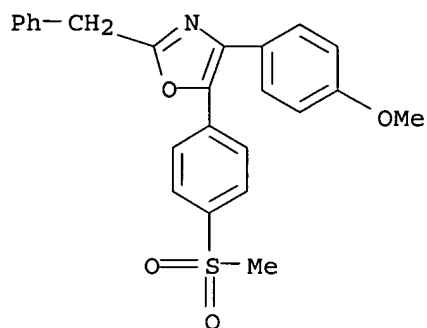
RN 163303-91-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(benzylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



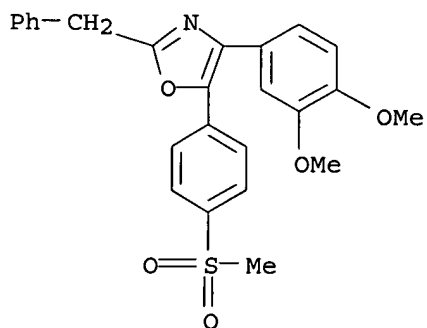
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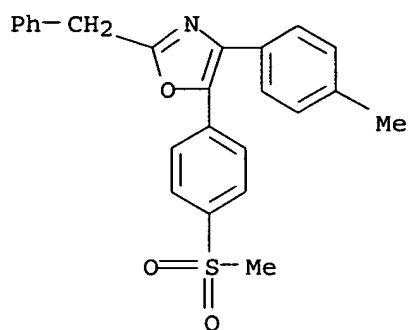
RN 163304-38-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)-  
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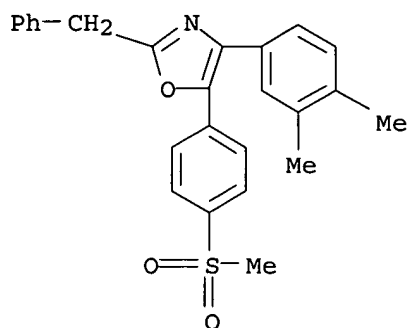
RN 163304-39-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)-  
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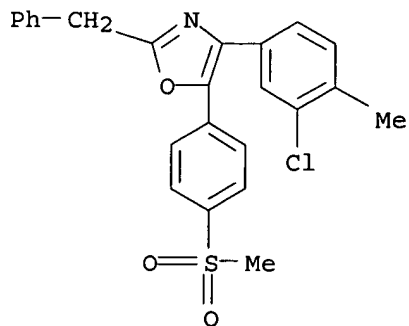
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CN Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethylphenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



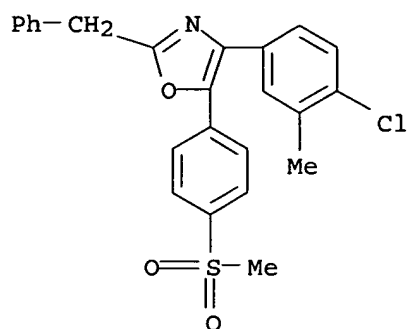
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CN Oxazole, 4-(3-chloro-4-methylphenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



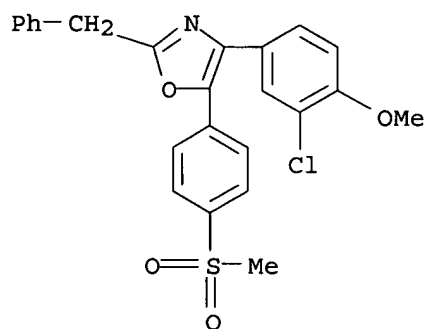
RN 163304-42-5 CAPLUS

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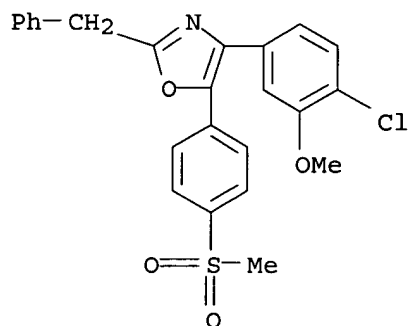
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CN Oxazole, 4-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



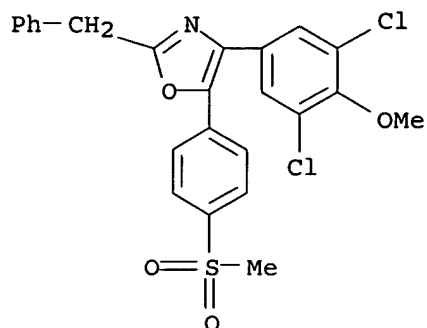
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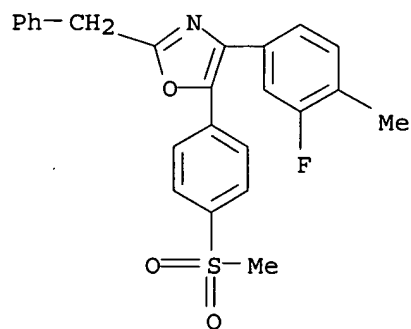
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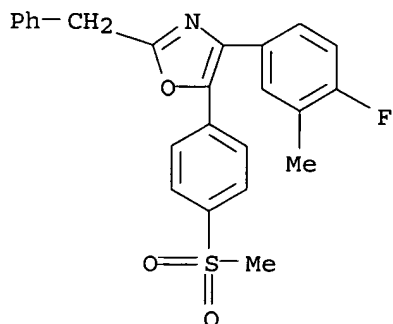
RN 163304-46-9 CAPLUS

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RN 163304-47-0 CAPLUS

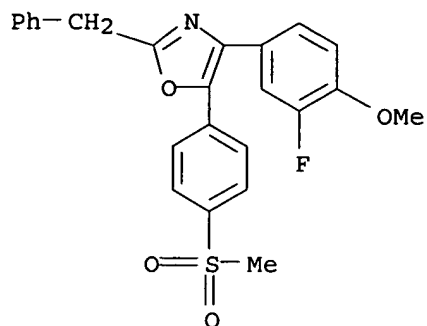
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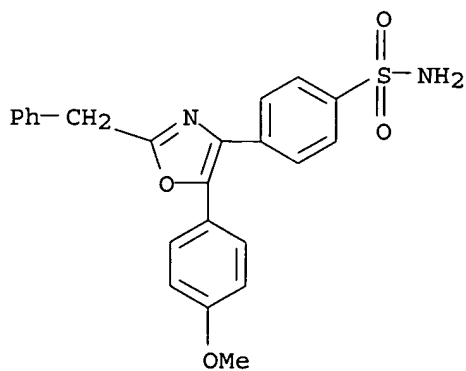
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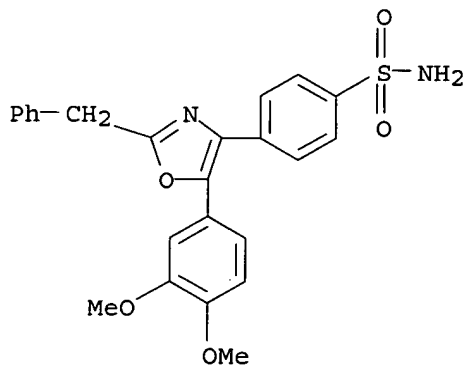
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CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]-  
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RN 203517-60-6 CAPLUS

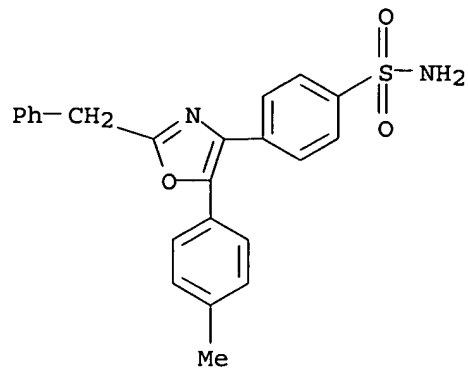
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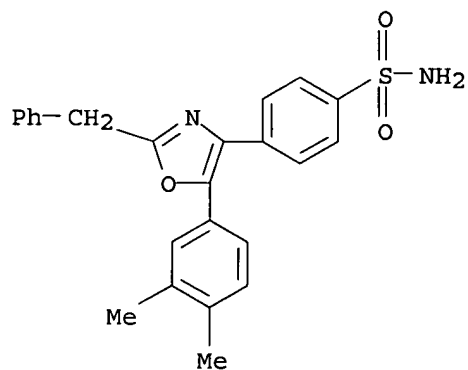
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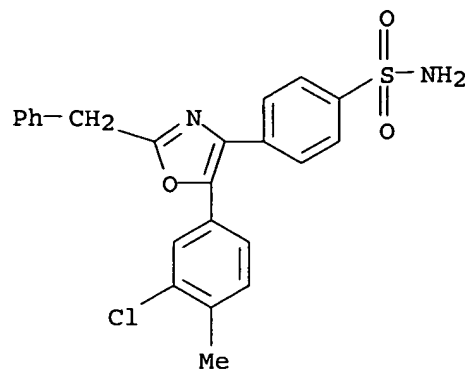
RN 203517-62-8 CAPLUS

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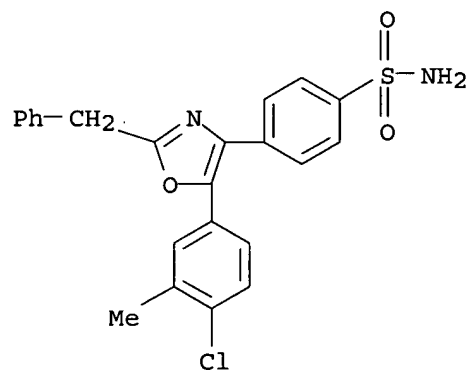
RN 203517-63-9 CAPLUS

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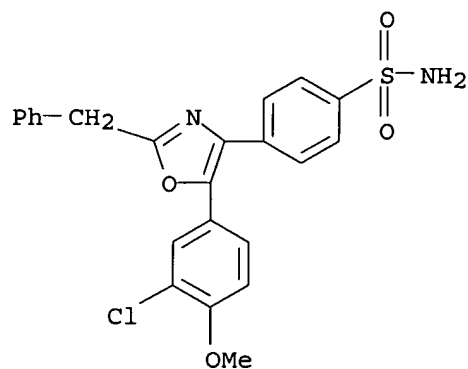
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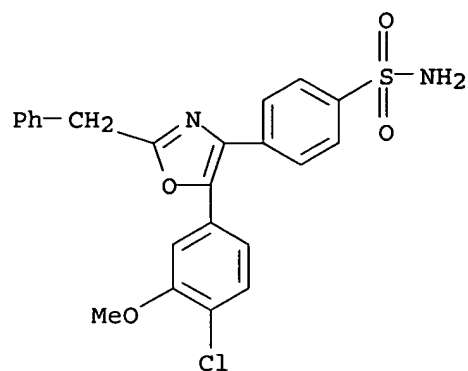
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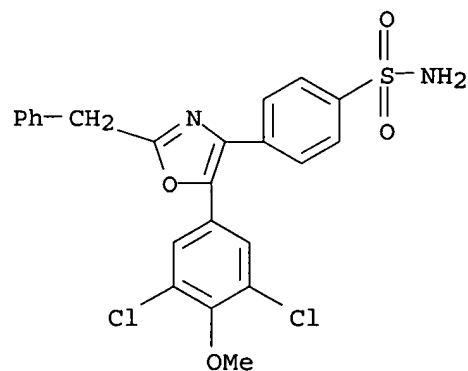
RN 203517-66-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(4-chloro-3-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



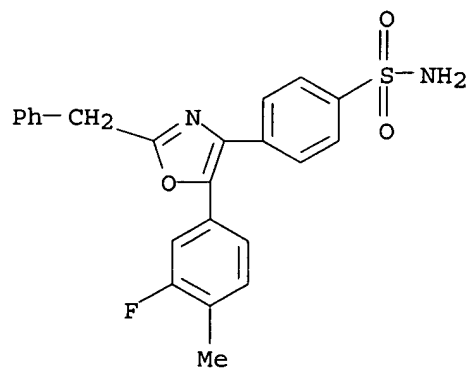
RN 203517-67-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3,5-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 203517-68-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



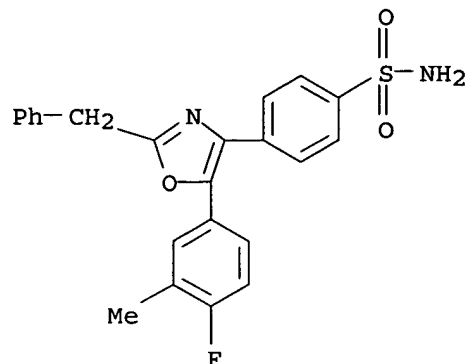
208/195

10/758,253

Page 18

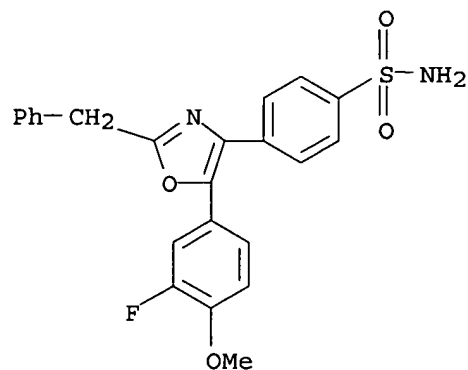
RN 203517-69-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(4-fluoro-3-methylphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 203517-70-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

23

THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:53966 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:74828

TITLE: Preparation of substituted oxazoles as antiinflammatories.

INVENTOR(S): Talley, John J.; Bertenshaw, Stephen; Rogier, Donald J., Jr.; Graneto, Matthew; Brown, David L.; Devadas, Balekudru; Lu, Hwang-Fun; Sikorski, James A.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle and Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 243 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

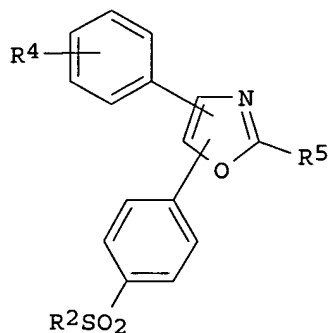
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9636617	A1	19961121	WO 1996-US6992	19960516
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN				
CA 2221692	AA	19961121	CA 1996-2221692	19960516
AU 9658603	A1	19961129	AU 1996-58603	19960516
EP 825989	A1	19980304	EP 1996-920231	19960516
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI				
JP 11509835	T2	19990831	JP 1996-535029	19960516
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-445312	A 19950519
			WO 1996-US6992	W 19960516
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 126:74828		
GI				



AB Title compds. (I; R2 = alkyl, amino; R4 = H, alkyl, alkylamino, alkoxy, halo; R5 = halo, SH, carboxyalkylthio, aminocarbonyl, amino acid residue, haloalkoxy, aryloxy, phosphonylalkyl, cyanoalkyl, heterocyclalkyl, etc.), were prepared Thus, 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(2-phenylethyl)-5-(4-

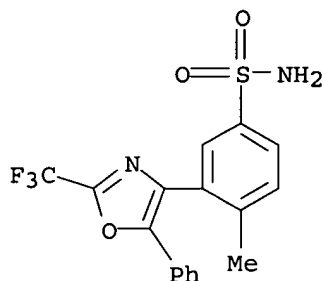
methylsulfonylphenyl)oxazole, prepared from 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylthiophenyl)ethanone, at 10 mg/kg gave 41% inhibition of edema in the carrageenan foot pad edema test.

IT 185343-45-7P 185343-46-8P 185343-47-9P  
 185343-48-0P 185343-49-1P 185343-50-4P  
 185344-55-2P 185344-58-5P 185344-59-6P  
 185344-60-9P 185344-61-0P 185344-62-1P  
 185344-64-3P 185344-66-5P 185344-68-7P  
 185344-69-8P 185345-96-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (preparation of substituted oxazoles as antiinflammatories)

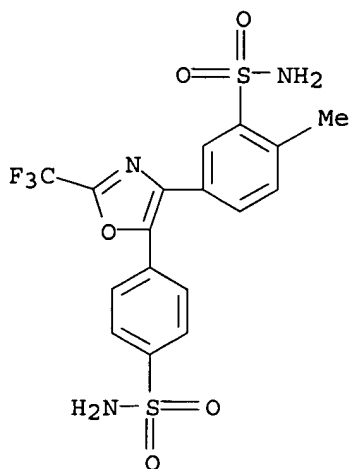
RN 185343-45-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-methyl-3-[5-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



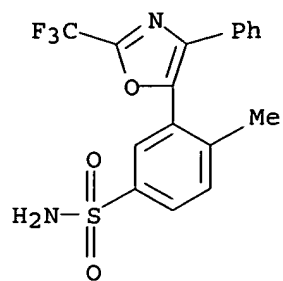
RN 185343-46-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 5-[5-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]-2-methyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



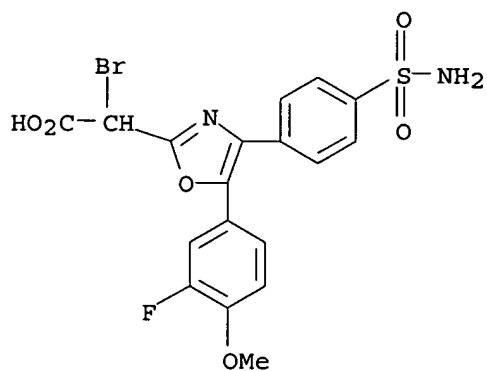
RN 185343-47-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-methyl-3-[4-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-5-oxazolyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



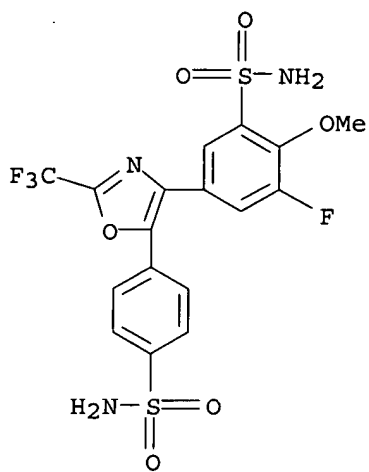
RN 185343-48-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleacetic acid, 4-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-α-bromo-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



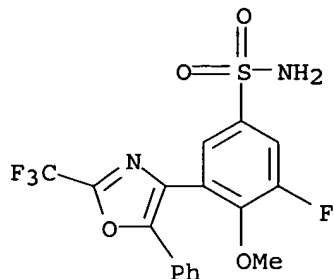
RN 185343-49-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 5-[5-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]-3-fluoro-2-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



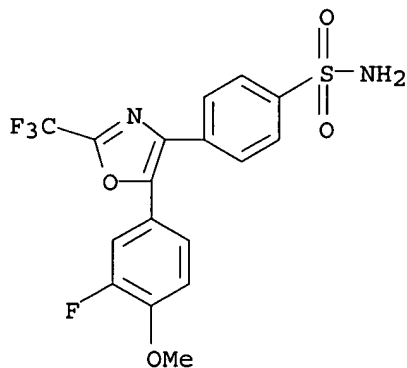
RN 185343-50-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 3-fluoro-4-methoxy-5-[5-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



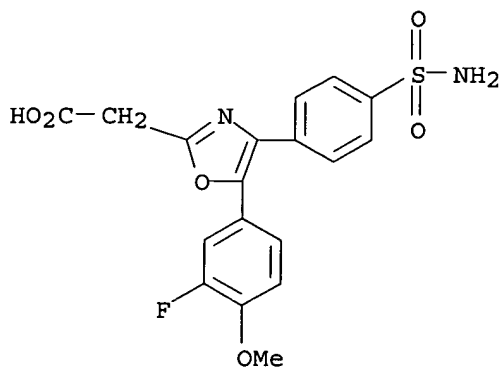
RN 185344-55-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 185344-58-5 CAPLUS

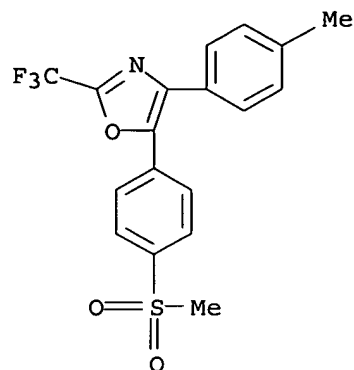
CN 2-Oxazoleacetic acid, 4-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





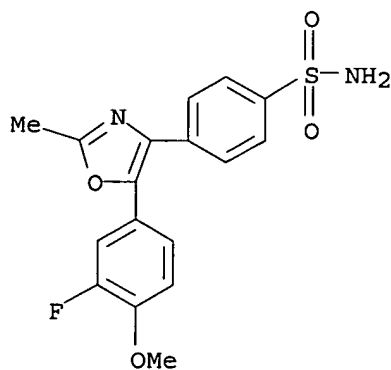
RN 185344-59-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-[4-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



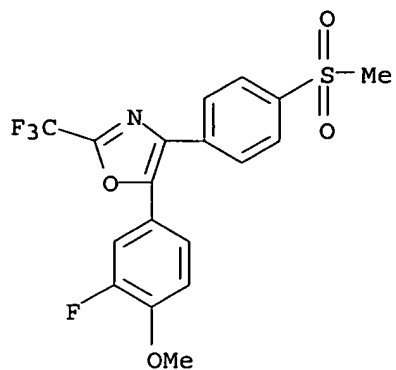
RN 185344-60-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



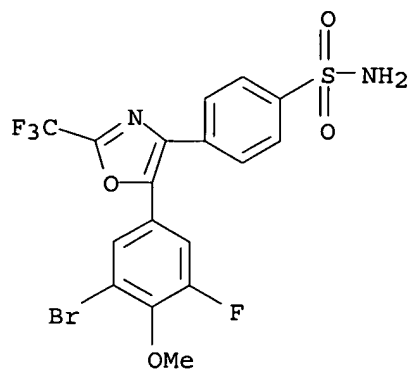
RN 185344-61-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



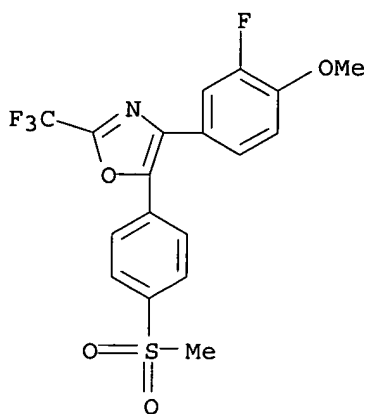
RN 185344-62-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-bromo-5-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



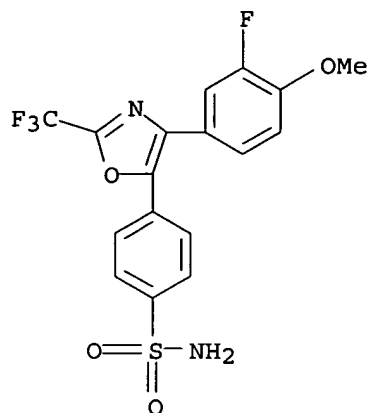
RN 185344-64-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-[4-(methanesulfonyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



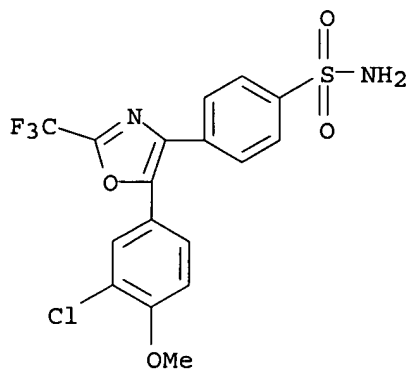
RN 185344-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



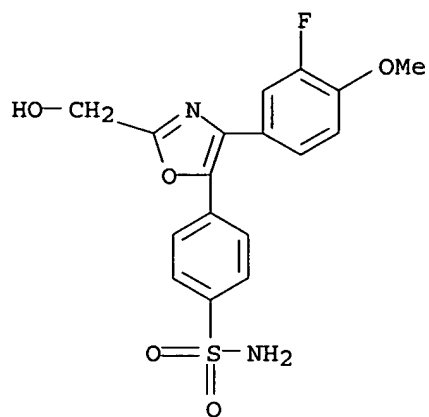
RN 185344-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



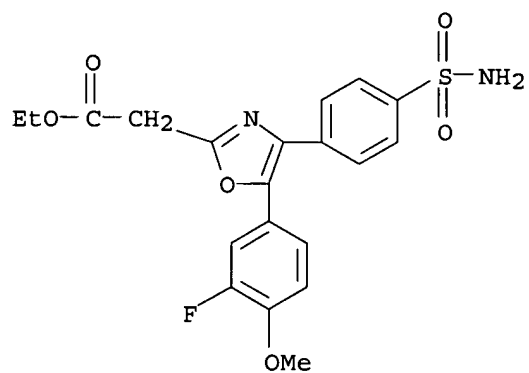
RN 185344-69-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[4-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 185345-96-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleacetic acid, 4-[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 185345-02-2P 185345-32-8P 185345-34-0P

185345-37-3P 185345-41-9P 185345-42-0P

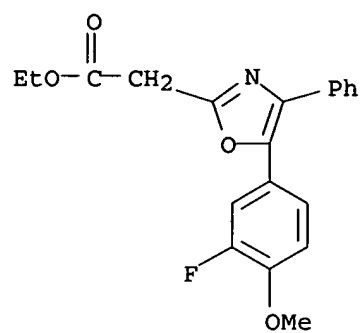
185345-45-3P 185345-51-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of substituted oxazoles as antiinflammatories)

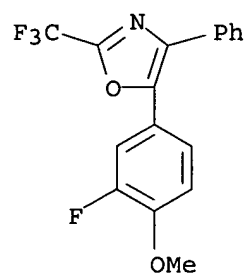
RN 185345-02-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleacetic acid, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenyl-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



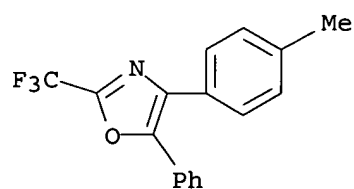
RN 185345-32-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



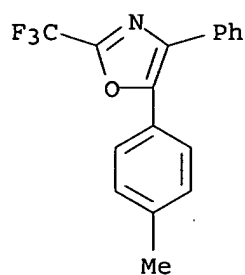
RN 185345-34-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



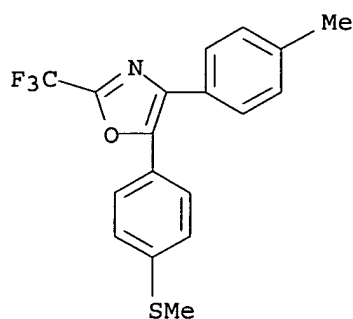
RN 185345-37-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



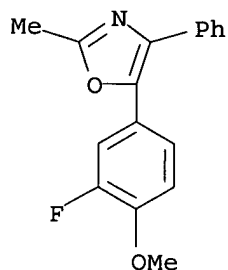
RN 185345-41-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



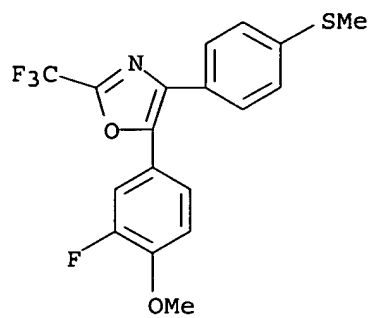
RN 185345-42-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



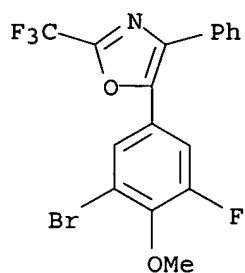
RN 185345-45-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



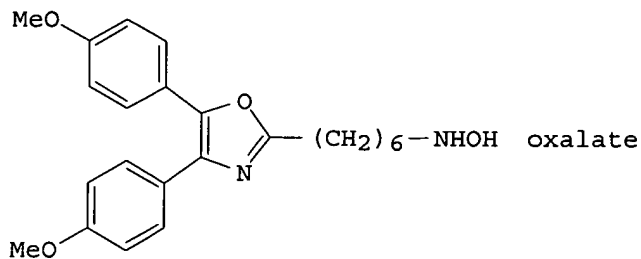
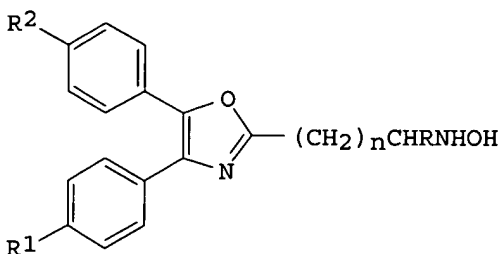
RN 185345-51-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-bromo-5-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 7 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:213054 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:213054  
 TITLE: Preparation of [(hydroxyamino)alkyl]diphenyloxazoles  
 and their reaction products as antiinflammatory  
 compounds  
 INVENTOR(S): Barreau, Michel; Kryvenko, Michel; Lavergne, Marc  
 Pierre; Techer, Auguste  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratoire Roger Bellon, Fr.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 517591	A1	19921209	EP 1992-401527	19920604
R: PT				
FR 2677477	A1	19921211	FR 1991-6847	19910606
FR 2677477	B1	19930820		
ZA 9204038	A	19931203	ZA 1992-4038	19920603
WO 9221665	A1	19921210	WO 1992-FR493	19920604
W: AU, CA, CS, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, RU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE				
AU 9218955	A1	19930108	AU 1992-18955	19920604
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1991-6847	A 19910606
			WO 1992-FR493	A 19920604
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 118:213054		
GI				





AB Isoxazoles I (R = H, C1-2 alkyl; R1, R2 = H, halo, C1-4 linear or branched alkoxy; n = 3-6), their salts, isomers, and isomeric mixts., were prepared as antiinflammatories. Title compound II was prepared and formulated. I inhibited 5-lipoxygenase in rat basophil leukemia prepns. with IC50 = 300-600 nM.

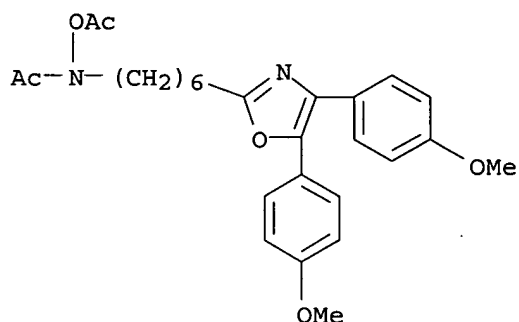
IT 146678-24-2P 146678-28-6P 146678-40-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and conversion of, to acetohydroxamic acid)

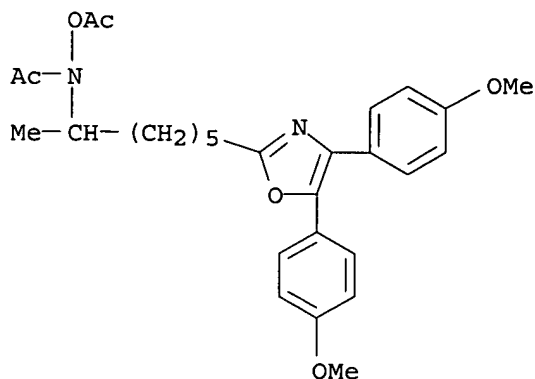
RN 146678-24-2 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-(acetyloxy)-N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



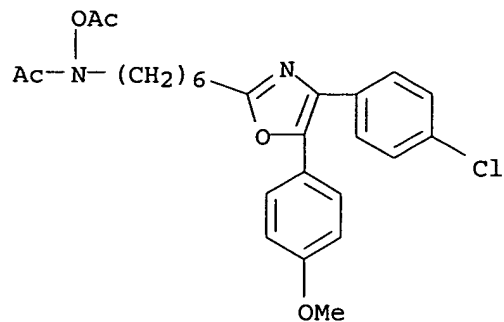
RN 146678-28-6 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-(acetyloxy)-N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-1-methylhexyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146678-40-2 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-(acetyloxy)-N-[6-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

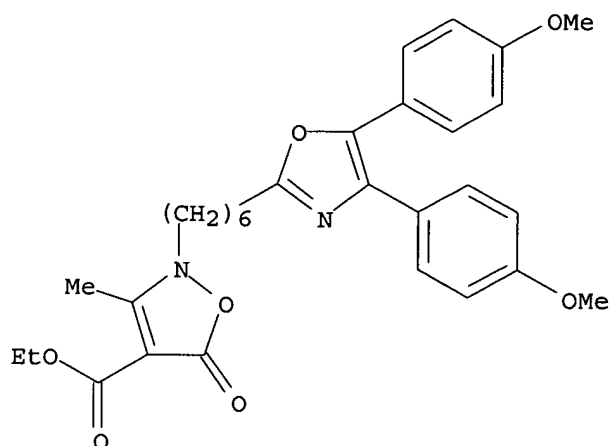


IT 146678-12-8P 146678-15-1P 146678-30-0P  
146678-34-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation and conversion of, to hydroxylamine, in preparation of  
antiinflammatory)

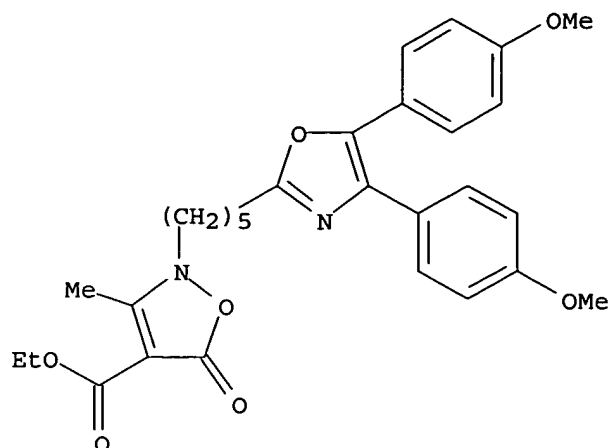
RN 146678-12-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Isioxazolecarboxylic acid, 2-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-2,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146678-15-1 CAPLUS

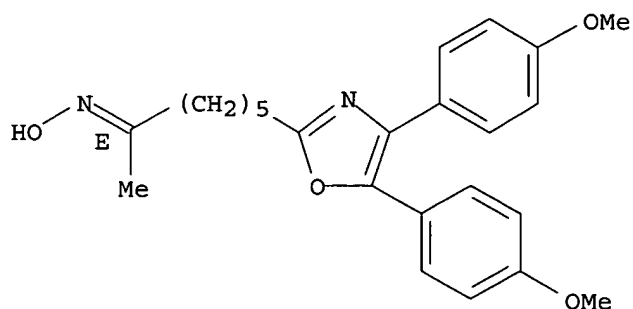
CN 4-Isioxazolecarboxylic acid, 2-[5-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]pentyl]-2,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146678-30-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Heptanone, 7-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-, oxime, (E)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

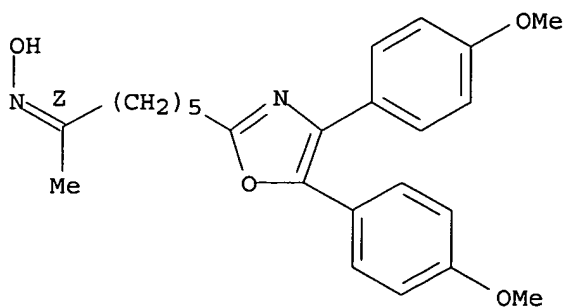
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 146678-34-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Heptanone, 7-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-, oxime, (Z)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



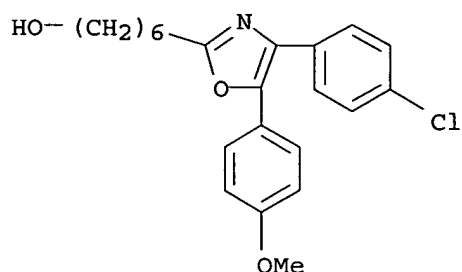
IT 146678-43-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and oxidation of, to aldehyde, in preparation of antiinflammatory)

RN 146678-43-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanol, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



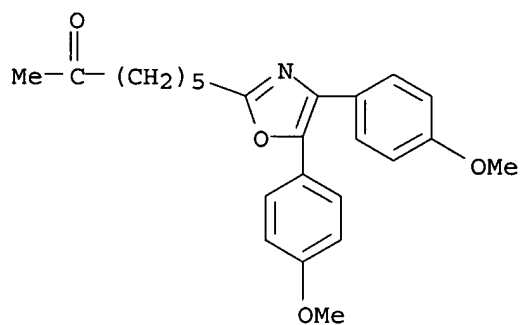
IT 146678-33-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and oximation of, in preparation of antiinflammatory)

RN 146678-33-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Heptanone, 7-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



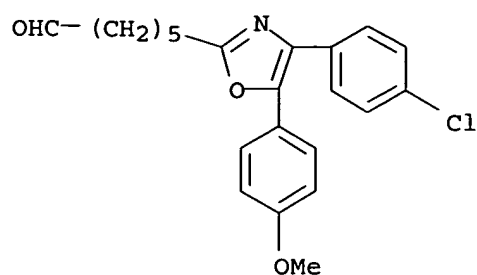
IT 146678-42-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and oximation-cyanoborohydride reduction of, in preparation of antiinflammatory)

RN 146678-42-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanal, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



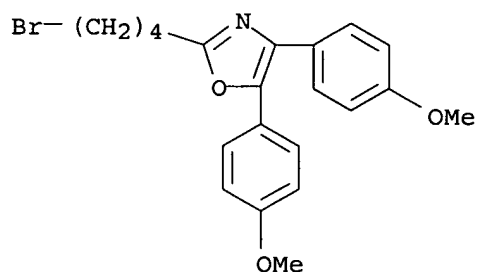
IT **146678-31-1P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with deprotonated acetyl acetate, in preparation of antiinflammatory)

RN 146678-31-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(4-bromobutyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



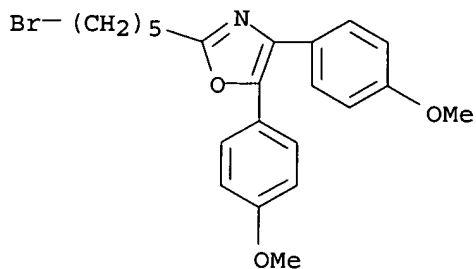
IT **139503-48-3P 146678-13-9P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with methylhydroxyisoxazolecarboxylate, in preparation of antiinflammatory)

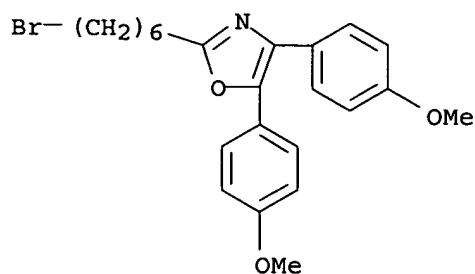
RN 139503-48-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(5-bromopentyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146678-13-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(6-bromohexyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 146678-11-7P 146678-25-3P 146678-26-4P

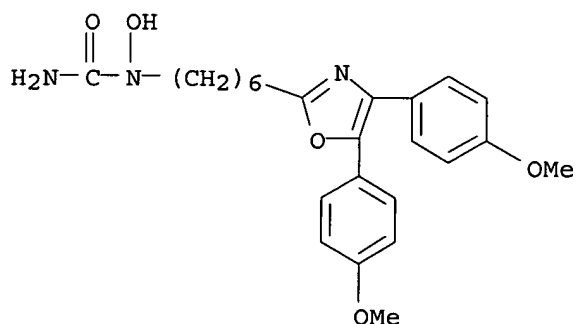
146678-27-5P 146678-29-7P 146678-41-3P

146773-49-1P 146773-58-2P 146962-63-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of, as antiinflammatory)

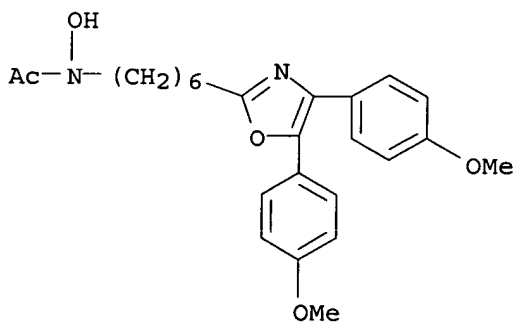
RN 146678-11-7 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-N-hydroxy- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



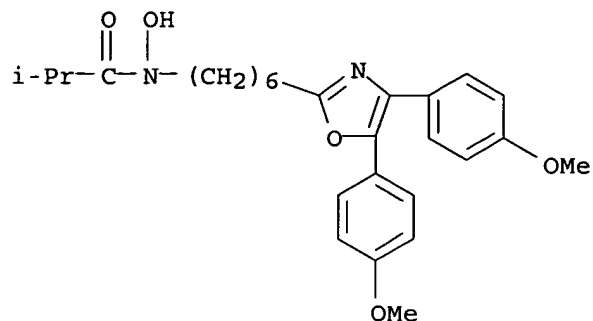
RN 146678-25-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-N-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



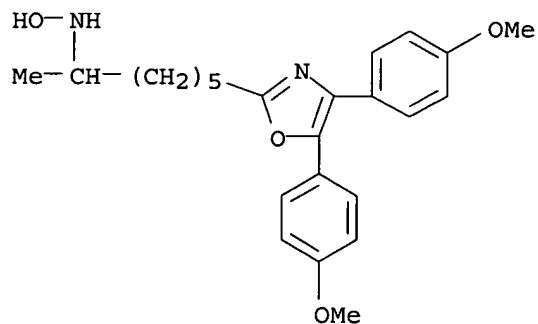
RN 146678-26-4 CAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-N-hydroxy-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



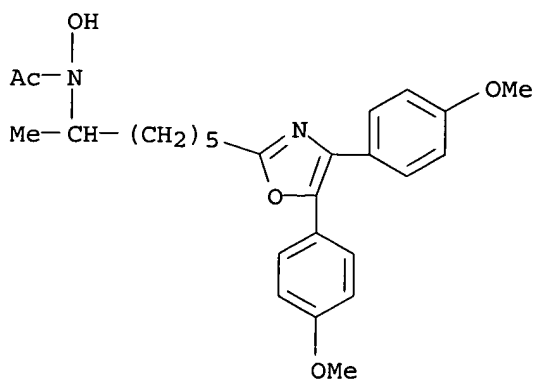
RN 146678-27-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanamine, N-hydroxy-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- $\alpha$ -methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



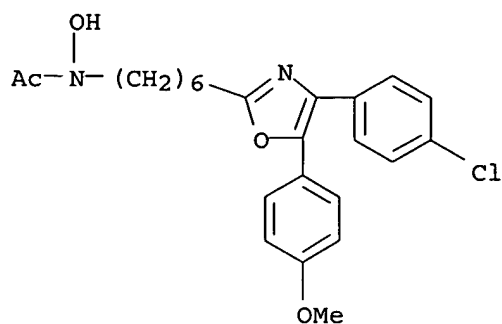
RN 146678-29-7 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-1-methylhexyl]-N-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



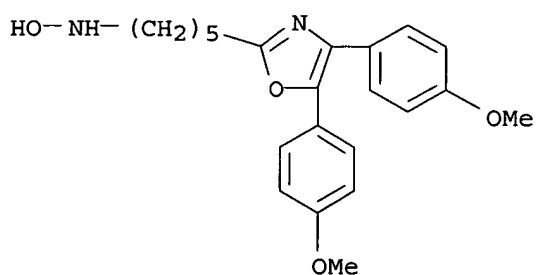
RN 146678-41-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[6-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]-N-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



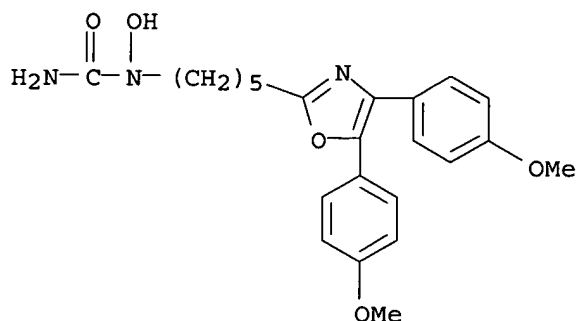
RN 146773-49-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepentanamine, N-hydroxy-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146773-58-2 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[5-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]pentyl]-N-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 146962-63-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanamine, N-hydroxy-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-α-methyl-,

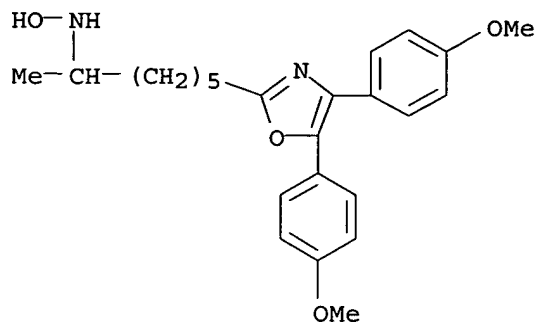


ethanedioate (1:1) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 146678-27-5

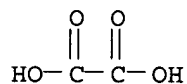
CMF C24 H30 N2 O4



CM 2

CRN 144-62-7

CMF C2 H2 O4



IT **146962-62-1P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as antiinflammatory)

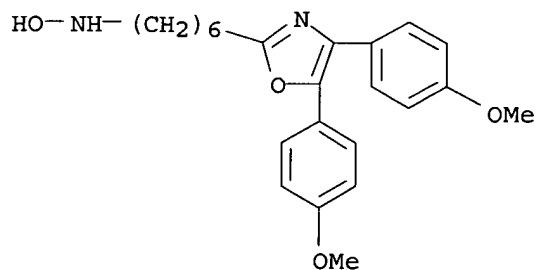
RN 146962-62-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanamine, N-hydroxy-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethanedioate  
(1:1) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 146962-61-0

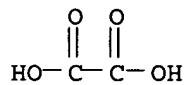
CMF C23 H28 N2 O4



CM 2

CRN 144-62-7

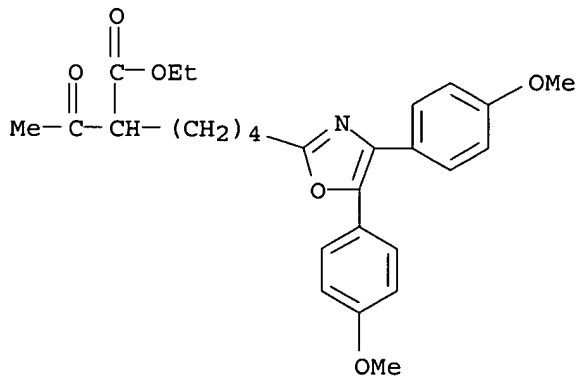
CMF C2 H2 O4



IT 146678-32-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as intermediate for antiinflammatory)

RN 146678-32-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanoic acid,  $\alpha$ -acetyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 9 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:151775 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:151775

TITLE: Novel tetrazole-containing oxazole derivatives, their preparation as antiinflammatories, and pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Barreau, Michel; Kryvenko, Michel; Lavergne, Marc  
Pierre; Techer, Auguste

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratoire Roger Bellon S. A., Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

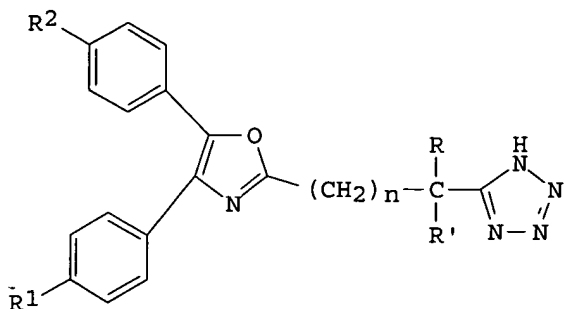
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9119714	A1	19911226	WO 1991-FR473	19910613
W: AU, CA, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, SU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE				
FR 2663331	A1	19911220	FR 1990-7388	19900614
CA 2080340	AA	19911215	CA 1991-2080340	19910613
AU 9180583	A1	19920107	AU 1991-80583	19910613
AU 644454	B2	19931209		
ZA 9104516	A	19920325	ZA 1991-4516	19910613
EP 533827	A1	19930331	EP 1991-912243	19910613
EP 533827	B1	19940824		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
HU 62888	A2	19930628	HU 1992-3942	19910613
JP 05507710	T2	19931104	JP 1991-511371	19910613
ES 2063513	T3	19950101	ES 1991-912243	19910613
NO 9204634	A	19921201	NO 1992-4634	19921201
US 5403852	A	19950404	US 1992-960428	19921211
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1990-7388	A 19900614
			WO 1991-FR473	A 19910613
OTHER SOURCE(S):			MARPAT 116:151775	
GI				



AB Title compds. I (R, R' = H, alkyl; R1, R2 = H, halo, alkoxy; n = 3-6) were

prepared as antiinflammatories. For example, 2-amino-1,2-bis-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanone HCl salt underwent a sequence of amidation with  $\text{Br}(\text{CH}_2)_5\text{COCl}$ , cyclization to an isoxazole by  $\text{POCl}_3$ , alkylative coupling of the bromide with Et cyanoacetate, alkaline saponification, and decarboxylation to give

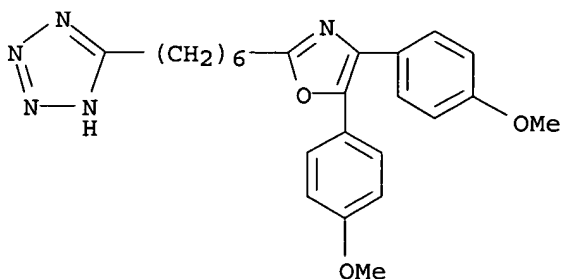
7-[4,5-bis-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]heptanenitrile. Treatment of this nitrile with  $\text{NaN}_3$  and  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  in DMF at  $105^\circ$  gave 43.7% I ( $\text{R}_1 = \text{R}_2 = \text{MeO}$ ,  $\text{R} = \text{R}' = \text{H}$ ,  $n = 5$ ). I inhibited binding of  $[3\text{H}]\text{-LTB}_4$  to  $\text{LTB}_4$  receptors of guinea pig spleen membrane with  $\text{IC}_{50} = 5\text{-}500\text{ nM}$ . I were orally active and showed low toxicity in mice. I are also useful as antipyretics and analgesics (no data). Eleven addnl., similar syntheses and a standard tablet formulation are described.

IT 139503-34-7P 139503-35-8P 139503-39-2P  
139503-40-5P 139503-41-6P 139503-42-7P  
139503-45-0P 139503-46-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of, as antiinflammatory)

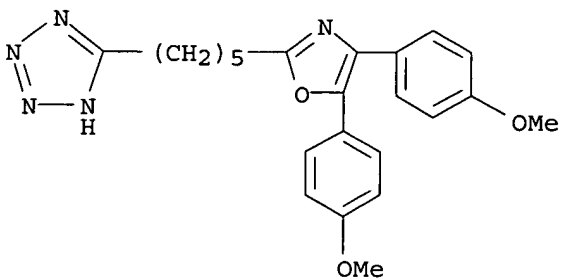
RN 139503-34-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



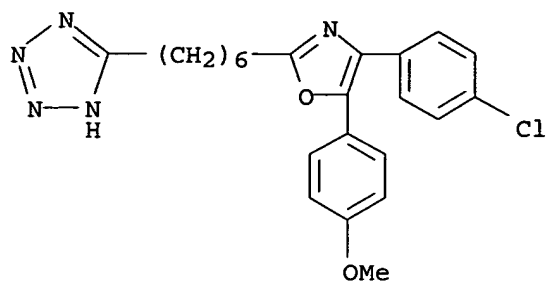
RN 139503-35-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[5-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]pentyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



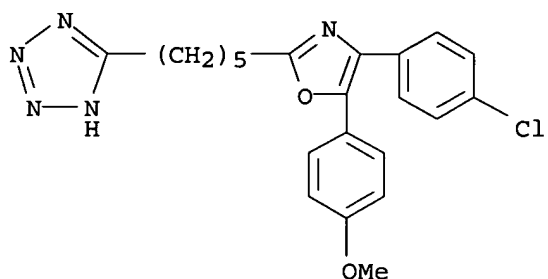
RN 139503-39-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



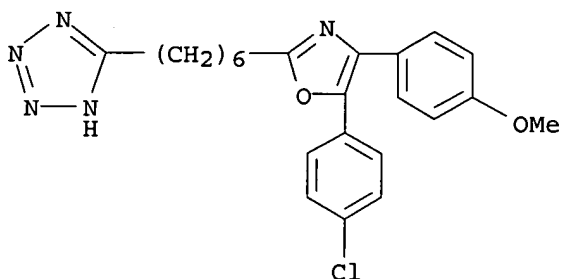
RN 139503-40-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[5-[4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-oxazolyl]pentyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



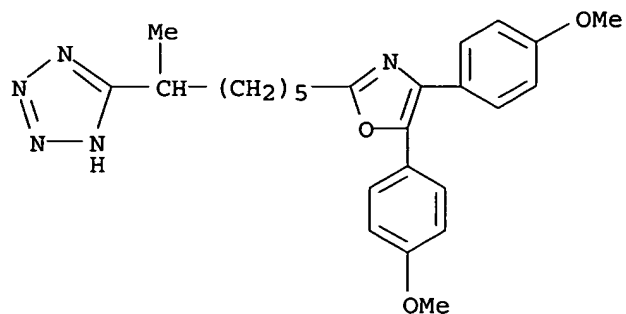
RN 139503-41-6 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]hexyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139503-42-7 CAPLUS

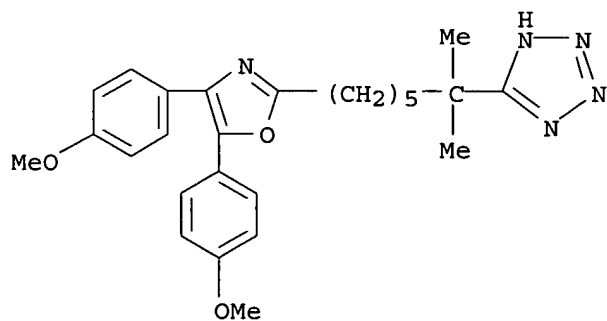
CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-1-methylhexyl]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Na

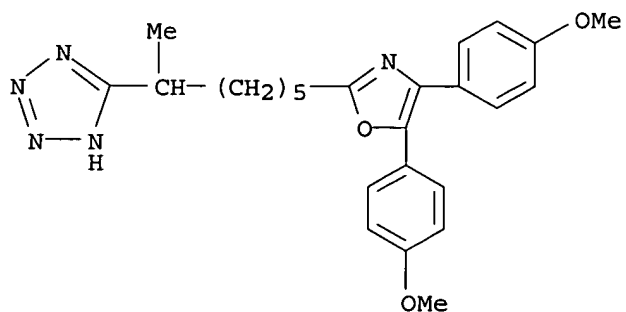
RN 139503-45-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-1,1-dimethylhexyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139503-46-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Tetrazole, 5-[6-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-1-methylhexyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



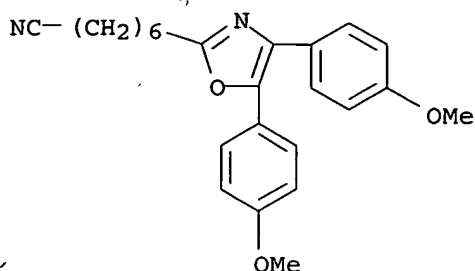
IT 139503-47-2P 139503-48-3P 139503-49-4P  
139503-50-7P 139503-52-9P 139503-62-1P  
139503-63-2P 139503-64-3P 139503-66-5P

139503-67-6P 139503-70-1P 139503-80-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as intermediate for antiinflammatory)

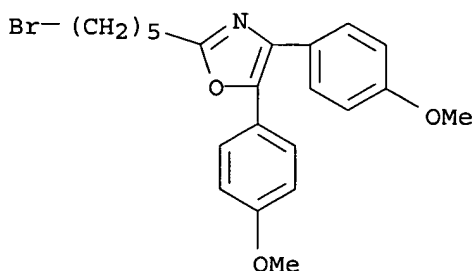
RN 139503-47-2' CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleheptanenitrile, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

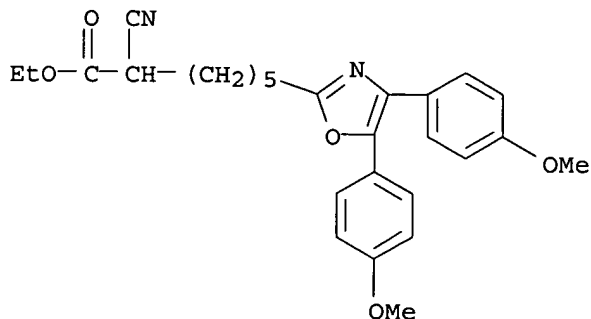


RN 139503-48-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(5-bromopentyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



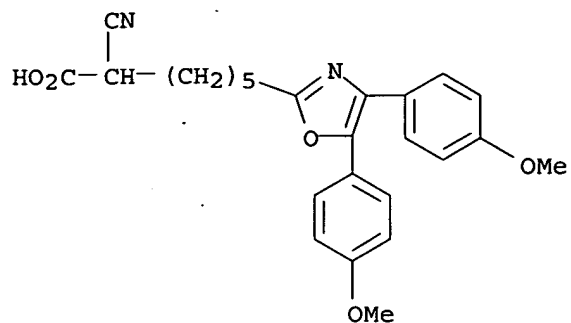
RN 139503-49-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleheptanoic acid,  $\alpha$ -cyano-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 139503-50-7 CAPLUS

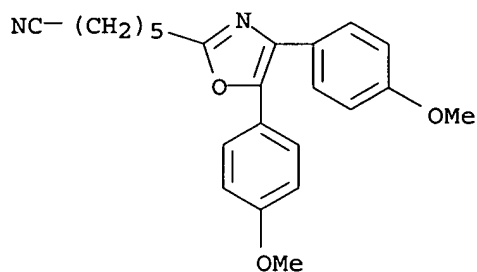
CN 2-Oxazoleheptanoic acid,  $\alpha$ -cyano-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

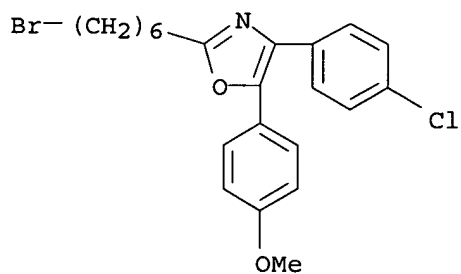


RN 139503-52-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanenitrile, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



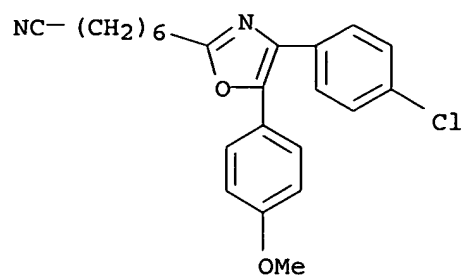
RN 139503-62-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(6-bromohexyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 139503-63-2 CAPLUS

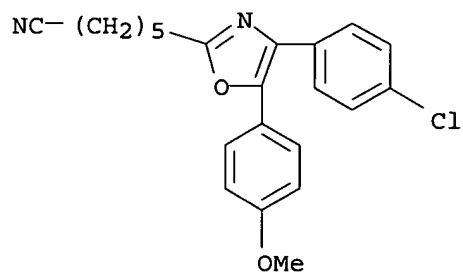
CN 2-Oxazoleheptanenitrile, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)





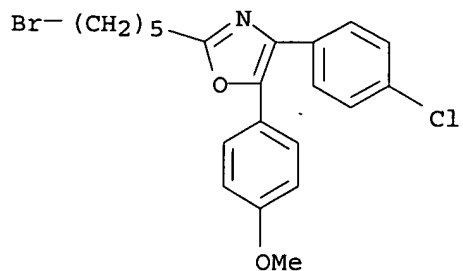
RN 139503-64-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolehexanenitrile, 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



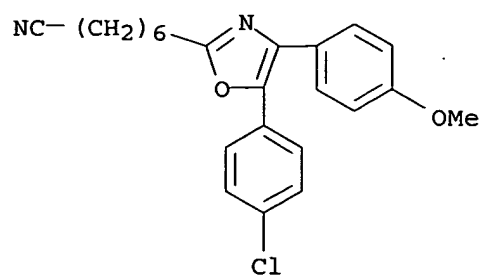
RN 139503-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(5-bromopentyl)-4-(4-chlorophenyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



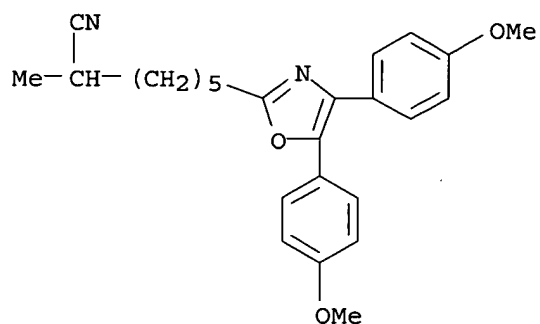
RN 139503-67-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleheptanenitrile, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



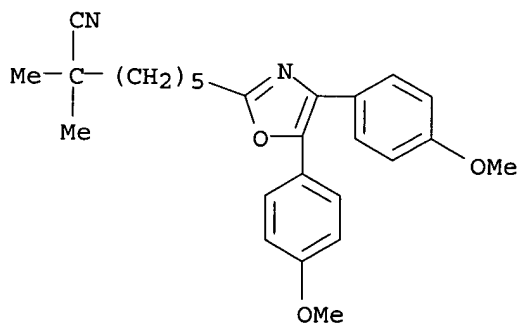
RN 139503-70-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleheptanenitrile, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- $\alpha$ -methyl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 139503-80-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleheptanenitrile, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- $\alpha,\alpha$ -dimethyl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 11 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:59724 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:59724

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:10186a-c

TITLE: Substitution of 4,5-diphenyloxazoles and -imidazoles, and some related compounds

AUTHOR(S): van Es, T.; Backeberg, O. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, S. Afr.

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1963) 1363-70

CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

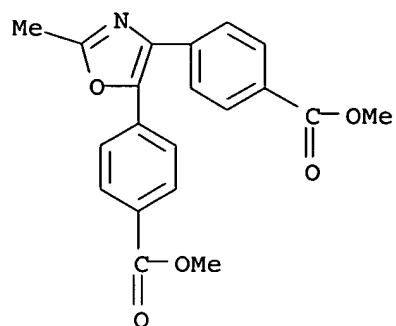
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. following abstract Substitution of the phenyl groups in 2-methyl-4,5-diphenyloxazole (I), as well as in some other similar oxazoles and imidazoles, is described; nitration, sulfonation, and chlorosulfonation of most of these compds. occur in the para positions, in one or in both of the phenyl groups. The nitro derivs. have been reduced to the amines which were diazotized and subjected to the usual replacement reactions.

IT 58764-21-9, Benzoic acid, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)di-, dimethyl ester 92856-11-6, Phenol, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)di- 92866-12-1, Phenol, 2,6-dibromo-4-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- 92868-72-9, Phenol, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- 93013-86-6, Phenol, p-[4-(p-aminophenyl)-2-methyl-5-oxazolyl]- 93324-41-5, Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- 93325-29-2, Benzoic acid, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- 93326-18-2, Benzenesulfonamide, p-[5-(p-cyanophenyl)-2-methyl-4-oxazolyl]- 93326-51-3, Benzonitrile, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- 93327-05-0, Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- 93329-16-9, Benzonitrile, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- 93729-18-1, Benzoic acid, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)-, methyl ester 93819-35-3, Benzonitrile, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)di- 94210-02-3, Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)-5-oxazolyl]-, methyl ester 94298-59-6, Phenol, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- 94538-68-8, Benzenesulfonamide, p-[5-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methyl-4-oxazolyl]- 94960-14-2, Benzamide, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)bis- 95813-55-1, Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]-, methyl ester (preparation of)

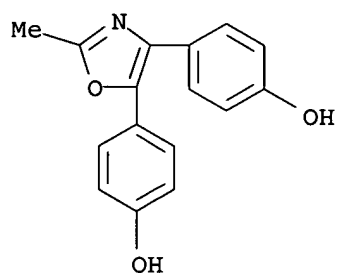
RN 58764-21-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



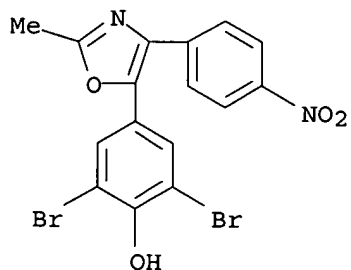
RN 92856-11-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolidiyl)bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



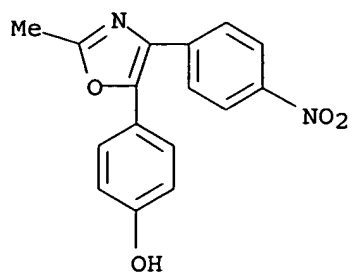
RN 92866-12-1 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 2,6-dibromo-4-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



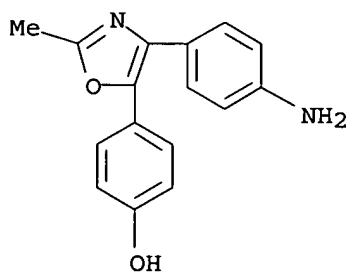
RN 92868-72-9 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



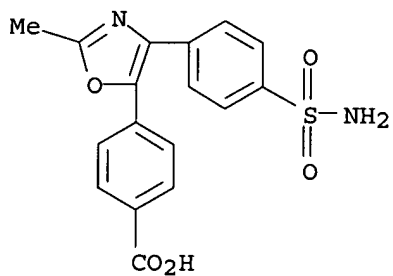
RN 93013-86-6 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, p-[4-(p-aminophenyl)-2-methyl-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



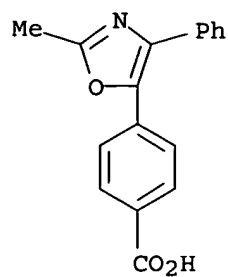
RN 93324-41-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

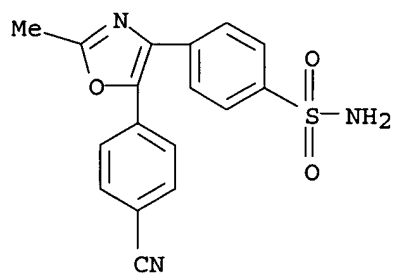


RN 93325-29-2 CAPLUS

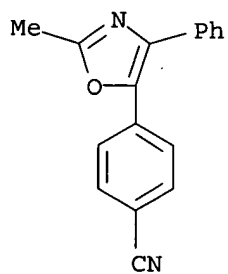
CN Benzoic acid, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



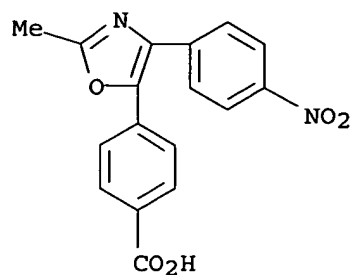
RN 93326-18-2 CAPLUS  
CN Benzenesulfonamide, p-[5-(p-cyanophenyl)-2-methyl-4-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 93326-51-3 CAPLUS  
CN Benzonitrile, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

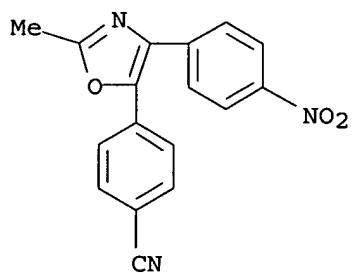


RN 93327-05-0 CAPLUS  
CN Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



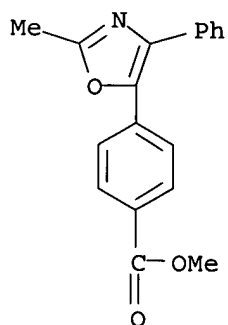
RN 93329-16-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



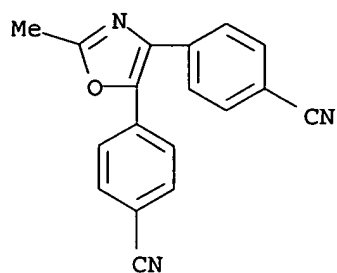
RN 93729-18-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)-, methyl ester (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



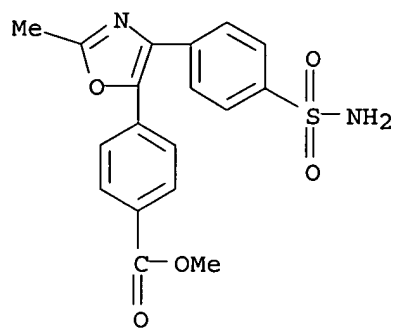
RN 93819-35-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)di- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



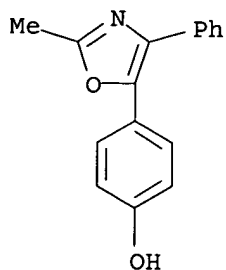
RN 94210-02-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-sulfamoylphenyl)-5-oxazolyl]-, methyl ester (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 94298-59-6 CAPLUS

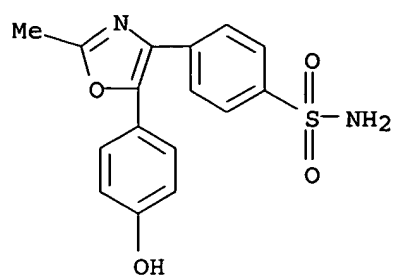
CN Phenol, p-(2-methyl-4-phenyl-5-oxazolyl)- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 94538-68-8 CAPLUS

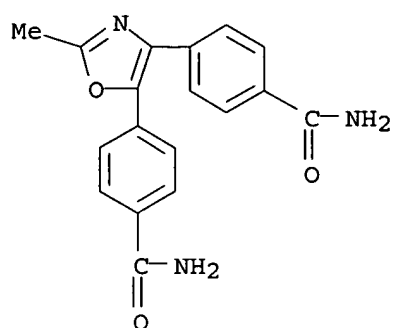
CN Benzenesulfonamide, p-[5-(p-hydroxyphenyl)-2-methyl-4-oxazolyl]- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





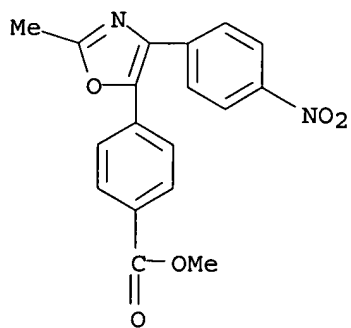
RN 94960-14-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4,4'-(2-methyl-4,5-oxazolediyl)bis- (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 95813-55-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, p-[2-methyl-4-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-oxazolyl]-, methyl ester (7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 12 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:84397 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:84397  
 TITLE: Pyrrole derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Dahm, Johann; Borck, Joachim; Wild, Albrecht; Hovy, Jan Willem  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H.  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 116 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2129012	A1	19730104	DE 1971-2129012	19710611
ZA 7203502	A	19730328	ZA 1972-3502	19720522
GB 1331408	A	19730926	GB 1972-24195	19720523
RO 60483	P	19760815	RO 1972-71023	19720525
CS 167984	P	19760528	CS 1972-3691	19720529
CS 167985	P	19760528	CS 1972-4413	19720529
CS 167986	P	19760528	CS 1972-4414	19720529
CS 167987	P	19760528	CS 1972-4415	19720529
CS 167988	P	19760528	CS 1972-4416	19720529
CS 167989	P	19760528	CS 1972-4417	19720529
CH 584210	A	19770131	CH 1976-289	19720531
CH 584700	A	19770215	CH 1972-8062	19720531
CH 584701	A	19770215	CH 1976-287	19720531
CH 584702	A	19770215	CH 1976-288	19720531
CH 585213	A	19770228	CH 1976-285	19720531
CH 590856	A	19770831	CH 1976-286	19720531
SE 381467	B	19751208	SE 1972-7357	19720605
US 3933840	A	19760120	US 1972-260307	19720606
AT 7401365	A	19750515	AT 1972-136574	19720607
AT 7401366	A	19750515	AT 1972-136674	19720607
AT 7401367	A	19750515	AT 1972-136774	19720607
AT 7401368	A	19750515	AT 1972-136874	19720607
AT 7204895	A	19750615	AT 1972-4895	19720607
AT 328440	B	19760325		
AT 323158	B	19750625	AT 1972-323158	19720607
AT 327889	B	19760225	AT 1972-327889	19720607
AT 327890	B	19760225	AT 1972-327890	19720607
AT 327891	B	19760225	AT 1972-327891	19720607
AT 327892	B	19760225	AT 1972-327892	19720607
NL 7207784	A	19721213	NL 1972-7784	19720608
BE 784682	A1	19721211	BE 1972-118528	19720609
FR 2140632	A1	19730119	FR 1972-20858	19720609
DD 97206	C	19730423	DD 1972-163592	19720609
HU 166271	P	19750228	HU 1972-ME1505	19720609
PL 79513	P	19750630	PL 1972-155917	19720609
CA 1008863	A1	19770419	CA 1972-144331	19720609
ES 403741	A1	19760401	ES 1972-403741	19720610
JP 57028705	B4	19820618	JP 1972-57757	19720612
ES 439448	A1	19770301	ES 1975-439448	19750715
US 4051250	A	19770927	US 1975-624447	19751021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1971-2129012	A 19710611
			US 1972-260307	A3 19720606

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

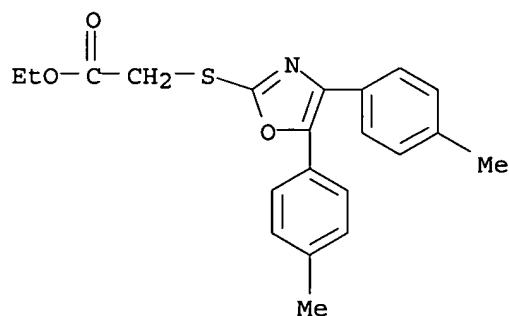
AB The oxazolylmercaptoalkanoates I (X = O; R and R1 = Ph, p-MeC6H4, p-ClC6H4, p-MeOC6H4, 3,4-(MeO)2C6H3, methylenedioxyphenyl, p-FC6H4, o-ClC6H4, p-Me2NC6H4; R2 = Et; Q = CH2, CMe2, CH2CH2, CHet) were prepared by treating the 2-mercaptooxazole with BrQCO2Et. I (R2 = Et) were hydrolyzed to the acids I (R2 = H). Analogous I (X = S) were prepared from the 2-mercaptothiazoles.

IT 40198-31-0P 40198-35-4P 40198-36-5P  
40198-48-9P 40198-49-0P 40198-56-9P  
40198-57-0P 40198-58-1P 40198-59-2P  
40198-60-5P 40198-86-5P 40198-87-6P  
40198-89-8P 40198-91-2P 40198-92-3P  
40331-11-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

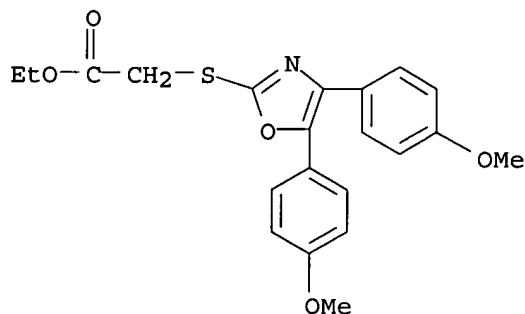
RN 40198-31-0 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]-, ethyl ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



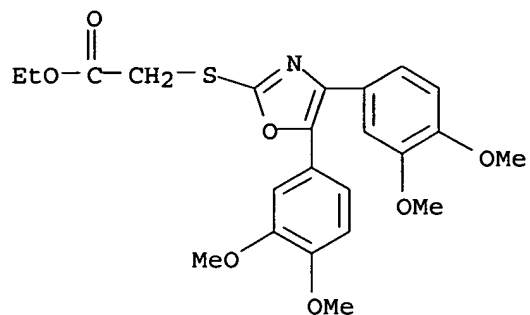
RN 40198-35-4 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]-, ethyl ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



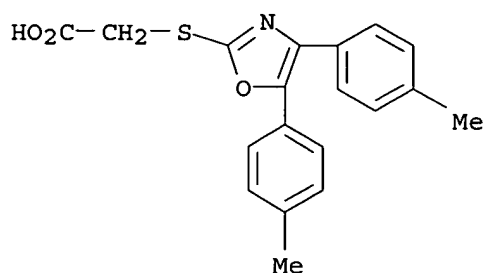
RN 40198-36-5 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]-, ethyl ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



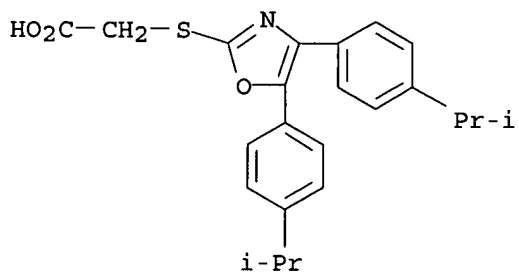
RN 40198-48-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



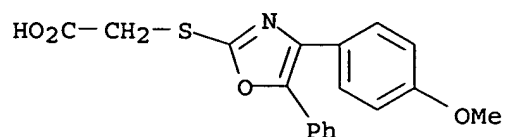
RN 40198-49-0 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



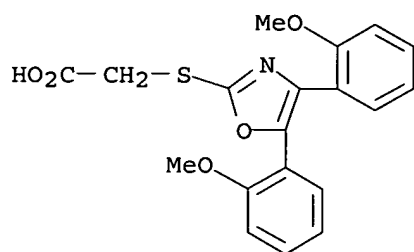
RN 40198-56-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



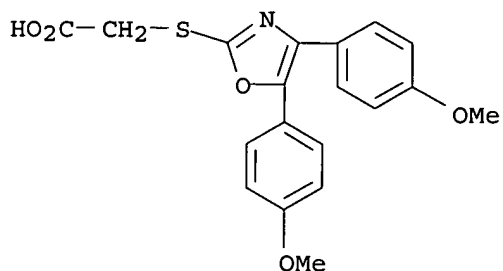
RN 40198-57-0 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



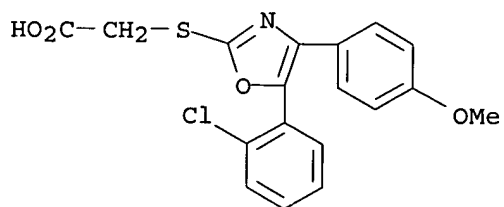
RN 40198-58-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



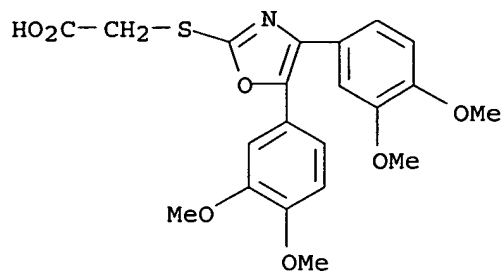
RN 40198-59-2 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[5-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



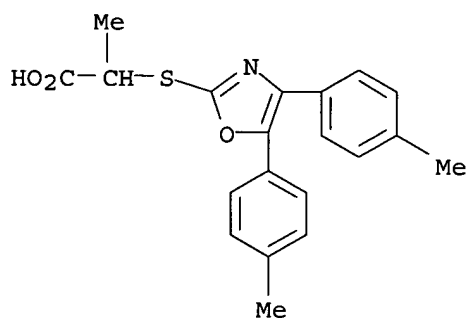
RN 40198-60-5 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



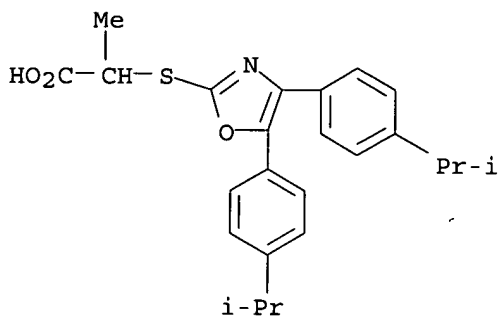
RN 40198-86-5 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



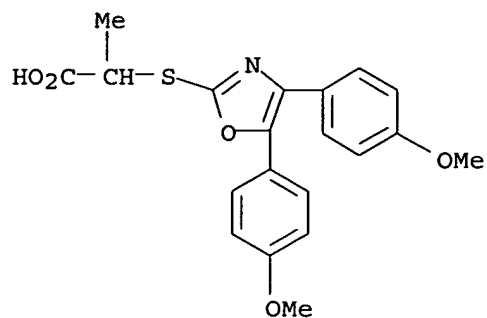
RN 40198-87-6 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



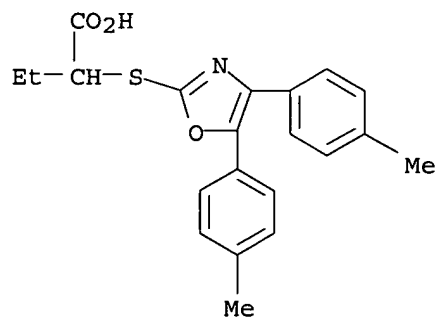
RN 40198-89-8 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



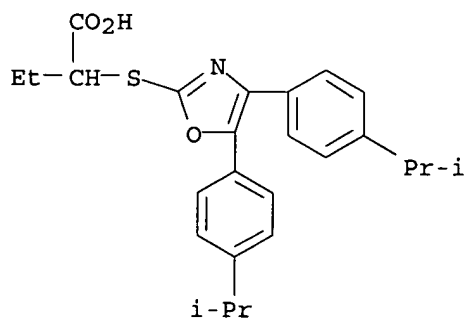
RN 40198-91-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



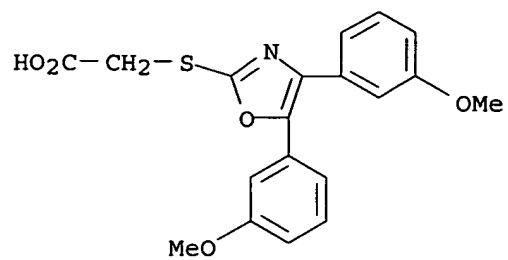
RN 40198-92-3 CAPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis[4-(1-methylethyl)phenyl]-2-oxazolyl]thio]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 40331-11-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L10 ANSWER 18 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:606272 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 83:206272  
TITLE: 2-Alkyl- and 2-cycloalkyl-4,5-bisphenylimidazoles  
INVENTOR(S): Fitzl, Konrad; Pfister, Rudolf  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy Corp., Switz.  
SOURCE: U.S., 12 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3901908	A	19750826	US 1973-376760	19730705
US 3784691	A	19740108	US 1972-283135	19720823

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1970-102131 A2 19701228

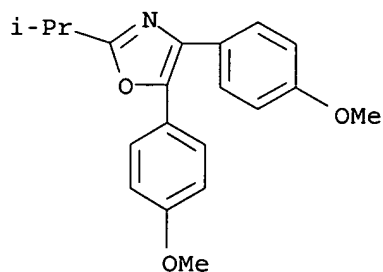
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The imidazoles I (R = Et, Me<sub>2</sub>CH, Bu, cyclopropyl, etc.; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = H, p-MeO, p-Me, etc.) were prepared by cyclization of R<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>COCOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>2</sub> with RCHO and NH<sub>3</sub>, cyclization of R<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>COCH(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>2</sub>)NHCOR with NH<sub>3</sub>, cyclization of R<sub>1</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CH(OH)COC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R<sub>2</sub> with NH<sub>3</sub> and RCHO, II with NH<sub>3</sub>, and cyclization of amidines with acetophenones. Thus, p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>COCOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OMe-p was treated with Me<sub>2</sub>CHCHO followed by NH<sub>3</sub> to give 55% I (R = Me<sub>2</sub>CH, R<sub>1</sub> = R<sub>2</sub> = p-MeO). At 1-200 mg/kg I were antipyretic. I were also antiinflammatory.

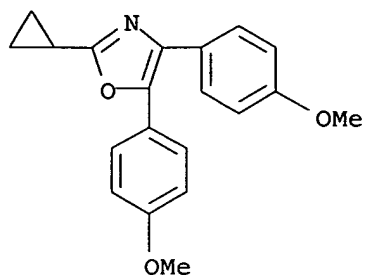
IT 33420-71-2P 33420-72-3P 33420-73-4P  
33420-74-5P 33425-71-7P 54551-64-3P  
54551-65-4P 57297-21-9P 57297-22-0P  
57297-23-1P 57297-24-2P  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and reaction with ammonia)

RN 33420-71-2 CAPLUS

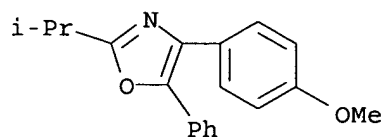
CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



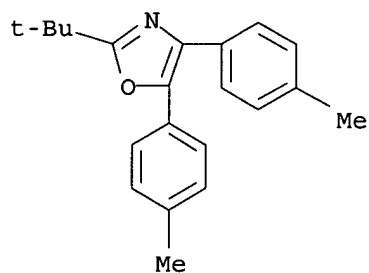
RN 33420-72-3 CAPLUS  
CN Oxazole, 2-cyclopropyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



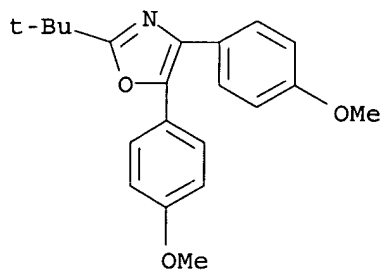
RN 33420-73-4 CAPLUS  
CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-methylethyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 33420-74-5 CAPLUS  
CN Oxazole, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

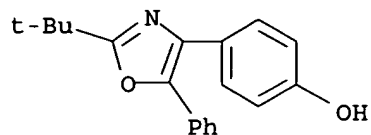


RN 33425-71-7 CAPLUS  
CN Oxazole, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



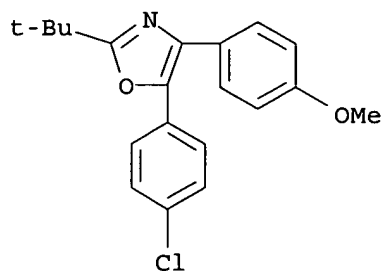
RN 54551-64-3 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-phenyl-4-oxazolyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



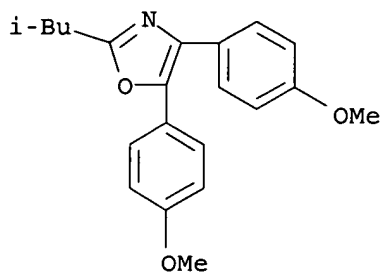
RN 54551-65-4 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



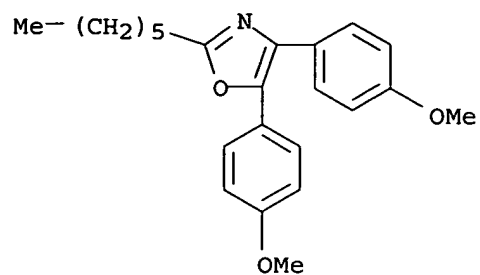
RN 57297-21-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(2-methylpropyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



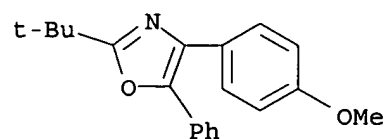
RN 57297-22-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-hexyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



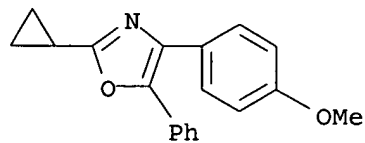
RN 57297-23-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

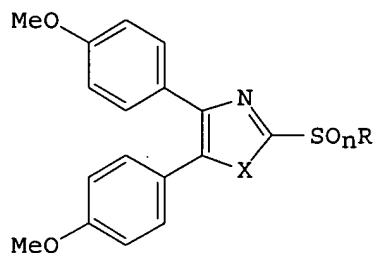


RN 57297-24-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-cyclopropyl-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 19 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:22620 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:22620  
TITLE: Nonsteroidal antiinflammatory agents. XVII.  
4,5-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(arylthio)azoles with  
antiinflammatory activity  
AUTHOR(S): Klose, Walter; Niedballa, Ulrich; Schwarz, Katica;  
Boettcher, Irmgard  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Forschungslab., Schering A.-G., Berlin, D-1000/65,  
Fed. Rep. Ger.  
SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (1983),  
316(11), 941-51  
CODEN: ARPMAS; ISSN: 0365-6233  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: German  
GI

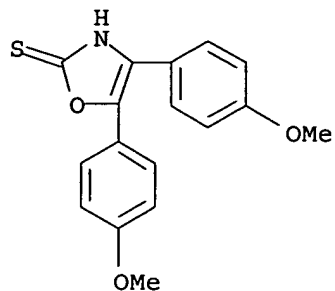


I

AB The title azoles I ( $\text{X} = \text{NH}, \text{S}, \text{O}$ ,  $\text{R} = \text{Ph}$ ,  $n = 0-2$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{NH}$ ,  $\text{R} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$ ,  $n = 0, 1$ ,  $\text{R} = 2\text{-thienyl}$ ,  $n = 0, 2$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{S}$ ,  $\text{R} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$ ,  $2\text{-thienyl}$ ,  $n = 0$ ;  $\text{X} = \text{O}$ ,  $\text{R} = 4\text{-FC}_6\text{H}_4$ ,  $n = 0-2$ ;  $\text{R} = 2\text{-thienyl}$ ,  $n = 0, 2$ ) were prepared from p,p'-anisoin or p,p'-deoxyanisoin via cyclization with thiocyanates or  $\text{H}_2\text{NCS}_2\text{NH}_4$  and their antiinflammatory activities compared. Oxazole derivs. show no antiinflammatory activity, thiazoles have an intermediate activity, and imidazoles the greatest activity. In an acute test, imidazoles were not ulcerogenic.

IT **84589-36-6P**  
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and arylation of)

RN 84589-36-6 CAPLUS  
CN 2(3H)-Oxazolethione, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

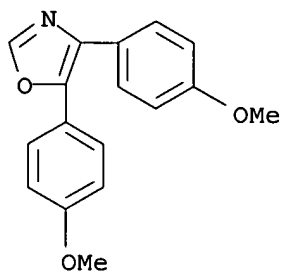


IT **14003-68-0P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and reaction of, with di-Ph disulfide)

RN 14003-68-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



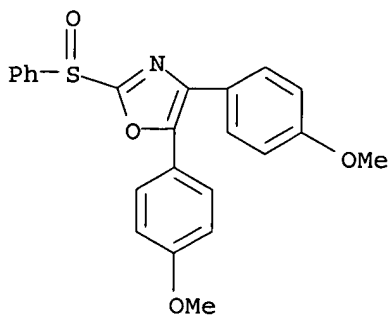
IT **88264-20-4P 88264-21-5P 88264-23-7P**

**88264-24-8P 88264-25-9P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation, and antiinflammatory activity of)

RN 88264-20-4 CAPLUS

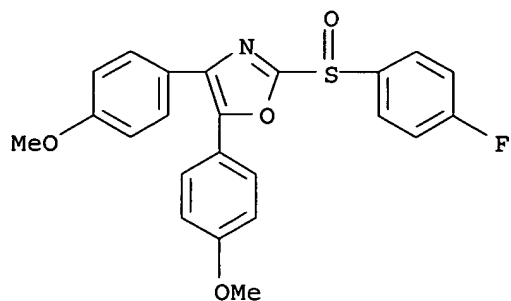
CN Oxazole, 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfinyl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 88264-21-5 CAPLUS

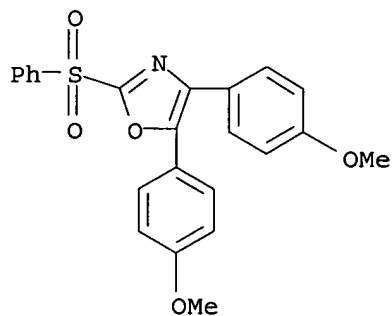
CN Oxazole, 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfinyl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)



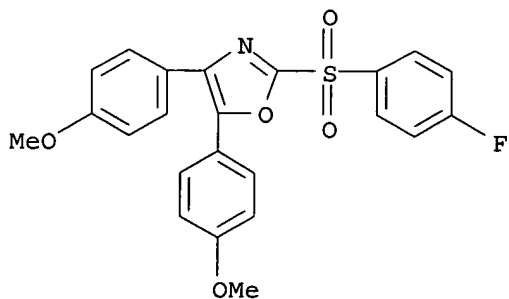
RN 88264-23-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



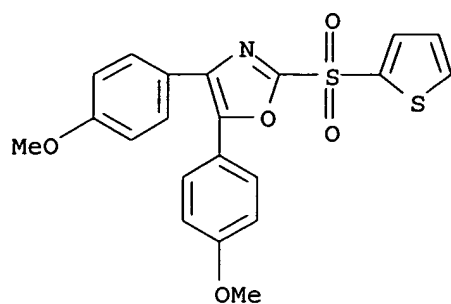
RN 88264-24-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 88264-25-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(2-thienylsulfonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



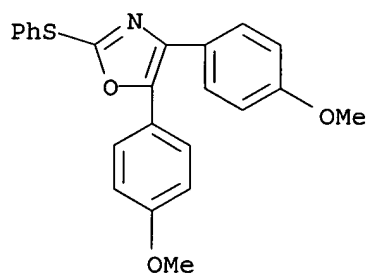
IT 88264-16-8P 88264-17-9P 88264-18-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation, oxidation, and antiinflammatory activity of)

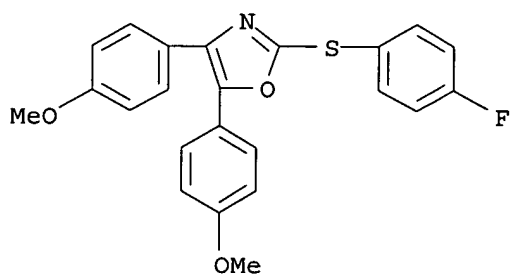
RN 88264-16-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(phenylthio)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 88264-17-9 CAPLUS

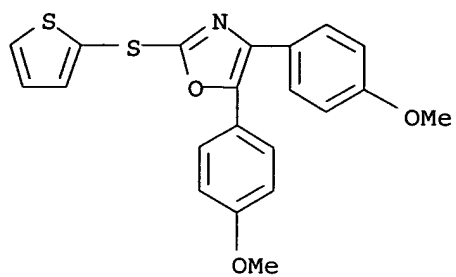
CN Oxazole, 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)thio]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 88264-18-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(2-thienylthio)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

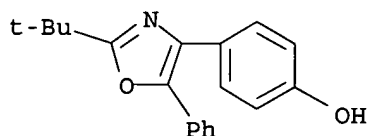




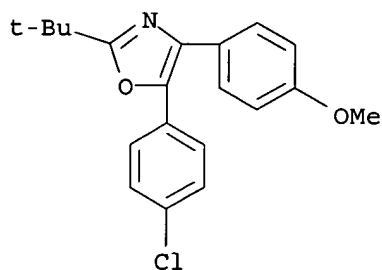
L10 ANSWER 25 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:43425 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:43425  
 TITLE: Imidazole derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Fitz, Konrad; Pfister, Rudolf  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G.  
 SOURCE: Patentschrift (Switz.), 3 pp. Addn. to Swiss 524,614.  
 CODEN: SWXXAS  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CH 554872	A	19741015	CH 1973-15160	19701204
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1973-15160	A 19701204

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.  
 AB Eleven diphenylimidazoles I (R = CHMe<sub>2</sub>, CMe<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>1</sub> = MeSO<sub>2</sub>, OH, OMe; R<sub>2</sub> = H, o-, m-, p-Cl, m-Me, OMe) were prepared by reaction of the oxazoles II with NH<sub>3</sub> and(or) HCONH<sub>2</sub>.  
 IT 54551-64-3 54551-65-4 54551-66-5  
 54551-67-6 54551-68-7 54551-69-8  
 54551-70-1 54551-81-4  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reaction of, with ammonia and (or) formamide)  
 RN 54551-64-3 CAPLUS  
 CN Phenol, 4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-phenyl-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

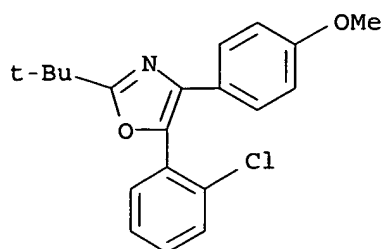


RN 54551-65-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Oxazole, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



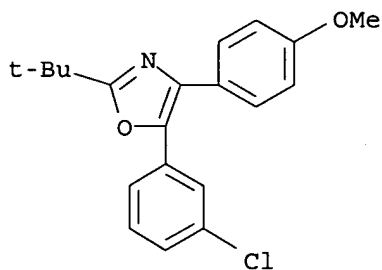
RN 54551-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



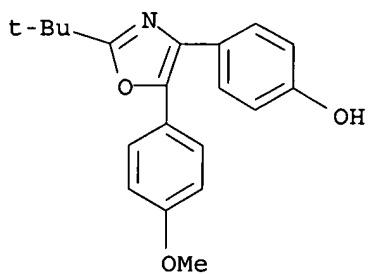
RN 54551-67-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



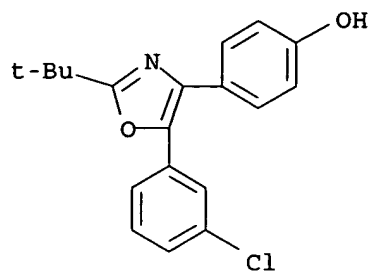
RN 54551-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



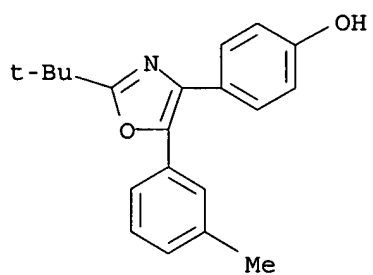
RN 54551-69-8 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-[5-(3-chlorophenyl)-2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



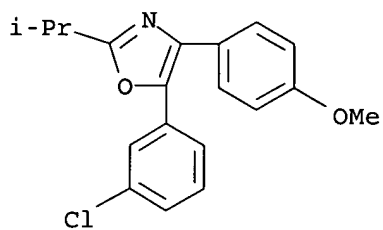
RN 54551-70-1 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 4-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-5-(3-methylphenyl)-4-oxazolyl]- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



RN 54551-81-4 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(3-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 26 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:43563 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:43563

TITLE: Reaction of  $\alpha$ -acyloxyketones with ammonium acetate

AUTHOR(S): Strzybny, P. P. E.; Van Es, T.; Backeberg, O. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, S. Afr.

SOURCE: Journal of the South African Chemical Institute (1969), 22(3), 158-64

CODEN: JSACAT; ISSN: 0038-2078

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Preparation of a number of  $\alpha$ -acyloxy ketones is described. Reaction of these compds. with  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAc}$  in  $\text{AcOH}$  forms oxazoles, imidazoles, and occasionally, amides. The following  $\alpha$ -acyloxy ketones were prepared from the appropriate benzoin and  $\text{Ac}_2\text{O}$  or the appropriate acid chloride in pyridine. The solution was heated 0.5 hr on a water bath and poured into water (compound, m.p., and % yield given): benzoin acetate, 82-4°, 85; benzoin benzoate, 1 28-9°, 90; benzoin p-methoxybenzoate, 105-6°, 79; benzoin p-nitrobenzoate, 126-7°, 92; 4'-nitrobenzoin acetate, 129-30°, 59; 5-methoxybenzoin acetate, 75-6°, 88; 4-methoxybenzoin benzoate, 117-19°, 93; 4-methoxybenzoin p-methoxybenzoate, 108-9°, 72; 4-methoxybenzoin p-nitrobenzoate, 116-17°, 92; 4'-methoxybenzoin benzoate, 124-5°, 14; anisoin acetate, 100-1°, 79; anisoin benzoate, 93-4°, 80; anisoin p-methoxybenzoate, 134-5°, 71; anisoin p-nitrobenzoate, 121-2°, 86; 4,4'-dibromobenzoin acetate, 87-9°, 92; 4,4'-dibromobenzoin p-methoxybenzoate, 145-6°, 81; 4,4'-dibromobenzoin p-nitrobenzoate, 99-101°, 91; acetoin p-nitrobenzoate, 69-70°, 78;  $\omega$ -hydroxyacetophenone acetate, 168-72°, 67. The following acyloxy ketones were prepared from the corresponding  $\alpha$ -bromo ketone and the Na salt of the appropriate acid in  $\text{EtOH}$ . High yields of these compds. were also obtained in refluxing the  $\alpha$ -bromo ketone with excess Na salt in dimethylformamide for 1 hr (compds., m.p., and % yield given):  $\omega$ -hydroxyacetophenone benzoate, 124-6°, 75;  $\omega$ -hydroxyacetophenone p-methoxybenzoate, 137-8°, 67;  $\omega$ -hydroxyacetophenone p-nitrobenzoate, 128-9°, 52;  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropiophenone acetate, 185° (4 mm), 79;  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropiophenone p-nitrobenzoate, 124-5°, 97;  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropiophenone o-nitrobenzoate, 80-1°, 48;  $\alpha$ -hydroxypropiophenone p-methoxybenzoate, 109-10°, 88;  $\alpha$ -hydroxybutyrophenone benzoate, 62-3°, 71;  $\alpha$ -hydroxybutyrophenone p-nitrobenzoate, 61-2°, 68. The  $\alpha$ -acyloxy ketone (0.02 mole), 0.1 mole  $\text{NH}_4\text{Ac}$ , and 50 ml  $\text{AcOH}$  was refluxed 1 hr after which the reaction mixture was poured into water. The oxazoles which separated were crystallized from a suitable solvent while the aqueous

filtrate, when made alkaline with  $\text{NH}_3$ , gave the imidazole. In the case of esters of  $\omega$ -hydroxyacetophenone no reaction occurred unless the quantity of  $\text{NH}_4\text{OAc}$  was increased considerably, and by using 0.06 mole, effective reaction occurred. Benzoin benzoate (1.0 g) and 5.0 g  $\text{NH}_4\text{Ac}$  was heated at 140° 2 hr and poured into water to give 26% 2,4,5-triphenyloxazole. The aqueous solution made alkaline gave 74% 2,4,5-triphenylimidazole. The same 2 compds. in  $\text{BuOH}$  gave after 1 hr refluxing oxazole and N-desylbenzamide, m. 141-2°. Removal of oxazole and amide gave 13.5% 2,4,5-triphenylimidazole by making the mother liquor alkaline. Benzoin acetate and benzoin p-nitrobenzoate gave no amide but only the corresponding oxazoles and imidazoles. The yield of imidazole

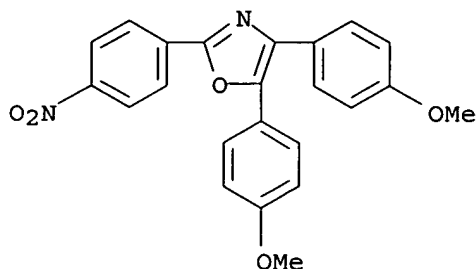
depends on the structure of the  $\alpha$ -acyloxy ketone, but no general rule could be deduced from the results.

IT 25205-80-5P 25220-22-8P 25220-23-9P  
25220-24-0P 25220-25-1P 25220-26-2P  
25220-27-3P 25220-28-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

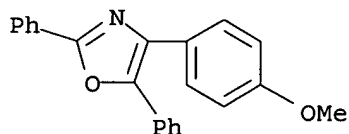
RN 25205-80-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



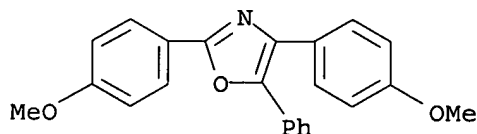
RN 25220-22-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



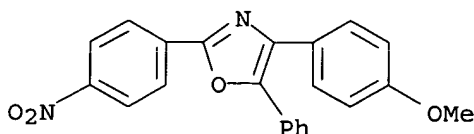
RN 25220-23-9 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2,4-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



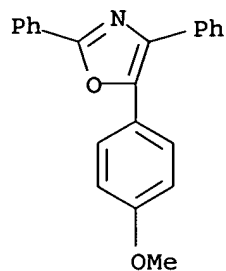
RN 25220-24-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-2-(p-nitrophenyl)-5-phenyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



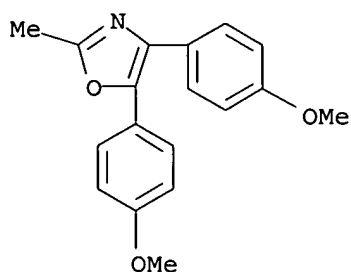
RN 25220-25-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(p-methoxyphenyl)-2,4-diphenyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



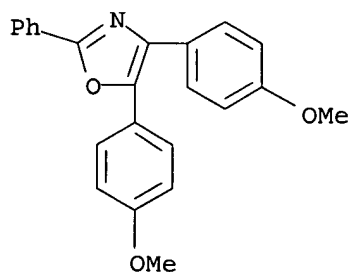
RN 25220-26-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



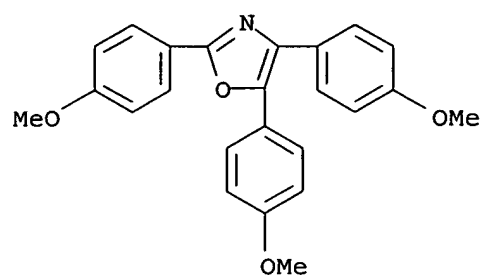
RN 25220-27-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 25220-28-4 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, tris(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L10 ANSWER 33 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1974:146981 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 80:146981

TITLE: Ethylenically unsaturated heterocyclics

INVENTOR(S): Siegrist, Adolf E.; Liechti, Peter; Maeder, Erwin;  
Guglielmetti, Leonardo; Meyer, Hans Rudolf; Weber,  
Kurt

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G.

SOURCE: Patentschrift (Switz.), 56 pp.

CODEN: SWXXAS

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

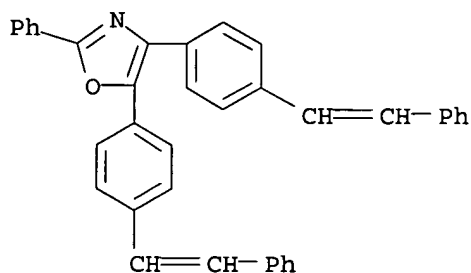
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CH 542212	A	19731115	CH 1966-13745	19660923
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1966-13745	A 19660923

AB Two hundred twenty-five heterocyclic compds. containing styryl or substituted styryl groups were prepared and were used as fluorescent whitening agents for polyester fibers and were incorporated into polyester, polyamide, and polypropylene melts which were spun into fibers having good fluorescent whitening properties. Thus, 6-phenyl-2-p-tolylbenzoxazole was treated with PhCH:NHPh in DMF in the presence of KOtMe3 at 20-31.deg. to give fluorescent whitener I [6660-87-3]. Similarly fluorescent whitener (II) [16184-00-2] was prepared by condensation of 4-biphenylcarboxaldehyde anil with 1,4,5-triphenyl-2-p-tolylimidazole in DMF in the presence of KOH.

IT 16178-22-6P 16178-23-7P 16178-24-8P  
16178-25-9P 16178-26-0P  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

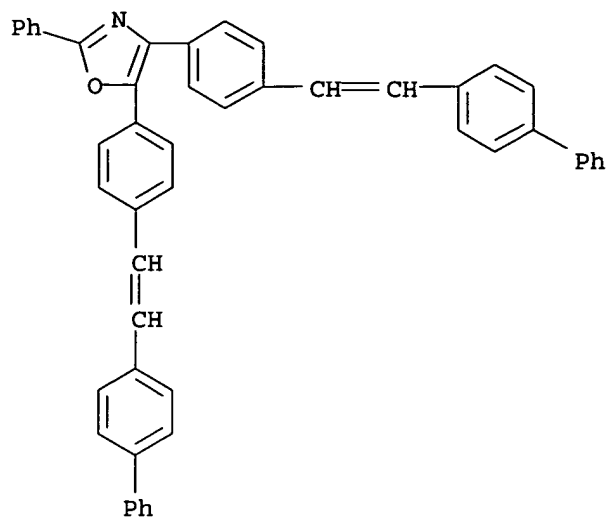
RN 16178-22-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-phenyl-4,5-bis[4-(2-phenylethenyl)phenyl] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



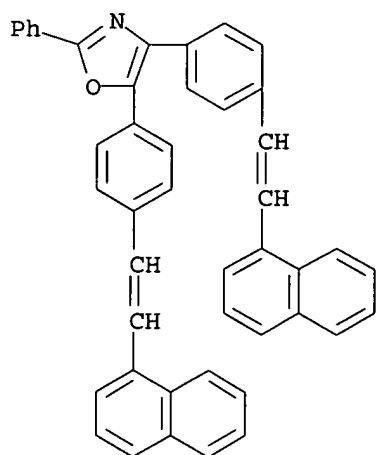
RN 16178-23-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis[4-(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethenyl)phenyl]-2-phenyl- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



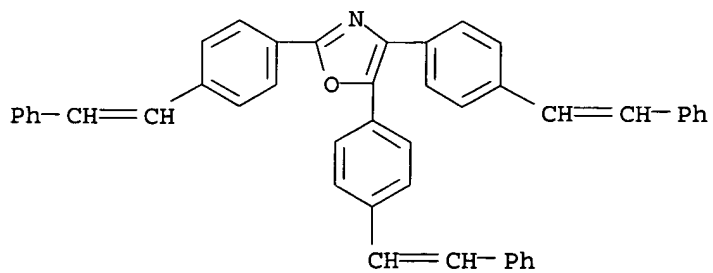
RN 16178-24-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis[4-[2-(1-naphthalenyl)ethenyl]phenyl]-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

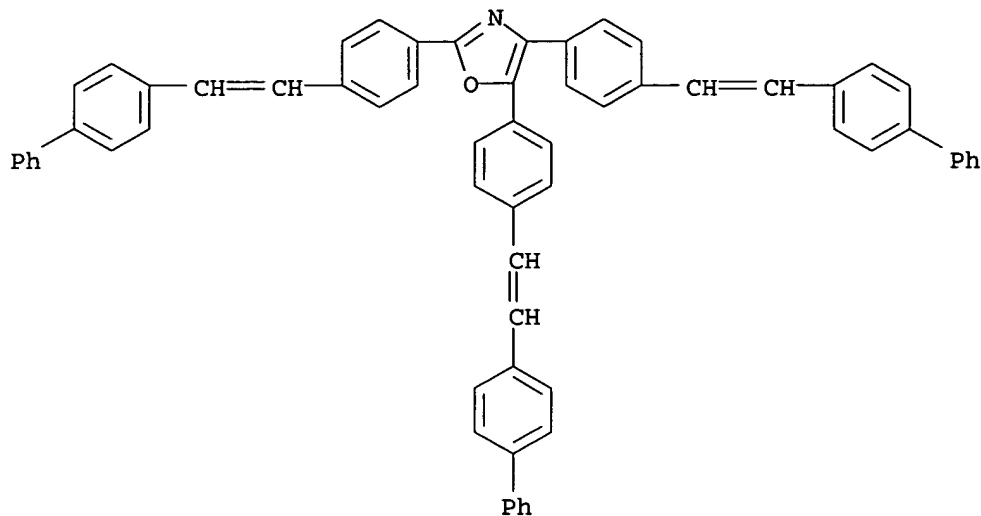


RN 16178-25-9 CAPLUS

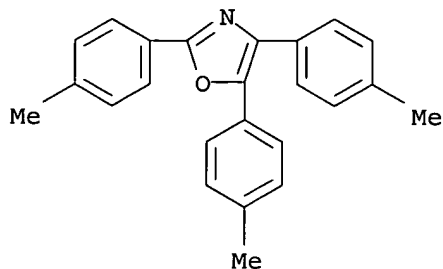
CN Oxazole, tris[4-(2-phenylethenyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



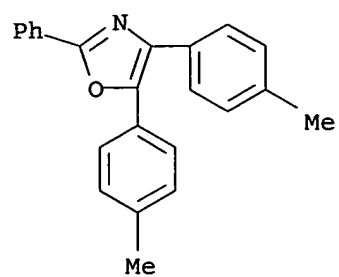
RN 16178-26-0 CAPLUS  
 CN Oxazole, tris[4-(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethenyl)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 16112-18-8  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reaction of, with benzylideneaniline derivs. in presence of base)  
 RN 16112-18-8 CAPLUS  
 CN Oxazole, tris(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 16112-17-7  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reaction of, with benzylideneaniline derivs. in the presence of base)  
 RN 16112-17-7 CAPLUS  
 CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 34 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:526485 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 79:126485

TITLE: Oxazole derivatives and their salts and esters

INVENTOR(S): Derible, Pierre H.; Taliani, Laurent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Roussel-UCLAF

SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 27 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2156486	A1	19730601	FR 1971-38043	19711022
FR 2156486	B1	19751128		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 1971-38043 A 19711022

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The oxazole derivs. I (R = R1 = Ph, p-MeOC6H4, p-ClC6H4, R2 = H, X = O, S; R = p-ClC6H4, R1 = H, Me, R2 = H, X = O, S; R = R2 = H, R1 = p-ClC6H4, X = S; R = R1 = p-MeOC6H4, R2 = Me, X = O) were prepared. Thus, 51% I (R = R1 = Ph, R2 = H, X = S) was obtained by treating HSCH2CO2Et with 2-chloro-4,5-diphenyloxazole and hydrolyzing the ester group. I are analgesics, antipyretics, and inflammation inhibitors. Thus, at 200 mg/kg orally they caused 18-53% inhibition of carrageenan edema in rats.

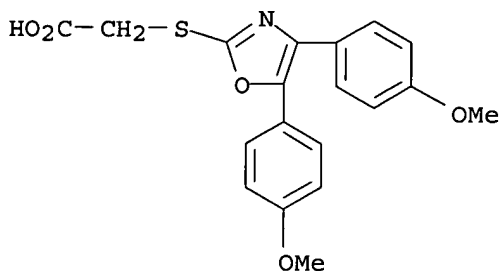
IT 40198-58-1P 49656-08-8P 49656-11-3P

49656-12-4P 49656-26-0P 49656-27-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

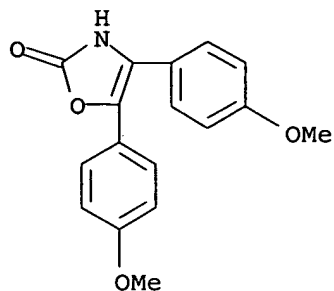
RN 40198-58-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]thio]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



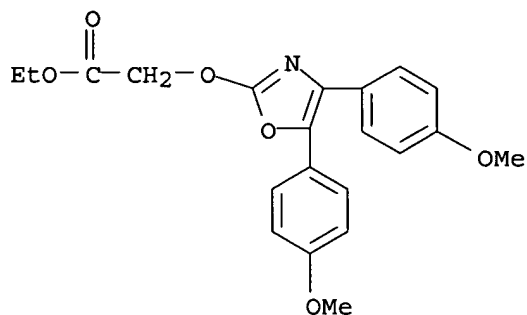
RN 49656-08-8 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



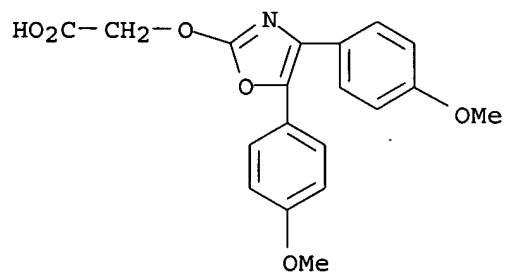
RN 49656-11-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]oxy]-, ethyl ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



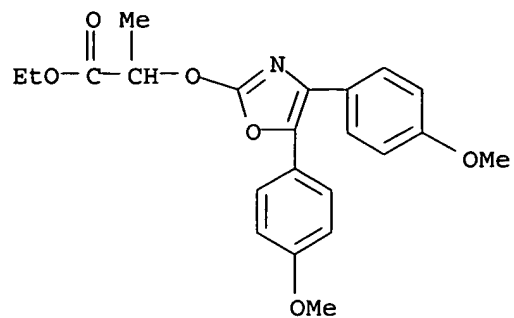
RN 49656-12-4 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]oxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



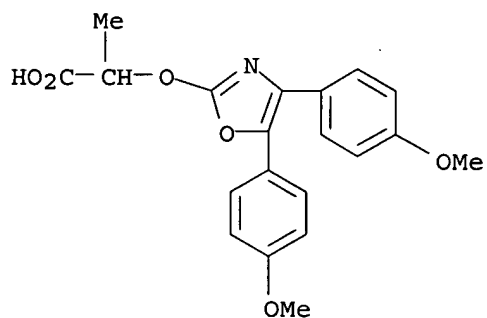
RN 49656-26-0 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]oxy]-, ethyl ester  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 49656-27-1 CAPLUS

CN Propanoic acid, 2-[[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]oxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

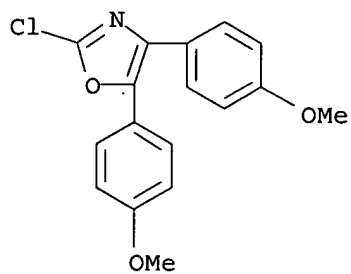


IT 49656-06-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(reaction of, with mercaptoacetate)

RN 49656-06-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-chloro-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 41 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:436005 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:36005  
TITLE: Antiinflammatory oxazoles  
INVENTOR(S): Brown, Kevan  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): John Wyeth and Brother Ltd.  
SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3578671	A	19710511	US 1967-680990	19671106

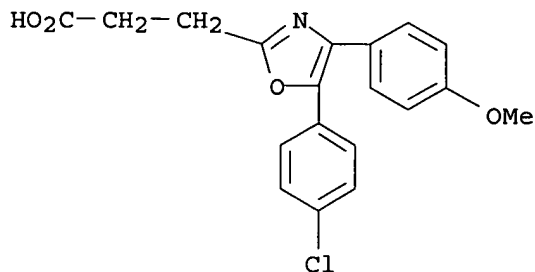
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1967-680990 A 19671106

AB Diphenyloxazol-2-yl alkanolic acids, antiinflammatory and antiulcer agents, were prepared by reacting a keto ester with NH<sub>3</sub> or by esterification of an  $\alpha$ -hydroxy ketone with, e.g., an anhydride. For example, benzoin and succinic anhydride gave the benzoin H succinate which with NH<sub>4</sub>OAc-HOAc gave  $\beta$ -(4,5-diphenyloxazol-2-yl)propionic acid (I). Similarly prepared were 11 related compds., e.g., the di-p-methoxy derivative of I.

IT 18046-22-5P 24248-43-9P 24248-45-1P  
24248-53-1P 33002-79-8P 33002-84-5P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

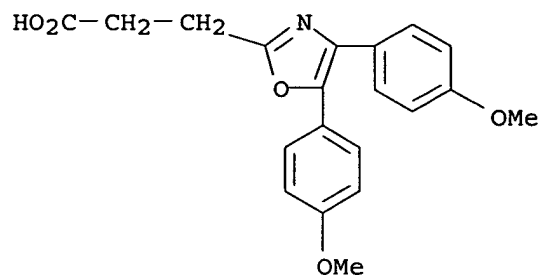
RN 18046-22-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

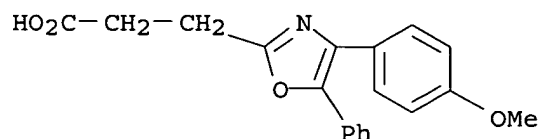


RN 24248-43-9 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

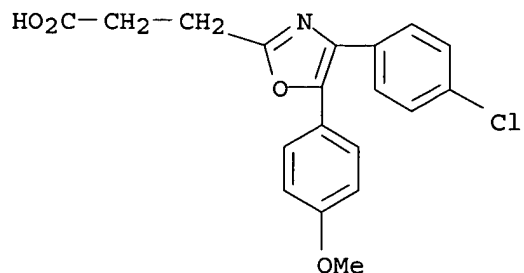




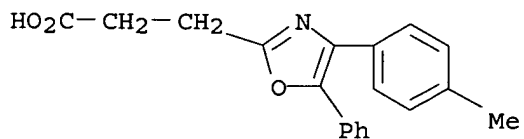
RN 24248-45-1 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



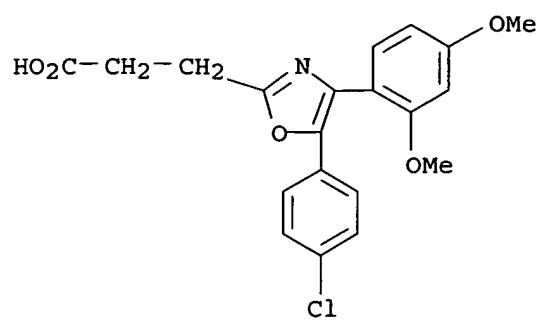
RN 24248-53-1 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropionic acid, 4-(p-chlorophenyl)-5-(p-methoxyphenyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



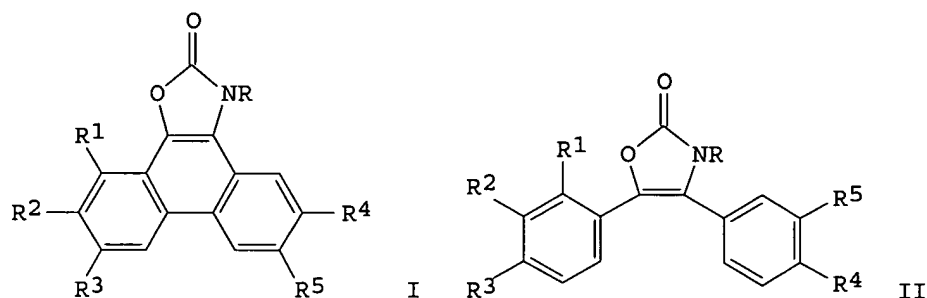
RN 33002-79-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropionic acid, 5-phenyl-4-p-tolyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



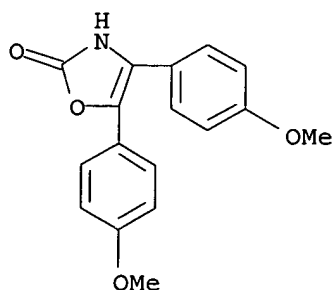
RN 33002-84-5 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropionic acid, 5-(p-chlorophenyl)-4-(2,4-dimethoxyphenyl)- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 49 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:189783 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:189783  
 TITLE: Photolytic closure of 4,5-diphenyloxazol-2-ones to phenanthro[9,10-d]oxazol-2-ones and an improved synthesis of benzoin  
 AUTHOR(S): Hakimelahi, Gholamhosein H.; Boyce, Charles B.; Kasmai, Hamid S.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Pahlavi Univ., Shiraz, Iran  
 SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1977), 60(2), 342-7  
 CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 86:189783  
 GI

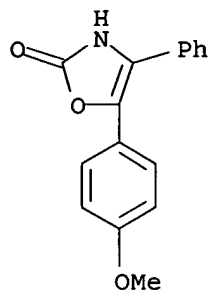


AB Phenanthrooxazolones I (R = H, Ac, Me, PhCH<sub>2</sub>; R1 = H, Cl; R2 = H; R3, R4 = H, Me, MeO; R5 = H, MeO; R2R3, R4R5 = methylenedioxy) were prepared by photochem. ring closure of diphenyloxazolones II in MeOH containing CuCl<sub>2</sub>. II were prepared by cyclocondensation of H<sub>2</sub>NCO<sub>2</sub>Et with the benzoin 2,3,4-R<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)COC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>R<sub>5</sub>R<sub>4</sub>-3,4, which were prepared by an improved benzoin condensation using aprotic solvents and (Me<sub>3</sub>C)<sub>4</sub>N<sup>+</sup> CN<sup>-</sup> catalyst.  
 IT 49656-08-8P 62762-74-7P 62762-75-8P  
 62762-78-1P 62762-79-2P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation and benzylation of)  
 RN 49656-08-8 CAPLUS  
 CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



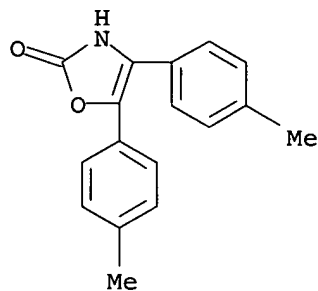
RN 62762-74-7 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



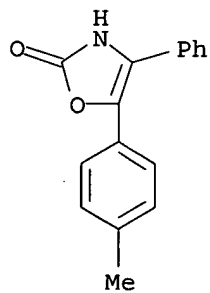
RN 62762-75-8 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



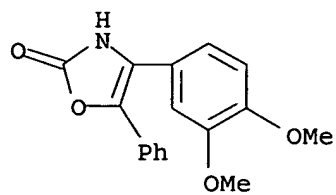
RN 62762-78-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 62762-79-2 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 50 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:22814 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 74:22814

TITLE: Oxazoles, and their pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S): Brown, Kevan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): John Wyeth and Brother Ltd.

SOURCE: Brit., 8 pp.

CODEN: BRXXAA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	GB 1206403		19700923	GB	19661215

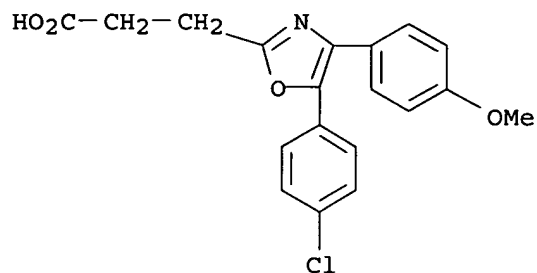
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The title compds. (I) show antiinflammatory properties in exptl. animals. Heating a mixture of 21.2 g benzoin and 10 g succinic anhydride at 120° for 6 hr gave 27 g benzoin hemisuccinate (II), m. 88.5-9.5° (aqueous Me<sub>2</sub>CO). Refluxing a mixture of 15 g II and 30 g NH<sub>4</sub>OAc in 100 ml AcOH for 1.5 hr gave 11.7 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = Ph) (II), m. 160.5-1.5° (MeOH). Similarly prepared were anisoin hemisuccinate (sticky foam); I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 81.5-84° (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>-petroleum ether); 4-methoxybenzoin hemisuccinate; I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 118-20°. Heating a mixture of 10.8 g 4'-chloro-4-methoxybenzoin hemisuccinate, 3.6 g urea, and 25 ml AcOH under reflux for 3 hr gave 6.7 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = 4-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 130.5-2.5°. Cyclization of benzoin hemiglutarate with NH<sub>4</sub>OAc and AcOH gave 89% I [R<sub>1</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = Ph], m. 125-6°. I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Et, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 69.5-71° (EtOH) was prepared in 4.6 g yield by refluxing a mixture of 5 g II, 100 ml EtOH and 1 ml H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 16 hr. Treatment of 2.5 g II in a mixture of 10 ml THF and 10 ml dioxane containing 0.85 ml Et<sub>3</sub>N with 1.23 g iso-BuO<sub>2</sub>CCl, stirring in ice for 0.5 hr and at room temperature for 1 hr then adding 1 ml NH<sub>4</sub>OH (d. 0.88) gave 1.7 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 146-7° (EtOH). There were also prepared 4'-chlorobenzoin hemisuccinate; I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = Ph, R<sub>3</sub> = 4-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 180-2°; 4'-methylbenzoin hemisuccinate; I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = Ph, R<sub>3</sub> = 4-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 169-70°; 4-chlorobenzoin hemisuccinate; I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = 4-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 155-7°; 4-chloro-4'-methoxybenzoin; I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = 4-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), m. 126-8°. A mixture of 5.8 g II, 2.8 g Et<sub>3</sub>N, and 1.84 ml acetoxymethyl bromide in 50 ml DMF was kept at room temperature overnight to give 5 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OAc, R<sub>2</sub> = R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 86-6.5°. Refluxing a mixture of 10 g Me phenacyl succinate (prepared from phenacyl Br and Na Me succinate in EtOH), 6 g urea, and 30 ml AcOH for 2 hr gave 5.4 g oily I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = Ph, R<sub>3</sub> = H) (III). Refluxing the oil with 5 g KOH, 100 ml EtOH, and 10 ml H<sub>2</sub>O for 1 hr gave 1.63 g III, m. 115-17° (aqueous EtOH). A mixture of 5 g phenacylamine-HCl and 10 ml C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N was warmed and treated with 2 g MeO<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COCl to give 6.15 g oil which on leaving in concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 4 hr gave 2.43 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me, R<sub>2</sub> = H, R<sub>3</sub> = Ph) hydrolyzed with KOH in EtOH at room temperature to 1.69 g I (R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, R<sub>2</sub> = H, R<sub>3</sub> = Ph), m. 148-9°. Capsules were prepared containing 125 mg II, 120 mg lactose and 5 mg Mg stearate.

IT 18046-22-5P 24248-43-9P 24248-45-1P

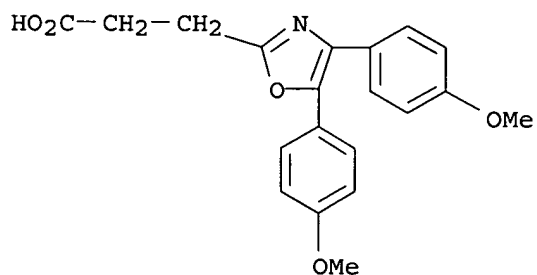
**24248-51-9P 24248-53-1P**RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)

RN 18046-22-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)

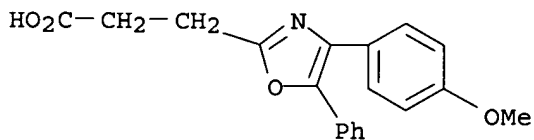
RN 24248-43-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



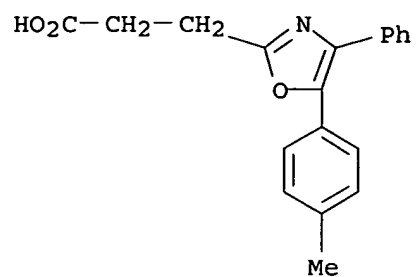
RN 24248-45-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



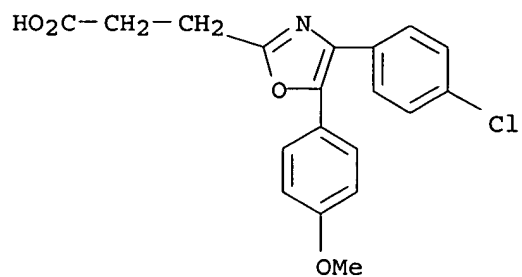
RN 24248-51-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropionic acid, 4-phenyl-5-p-tolyl- (8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



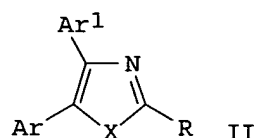
RN 24248-53-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropionic acid, 4-(p-chlorophenyl)-5-(p-methoxyphenyl)- (8CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)





L10 ANSWER 59 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:471469 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:71469  
TITLE: Reaction of [alkyl(aryl)carbonylamino]hydroxymethyl  
aryl ketones with aromatic hydrocarbons  
AUTHOR(S): Bal'on, Ya. G.; Smirnov, V. A.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Kiev. Nauchno-Issled. Inst. Endokrinol. Obmena  
Veshchestv, Kiev, USSR  
SOURCE: Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1990), 26(9), 1983-7  
CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Russian  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 115:71469  
GI



AB The treatment of ArCOCHO (Ar = Ph, p-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>) with H<sub>2</sub>NCOR (R = alkyl, CCl<sub>3</sub>, substituted Ph, 3-pyridyl) gives ArCOCH(OH)NHCOR (I). The reactions of I with Ar<sup>1</sup>H (Ar<sup>1</sup> = substituted Ph) give oxazoles II (X = O) or imidazoles II (X = NH), depending on the reaction conditions. II (X = O) can be converted into II (X = NH) by treatment with ACONH<sub>4</sub>.

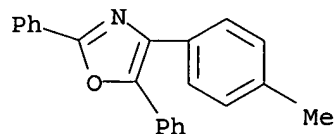
IT 26107-35-7P 135120-40-0P 135120-42-2P  
135120-43-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and recyclization of, with ammonium acetate)

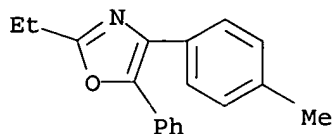
RN 26107-35-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-2,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



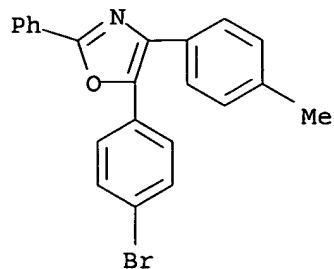
RN 135120-40-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-ethyl-4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



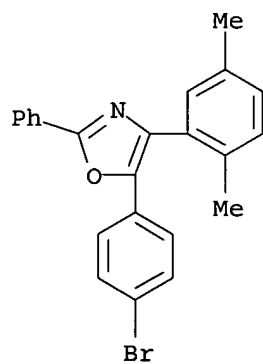
RN 135120-42-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 135120-43-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 5-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(2,5-dimethylphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 76 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:544101 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:144101

TITLE: Polyimide-based electrooptic materials

AUTHOR(S): Cahill, P. A.; Seager, C. H.; Meinhardt, M. B.;  
Beuhler, A. J.; Wargowski, D. A.; Singer, K. D.;  
Kowalczyk, T. C.; Kosc, T. Z.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. 1811, Sandia Natl. Lab., Albuquerque, NM, 87185,  
USA

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for  
Optical Engineering (1993), 2025(Nonlinear Optical  
Properties of Organic Materials VI), 48-55  
CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The properties of new, high temperature optical materials based on dye-doped  
Ultradel® 9000D1 polyimides are presented. Ultradel 9000D is a soluble,  
pre-imidized, fluorinated polymer with properties optimized for integrated  
optical applications. When thermally or photochem. cross-linked, it has a  
T<sub>g</sub> approaching 400°C and retains excellent optical transparency as  
measured by both waveguide loss spectroscopy (WLS) and photothermal  
deflection spectroscopy (PDS). The agreement between WLS and PDS data  
indicates that losses in polyimides are due to absorption, not scattering.  
Two thermally stable, donor-acceptor oxazole-based dyes were designed,  
synthesized, and doped into the polyimide at concns. up to 25 percent by  
weight. The T<sub>g</sub> of the doped polymers decreased from the neat polymer, but  
remained above 300°C. The effects of doping on the dielec. constant,  
refractive index, and coefficient of thermal expansion of the polyimide are  
presented. The oxazoles also photobleach and thereby provide an addnl.  
means of photodefining waveguides in these materials.

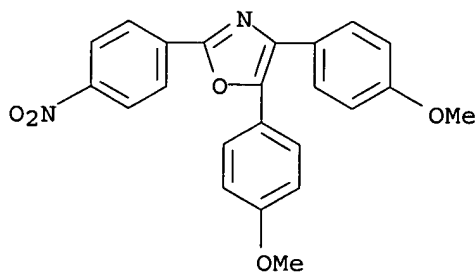
IT 25205-80-5 157189-20-3 157189-22-5

RL: PRP (Properties)

(electrooptic materials from polyimides doped with)

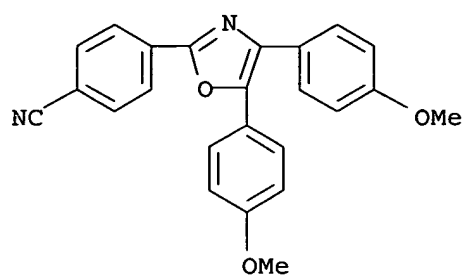
RN 25205-80-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



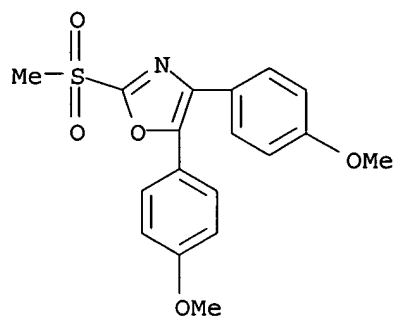
RN 157189-20-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 4-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

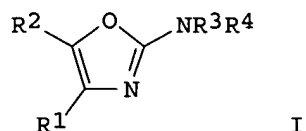


RN 157189-22-5 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(methylsulfonyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



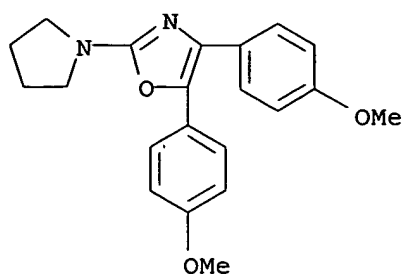
L10 ANSWER 78 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:160931 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:160931  
TITLE: 2-Aminooxazoles as potential hydrogen-bonding  
virucides. Part 1. N-Unsubstituted and N-substituted  
2-aminooxazoles  
AUTHOR(S): Ulbricht, H.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Zentralinst. Mikrobiol. Exp. Ther., Akad. Wiss. DDR,  
Jena, DDR-6900, Ger. Dem. Rep.  
SOURCE: Pharmazie (1987), 42(9), 598-601  
CODEN: PHARAT; ISSN: 0031-7144  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: German  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 108:160931  
GI



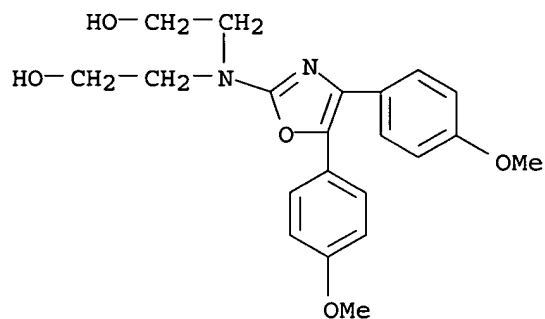
AB A group of 39 title derivs. was prepared according to previously reported methods. The antiviral activity of the compds. was tested in vitro by inhibition of plaque formation in cell cultures infected with several RNA and DNA viruses. Of the N-unsubstituted derivs., only one (I, R1 = R2 = Ph; R3 = R4 = H) inhibited Coxsackie B1-virus. Among the N-substituted derivs., 6 compds. [I, R1 = R2 = Ph, Pr, C6H4CH2OH-4; R3 = H, CH2CH2OH; R4 = CHMe2, CH2CH2OH, CH2CH2CO2Me, C(:NH)NH2] had in vitro antiviral effects. I [R1 = R2 = Ph; R3 = H; R4 = C(C:NH)NH2] was the most effective compound. The N-substituted derivs. are more active and their activity rise with introduction of hydrophilic NR3R4 substituents. The hydrophobic R1 = R2 = Ph substitution in several of the active derivs. apparently has a steric significance for the biol. activity; the size of the other R1 and R2 substituents is similar to Ph.

IT 113853-19-3P 113853-20-6P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation and antiviral activity of)

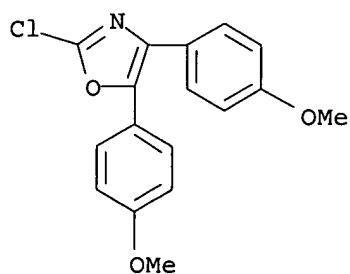
RN 113853-19-3 CAPLUS  
CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 113853-20-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Ethanol, 2,2'-[[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]imino]bis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 49656-06-6  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (reaction of, with amines)  
 RN 49656-06-6 CAPLUS  
 CN Oxazole, 2-chloro-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 100 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:279560 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:327958

TITLE: Modifications of organic electroluminescent devices for display backlight applications

AUTHOR(S): Jordan, R. H.; Dodabalapur, A.; Rothberg, L. J.; Slusher, R. E.; Strukelj, M.; Miller, T. M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: At&T Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings - Electrochemical Society (1996), 95-25 (Advanced Luminescent Materials), 403-412  
CODEN: PESODO; ISSN: 0161-6374

PUBLISHER: Electrochemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Two variations on evaporated organic electroluminescent devices are reported. Green thin film microcavity organic electroluminescent devices are described which have enhanced spatially integrated (.apprx.2) and forward (>3) surface-emitted intensity. Enhancement is obtained by optimizing cavity mode parameters with respect to the electroluminescent emitter. Also, multilayer organic electroluminescent devices are described which employ a blue-emitting species as a layer sandwiched between the hole transporter bis(triphenyl)amine and the light emitting electron transporter tris(8-hydroxyquinoline)aluminum to obtain bright (.apprx.5000 cd/m2 at 580 mA/cm2) efficient (0.5 lm/W) white emission.

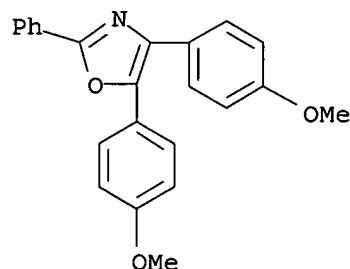
IT 25220-27-3, 2-Phenyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,3-oxazole  
176678-52-7

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(modifications of organic electroluminescent devices for display backlight applications)

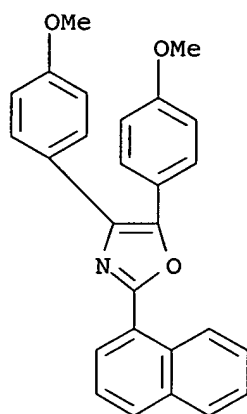
RN 25220-27-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



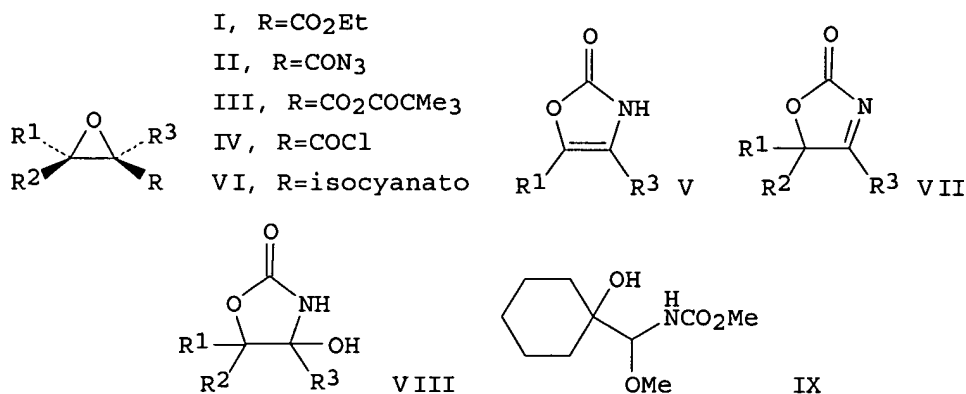
RN 176678-52-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





L10 ANSWER 105 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:406947 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:6947  
 TITLE: Synthesis of  $\alpha,\beta$ -epoxyacyl azides and their rearrangement to epoxy isocyanates and 3- and 4-oxazolin-2-ones  
 AUTHOR(S): Lemmens, Jacques M.; Blommerde, Willem W. J. M.; Thijs, Lambertus; Zwanenburg, Binne  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Org. Chem., Univ. Nijmegen, Nijmegen, 6525 ED, Neth.  
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1984), 49(12), 2231-5  
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:6947  
 GI



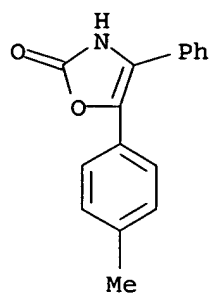
AB The conversion of  $\alpha,\beta$ -epoxy carboxylates I [R1 = Ph, 4-O<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, Me; R2 = H, Ph, Me; R3 = H, Ph, Me, 4-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>; R1R3 = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>, R2 = H; R1CR2 = adamantane moiety, R3 = H; R1R2 = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>, R3 = Me, H] into  $\alpha,\beta$ -epoxyacyl azides II proceeds either via reaction of the mixed anhydrides III with NaN<sub>3</sub> or via reaction of epoxyacyl chlorides IV with HN<sub>3</sub>--pyridine. The latter method is preferred. The azides II undergo a smooth thermal Curtius rearrangement to give 4-oxazolin-2-ones V for the substrates II (R2 = H) having a H atom at C $\beta$ . Monitoring this reaction by means of IR shows that the epoxy isocyanates VI are intermediates. Intramol. ring expansion of VI then leads to 3-oxazolin-2-ones VII that tautomerize to the 4-isomers V. Epoxyacyl azides II, having no H atom at C $\beta$ , produce 3-oxazolin-2-ones VII as a proton shift is not possible. The products VII [R1CR2 = adamantane moiety, R3 = H; R1R2 = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>, R3 = Me] rapidly add water at the imine bond to give oxazolidin-2-ones VIII. Epoxy isocyanate VI [R1R2 = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>, R3 = H] is reasonably stable in solution; reaction with MeOH affords urethane IX.

IT 62762-78-1P 89849-09-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

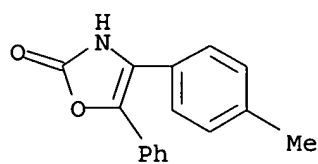
RN 62762-78-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 5-(4-methylphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 89849-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4-(4-methylphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 111 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:462705 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:62705

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:12457f-i,12458a

TITLE: A new method for the preparation of 4,5-disubstituted 4-oxazoline-2-thiones

AUTHOR(S): Willems, J. F.; Vandenberghe, A.

SOURCE: Bulletin des Societes Chimiques Belges (1961), 70, 745-57

CODEN: BSCBAG; ISSN: 0037-9646

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

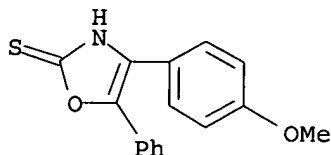
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB 4-Oxazolin-2-ones (I), prepared by condensation of urethans and carbamyl chlorides with R1COCHR2OH (II) were converted into  $\Delta^4$ -oxazoline-2-thiones (III) with P2S5. Isothiocyanates and thiourethans failed to condense with II (Gompper, CA 51, 5754g). With benzoin, PhNCS gave benzanilide, phenylthiourethan, and N,N'-diphenylthiourea. In the presence of thiocyanic acid or its salts, II gave analogs of III. Condensation was affected in boiling EtOH for 24 hrs. in the presence of 1.5 mole HSCN or KSCN and HCl and 1 mole of II. The unreacted II was removed by treatment with NaOH, which dissolved III but not II. The alkali solution gave HI on acidification with HOAc. The following III were prepared (R1, R2, m.p. given): Me, Me, 137° (water); Pr, Pr, 128-40° (decomposition); Ph, H, 170° (water); Ph, Ph, 260° (MeOCH2CH2OH); p-Me2NC6H4, Ph, 236° (EtOH); p-anisyl, Ph, 175° (EtOH-H2O); p-anisyl, p-anisyl, 204° (EtOH); (R1R2 =) (CH2)4, 154° (water). Use of H2SO4 instead of HCl led to 2-alkylthiooxazoles due to alkylation by the alkyl sulfates formed. When R1 and R2 were different, two isomers were obtained, p-Methoxybenzoin gave IV (R1 = Ph, R2 = p-anisyl), m. 229°. p-Anisoin gave IV (R1 = R2 = p-anisyl), m. 187°. IV (R1 = p-anisyl, R2 = Ph), m. 205° was prepared from p-methoxyphenyl  $\alpha$ -bromobenzyl ketone, m. 97-8°, by way of the  $\alpha$ -cyanato derivative, m. 92°, and cyclization with concentrated HCl. With NH4CNS alone, V were formed. V (R1 = R2 = Ph), from benzoin, m. 260°. Infrared spectral data and spectra were given (G. and Herlinger, CA 51,11854e).

IT 6670-17-3, 4-Oxazoline-2-thione, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-  
84589-36-6, 4-Oxazoline-2-thione, 4,5-bis(p-methoxyphenyl)-  
(preparation of)

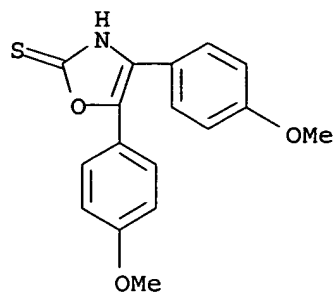
RN 6670-17-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Oxazoline-2-thione, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 84589-36-6 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolethione, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 114 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1957:29820 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 51:29820

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 51:5754g-i,5755a-i,5756a-c

TITLE: The azole series. I. Preparation and properties of 2-oxazolones

AUTHOR(S): Gompfer, Rudolf

CORPORATE SOURCE: Tech. Hochschule, Stuttgart, Germany

SOURCE: Chemische Berichte (1956), 89, 1748-62

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB Refluxing 10 g. benzoin with 25 g. Me<sub>2</sub>NCOC1 4 hrs. on a water bath and distilling the chloride yield 90% benzoin N,N-dimethylcarbamate (I), m. 156°. Treating 37 g. PhCOCH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>Et with 4.5 g. Na in EtOH 15 hrs. at 20° and adding H<sub>2</sub>O give α-carbethoxyamino-N-phenacylbenzoylacetaide (II), m. 286° (decomposition). N-Unsubstituted 2-oxazolones are prepared: a, by heating an α-hydroxyketone (III) with excess urethan (IV) in a ratio of 1:5-10 with slow distillation and pouring the mixture into H<sub>2</sub>O; b, by refluxing III with excess IV in HCONMe<sub>2</sub> in the presence of a small amount of C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N; c, by refluxing III and IV in AcOH in the presence of concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>; da, by adding a carbamide acid chloride and C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N to III in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> or Et<sub>2</sub>O with cooling, keeping the mixture several hrs. at 20°, distilling the solvent, and refluxing the residue 1 hr. with 5:1 EtOH-H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>; db, treating the mixture without removal of the solvent 2-4 hrs. with polyphosphoric acid, pouring the mixture into H<sub>2</sub>O, and making the solution alkaline with NaOH; e, heating a N,N-dimethylcarbamide acid ester of

III

with a mixture of NH<sub>4</sub>OAc and AcOH. Refluxing 33 g. propionoin (V) and 81 g. IV 15 hrs. in 70 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> gives 37% 4,5-diethyl-2-oxazolone, b0.01 135-6°, m. 73°, which is also obtained in 40% yield when 38.7 g. V and 27 g. H<sub>2</sub>NCOC1 in 500 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> are kept at 20°, the mixture is poured into H<sub>2</sub>O, adjusted to pH 8, extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O, and the residue of the Et<sub>2</sub>O is fractionally distilled. Treating 28 g. butyroid and 174 g. IV 6 hrs. according to a yields 41% 4,5-dipropyl-2-oxazolone (VI), b0.05 150°, m. 220°; according to b (15 hrs. reflux), 46% VI; or according to d, from 53 g. butyroid and 44 g. H<sub>2</sub>NCOC1 in 400 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 71% VI. 4,5-Diisopropyl-2-oxazolone, b, from 29 g. isobutyroid (VII) and 80 g. IV in 100 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>, 46%, b0.02 128-33°, platelets, m. 128°; da, from 18.5 g. VII and 10.3 g. H<sub>2</sub>NCOC1 in 350 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 58%, m. 136°. The following addnl. substituted 2-oxazolones are prepared: 4,5-di-Bu, da, 47%, b0.01 166-7°; 4,5-di-Me<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>, da, 64%, b0.2 172-4°; 4,5-di-Am, da, 17%, b0.02 160-2°; 4,5-di-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>13</sub>, da, 19%, b0.02 162°; 4,5-di-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>15</sub>, da, 50%, b0.005 167°; 4,5-di-C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>19</sub>, da, 41%, b0.02 220-2°; 5-Et, 4-Ph, da, 49%, b0.005 134-44°, m. 128°; 5-Pr homolog, da, 94%, b0.01 180-5°, m. 135°; 5-Bu homolog, db, 41% b0.01 186°; 5-C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub> homolog, db, 44%, b0.01 193°; 4,5-di-Ph (VIII), a, 91%, b (6 hrs.), 93%, c (3 hrs.), 51%, da, 84%, e (6 hrs.), 95%, shiny needles, m. 211°; 5-phenyl-4-(p-methoxyphenyl), da, 71%, m. 212°; 4,5-bis(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl), b (5 hrs.), 75%, m. 214-15°; 4,5-bis(p-chlorophenyl), b (8 hrs.), 57%, m. 195°; 5-phenyl-4-(p-dimethylaminophenyl) (IX), from 75 g. p-dimethylaminobenzoin (X) and 15 g. IV, a (5 hrs.), 42%, m. 205° (decomposition); p-di-Et homolog, from 8.5 g. p-diethylaminobenzoin and 21 g. IV, a, 43%, m. 208° (decomposition); 3,5-di-(2-pyridyl), from 11 g. α-pyridoin and 22 g. IV, b (16 hrs.), 41%, shiny deep red needles, m. 219°; 4,5-tetramethylene-2-imidazolone, from 20 g. cyclohexanolone and 90 g. IV,

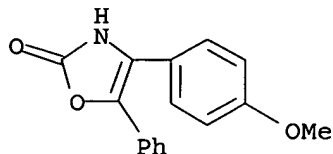
b (30 hrs.), 46%, m. 346°. Methylation of 9 (or 9.6) g. VI in 100 cc. MeOH with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> (or in aqueous Me<sub>2</sub>CO at pH 8-9 with Me<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) yields 51% (or 68%) 3-methyl-VI, b0.01 110-14°; methylation of 11 (or 5) g. VIII (or 4 g. acetyl-VIII) in 300 cc. N NaOH and Me<sub>2</sub>CO (or in 20 or 50 cc. MeOH) with 19 g. Me<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and 100 cc. N NaOH (or excess CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>) at 40° and 2 hrs. at 100° gives 90% (94 or 78%) 3-methyl-VIII, b0.04 195-215°, needles, m. 96°. Refluxing 5 g. VIII and 6 g. Ag<sub>2</sub>O 8 hrs. in 12 g. MeI gives 62% 2-methoxy-VIII, b0.01 125-42°, and 0.9 g. 3-methyl-VIII, b0.01 160-72°. Adding 12 g. PhCH<sub>2</sub>Cl dropwise to 9 g. VIII in 100 cc. N NaOH and 100 cc. Me<sub>2</sub>CO at 40-50° with stirring, keeping the mixture 3 hrs., diluting it with H<sub>2</sub>O, and extracting with Et<sub>2</sub>O give 41% 3-benzyl-VIII, m. 100°. Refluxing 30 g. VI 3 hrs. with 14 g. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N and 150 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O yields 64% 4,5-dipropyl-3-acetyl-2-oxazolone, b0.02 86-7°, b0.002 70°; 3-acetyl-VIII, 85%, m. 139°, is readily saponified on treatment with NH<sub>4</sub>OH; 3-chloroacetyl-VIII, 91%, m. 155°; 3-benzoyl-VIII, 67%, m. 178°; 3-acetyl-IX, 55%, needles, m. 147°. Treating 23 g. V with 23 g. PhNCO and a few drops of C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N gave 42% propionoin carbanilate, m. 121°, which (13.7 g.), refluxed with 80 cc. Ac<sub>2</sub>O, yields 64% 4,5-diethyl-3-phenyl-2-oxazolone, m. 96.5°; butyroin carbanilate, 67%, m. 132°; 4,5-dipropyl-3-phenyl-2-oxazolone, 84%, m. 50.5°. Warming 10 g. butyroin and 10 g. PhCH<sub>2</sub>NCO with a few drops of C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N 2 hrs. on a water bath gives 88% butyroin N-benzylcarbamate, m. 133-4°; 4,5-dipropyl-3-benzyl-2-oxazolone b0.001 148-56°, m. about 40°. Refluxing 57.5 g. butyroin, 35.2 g. p-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(NCO)<sub>2</sub>, and 1 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N 4 hrs. in 140 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> yields 81% N,N'-p-phenylene-bis(carbamidoacid butyroin ester), m. 181°, which (54 g.), refluxed 2 hrs. with 300 cc. EtOH and 50 cc. concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, gives 91% 1,4-bis(4,5-dipropyl-2-oxazolone-3-yl)benzene, m. 132°. Refluxing 34.5 g. valeroïn (XI), 27.5 g. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NCO, and 1 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N 6 hrs. in 100 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, distilling the C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, and refluxing the residue 1 hr. in 200 cc. EtOH and 50 cc. concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> yield 40% 4,5-dibutyl-3-cyclohexyl-2-oxazolone, b0.01 115-19°; similarly, 34 g. XI, 24 g. PhNCO, and some C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N 1 day at 20° and 1 hr. at 100° give 46% 4,5-dibutyl-3-phenyl-2-oxazolone, b0.005 142-6°. Refluxing 50 g. PhCOCH(OH)Et, 58 g. PhNCO, and 1 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N in 100 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> 3 hrs. gives 50% α-hydroxybutyrophenone carbanilate, fine silky needles, m. 164°, which (41 g.), refluxed 3 hrs. in 160 g. AcOH, gives 91% 5-ethyl-3,4-diphenyl-2-oxazolone, cubes, m. 121°. Benzoin and PhNCO via the benzoin carbanilate yield 90% 3,4,5-triphenyl-2-oxazolone, m. 211°, which is also obtained in 76% yield when 15 g. benzoin, 57 g. PhNHCO<sub>2</sub>Et, and 2 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N in 150 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> are refluxed 12 hrs., or in 10% yield when 14 g. BzCl is added dropwise to 7 g. NaN<sub>3</sub> in 150 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub>, then 20 g. benzoin and 0.5 cc. C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N added, and the mixt heated 2 hrs. at 50°. Heating 10 g. benzoin and 6.6 g PhCH<sub>2</sub>NCO 0.5 hr. at 110-20° yields 50% benzoin N-benzylcarbamate, m. 188°, which (6.6 g.), refluxed 2 hrs. in 150 cc. AcOH, gives 83% 3-benzyl-VIII, m. 100°. Refluxing 7 g. benzoin and 35 g. 2-ClO<sub>2</sub>H<sub>7</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>Et in 100 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> 20 hrs. yields 52% 4,5-diphenyl-3-β-naphthyl-2-oxazolone, m. 195-6°. Refluxing 20 g. p-methoxybenzoin and 12 g. PhNCO 2 hrs. in 150 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> gives 97% p-methoxybenzoin carbanilate, m. 209°, which (16 g.) refluxed 2 hrs. with 150 cc. EtOH and 30 cc. concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, gives 85% 3,5-diphenyl-4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxazolone, m. 161°. Refluxing 23 g. X and 21 g. PhNCO 1 hr. in 150 cc. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> gives 91% p-dimethylaminobenzoin carbanilate, m. 211°, which (16 g.), refluxed in EtOH and concentrated H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, yields 85% 3,5-diphenyl-4-(p-dimethylaminophenyl)-2-oxazolone, m. 245°. Refluxing 169 g. PhCOCHBrEt 12 hrs. in 133 g. H<sub>2</sub>O and 375 g. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> gives 75%

PhCOCH(OH)Et, b12 131.5-2.5°; PhCOCHBrPr, refluxed 20 hrs. in 250 cc. HCONMe<sub>2</sub> and 90 g. H<sub>2</sub>O, gives 80% PhCOCH(OH)Pr, b0.05 80°; PhCOCH(OH)Bu, 67%, b0.01 84°; PhCOCH(OH)C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub>, 78%, b0.01 115°.

IT 101274-25-3, 4-Oxazolin-2-one, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-  
102449-88-7, 4-Oxazolin-2-one, 4,5-bis(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-  
(preparation of)

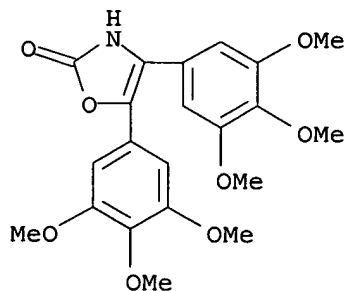
RN 101274-25-3 CAPLUS

CN 2(3H)-Oxazolone, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 102449-88-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Oxazolin-2-one, 4,5-bis(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 142 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:651571 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:338911

TITLE: Light amplification in organic thin films using cascade energy transfer

AUTHOR(S): Berggren, M.; Dodabalapur, A.; Slusher, R. E.; Bao, Z.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Bell Lab., Lucent Technologies, Murray Hill, NJ, 07974, USA

SOURCE: Nature (London) (1997), 389(6650), 466-469

CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

PUBLISHER: Macmillan Magazines

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

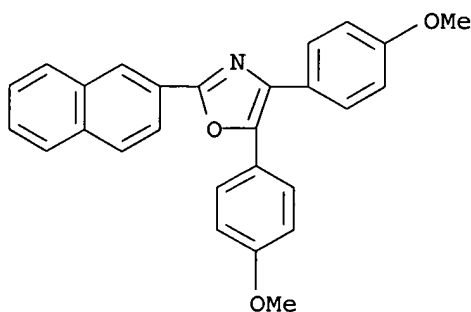
AB There is currently renewed interest in the development of lasers using solid-state organic and polymeric materials as the gain media. These materials have a number of properties that make them good candidates for such applications-for example, emission bands that are displaced (via a Stokes shift) from absorption bands, and the ease with which the emitting species can be embedded in a suitable host material. But despite these advantages, the threshold power densities required for light amplification that are reported so far have been high. Here we describe an approach, based on energy transfer between mol. species, than can lower the threshold for stimulated emission and laser action while improving markedly the waveguiding properties of the active material. In our materials, and initial mol. excited state is generated in the host compound by absorption of light; this state is then resonantly and non-radiatively transferred down in energy (through one or more steps) between suitably matched dye mols. dispersed in the host, so ensuring that the absorption losses at the final emission wavelengths are very small. Such composite gain media provide broad tunability of the emission wavelength, and also decouple the optical emission properties from the transport properties, so providing greater flexibility for the design of future elec. driven device structures.

IT 178761-59-6

RL: DEV (Device component use); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses)  
(optical amplifier using DCM II doped vacuum sublimed film)

RN 178761-59-6 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(2-naphthalenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

10

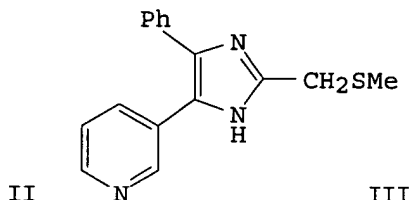
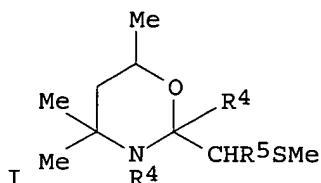
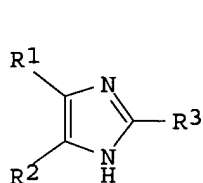
THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L10 ANSWER 177 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:492274 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:92274  
 TITLE: Diarylimidazole compounds, pharmaceutical drugs  
 containing them, and their use  
 INVENTOR(S): Sallmann, Alfred  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G. , Switz.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 78 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 46451	A2	19820224	EP 1981-810329	19810813
EP 46451	A3	19820421		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
FI 8102536	A	19820220	FI 1981-2536	19810817
ES 504787	A1	19831001	ES 1981-504787	19810817
IL 63595	A1	19850430	IL 1981-63595	19810817
DK 8103660	A	19820220	DK 1981-3660	19810818
NO 8102790	A	19820222	NO 1981-2790	19810818
AU 8174278	A1	19820225	AU 1981-74278	19810818
ZA 8105684	A	19820825	ZA 1981-5684	19810818
DD 201788	A5	19830810	DD 1981-232649	19810818
JP 57070873	A2	19820501	JP 1981-128833	19810819
ES 514478	A1	19830501	ES 1982-514478	19820728
ES 514479	A1	19830501	ES 1982-514479	19820728
ES 514480	A1	19830501	ES 1982-514480	19820728
ES 514481	A1	19830501	ES 1982-514481	19820728
ES 514482	A1	19830501	ES 1982-514482	19820728
ES 522922	A1	19850301	ES 1983-522922	19830601
ES 522923	A1	19850401	ES 1983-522923	19830601
ES 522924	A1	19850401	ES 1983-522924	19830601
ES 522925	A1	19850401	ES 1983-522925	19830601
ES 522921	A1	19850916	ES 1983-522921	19830601
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1980-6255	A 19800819

GI



AB Imidazoles I [R1, R2 independently = carbocyclic aryl and (or) heteroaryl;  
 R3 = ZZ1R4 [Z = hydrocarbonyl, Z1 = O, SOn (n = 0-2), R4 =  
 (un)substituted hydrocarbonyl or H when n = 0]] and their salts, useful as  
 external inflammation inhibitors, sunscreens, antithrombotics, and  
 anti-Herpes agents (no data), were prepared by many methods. Successively

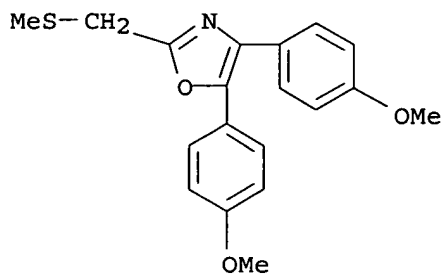
treating H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> with MeSCH<sub>2</sub>CN, then Me<sub>2</sub>C(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)Me at 0-5° 4.5 h, C-methylating dihydrooxazine II (R<sub>4</sub>R<sub>4</sub> = bond, R<sub>5</sub> = H) with BuLi, then MeI, reducing dihydro oxazine II (R<sub>4</sub>R<sub>4</sub> = bond, R<sub>5</sub> = Me) with NaBH<sub>4</sub>, and cyclizing tetrahydrooxazine II (R<sub>4</sub> = H, R<sub>5</sub> = Me) with 1-phenyl-2-(3-pyridyl)glyoxal and NH<sub>4</sub>OAc in AcOH gave pyridylimidazole III.

IT 82258-07-9P

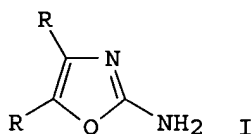
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and cyclization of, with ammonia)

RN 82258-07-9 CAPLUS

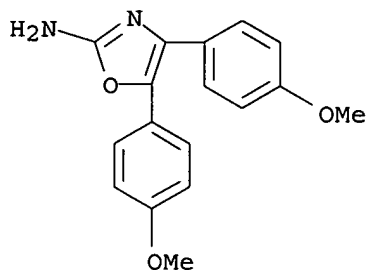
CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[(methylthio)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 179 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:192195 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:192195  
TITLE: Cyclization reactions of nitriles. I. Synthesis of  
2-amino-4,5-diaryl- and diheteryloxazoles  
AUTHOR(S): Sharanin, Yu. A.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Voroshilovgrad. Gos. Pedagog. Inst., Voroshilovgrad,  
USSR  
SOURCE: Zhurnal Organicheskoi Khimii (1980), 16(10), 2185-8  
CODEN: ZORKAE; ISSN: 0514-7492  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Russian  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 94:192195  
GI

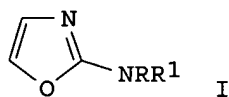


AB The title oxazoles I (R = Ph, 4-MeOC6H4, 2-furyl) were obtained in 46-95%  
yield by treatment of RCHR1COR (R1 = OH, Br, OAc) with cyanamide.  
IT 77151-48-5P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of)  
RN 77151-48-5 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolamine, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 180 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:215427 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:215427  
 TITLE: Aminooxazole derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Harrison, Roger Garrick; Simmonds, Robin George  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly Industries Ltd., UK  
 SOURCE: Brit., 7 pp.  
 CODEN: BRXXAA  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 1552126	A	19790905	GB 1975-24949	19760629
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GI			GB 1975-24949	A 19760629



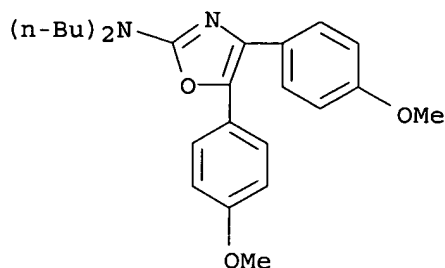
AB The oxazole amines I (R, R1 = C1-6 alkyl, C2-6 alkenyl, C3-6 alkynyl, C2-6 alkoxyalkyl, C2-6 carboxyalkyl, C1-6 haloalkyl, C3-10 cycloalkyl, C3-10 cycloalkyl-C1-6 alkyl, optionally substituted Ph, phenylalkyl, or phenylalkenyl; NRR1 = 5-7-membered heterocycle; the oxazole ring is optionally further substituted) were prepared I are useful (no data) in the treatment of immediate hypersensitivity diseases including asthma and in the alleviation of status asthmaticus; they have low toxicity. Thus, 2-(N-butyl-N-isobutyl)amino-4-methyloxazole was prepared from 2-butylamino-4-methyloxazole by treatment in DMF with NaH (0°, 0.5 h) and Me<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>I (room temperature, 11 h).

IT 73801-94-2P

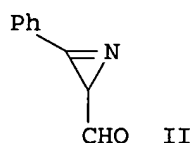
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of, as allergy and asthma inhibitor)

RN 73801-94-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolamine, N,N-dibutyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 183 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:189775 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:189775  
TITLE: Photorearrangements of phenyloxazoles  
AUTHOR(S): Maeda, Minoru; Kojima, Masaharu  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Pharm. Sci., Kyushu Univ., Fukuoka, Japan  
SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions  
1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999)  
(1977), (3), 239-47  
CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 86:189775  
GI



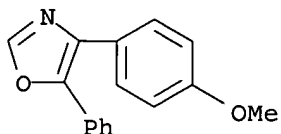
AB Phenyloxazoles underwent two photo rearrangements; formal interchange of positions 2 and 3 or 4 and 5, which is rationalized in terms of a ring-contraction-ring expansion sequence, and interchange of positions 2 and 4 or 3 and 5 which involves a bicyclic intermediate. E.g., irradiation of 2,5-diphenyloxazole in EtOH gave 3% 3,5-diphenylisoxazole and 20% 4,5-diphenyloxazole. Irradiation of 2-phenyloxazole (I) in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> or cyclohexane gave the azirinecarboxaldehyde II and 4-phenyloxazole. The correlation between photolysis of I and its electronic structure, as deduced from semiempirical SCF-MO and SCF-CI calcns., is discussed.

IT 62921-40-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and photolysis of)

RN 62921-40-8 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 10 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:960190 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:8796

TITLE: Preparation of 4,5-diaryloxazole derivatives as PGI2 agonists

INVENTOR(S): Taniguchi, Kiyoshi; Nagano, Masanobu; Hattori, Kouji; Tsubaki, Kazunori; Okitsu, Osamu; Tabuchi, Seiichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 115 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

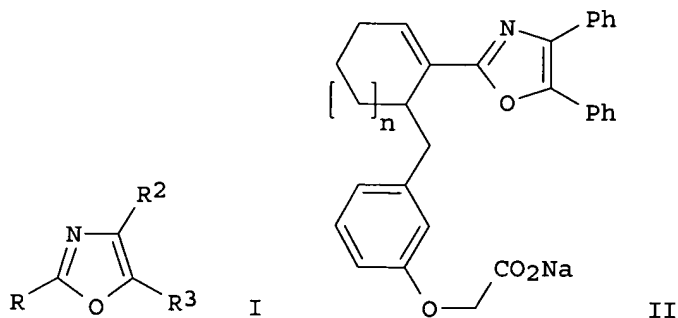
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

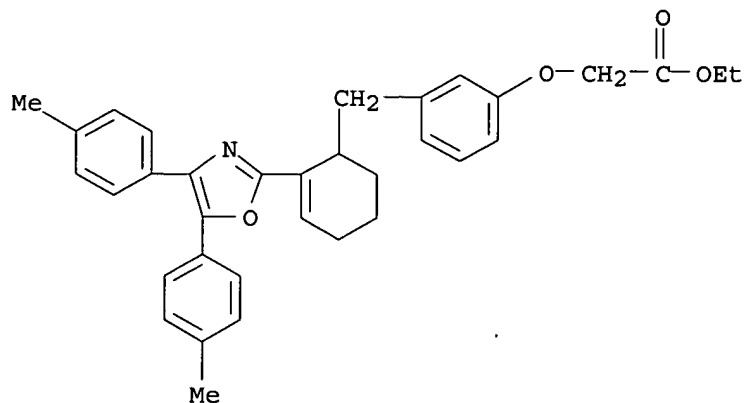
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9517393	A1	19950629	WO 1994-JP2116	19941216
W: AU, CA, CN, HU, JP, KR, RU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2179399	AA	19950629	CA 1994-2179399	19941216
AU 9512006	A1	19950710	AU 1995-12006	19941216
AU 686286	B2	19980205		
EP 736018	A1	19961009	EP 1995-902969	19941216
EP 736018	B1	20000705		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
CN 1138328	A	19961218	CN 1994-194557	19941216
CN 1046714	B	19991124		
JP 09506894	T2	19970708	JP 1994-517312	19941216
HU 76341	A2	19970828	HU 1996-1685	19941216
AT 194335	E	20000715	AT 1995-902969	19941216
ES 2147836	T3	20001001	ES 1995-902969	19941216
PT 736018	T	20001031	PT 1995-902969	19941216
RU 2176640	C2	20011210	RU 1996-115170	19941216
US 6025375	A	20000215	US 1998-92027	19980605
CN 1229795	A	19990929	CN 1998-116704	19980725
CN 1090184	B	20020904		
GR 3034542	T3	20010131	GR 2000-402232	20001004
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1993-25962	A 19931220
			GB 1994-22404	A 19941107
			WO 1994-JP2116	W 19941216

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 124:8796

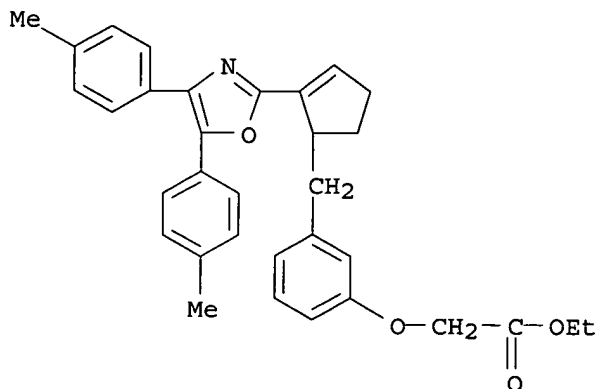
GI



- AB Title compds. [I; R = R1A1OZA2Z1; A1 = alkylene; A2 = bond, alkylene; R1 = (protected)CO2H; R2,R3 = (un)substituted aryl; Z = phenylene; Z1 = phenylene, cycloalk(en)ylene(methylene)] were prepared Thus, Et 5(R)-acetoxy-1-cyclopentenecarboxylate was alkylated by the Grignard reagent from 3-(MeO)C6H4CH2Cl and the saponified product esterified by benzoin to give, after cyclization with NH4OAc and 3 addnl. steps, title compound (S)-II (III; n = 0). III (N = 1) gave 31.3% decrease in blood pressure in rats at 3.2mg/kg orally.
- IT 171045-85-5P 171045-86-6P 171045-89-9P  
171045-90-2P 171046-19-8P 171046-20-1P  
171046-25-6P 171046-26-7P 171046-27-8P  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of 4,5-diaryloxazole derivs. as PGI2 agonists)
- RN 171045-85-5 CAPLUS
- CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



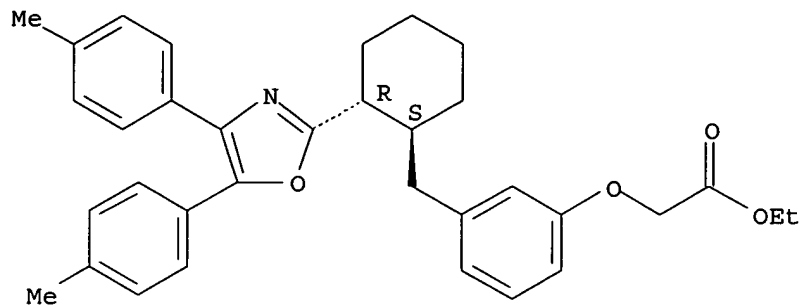
- RN 171045-86-6 CAPLUS
- CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 171045-89-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]phenoxy]-, ethyl ester, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

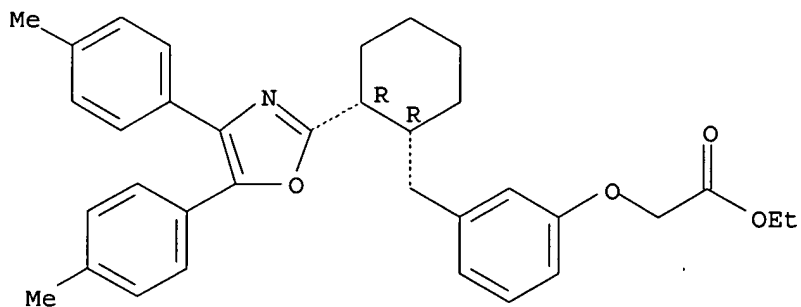
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171045-90-2 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]phenoxy]-, ethyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

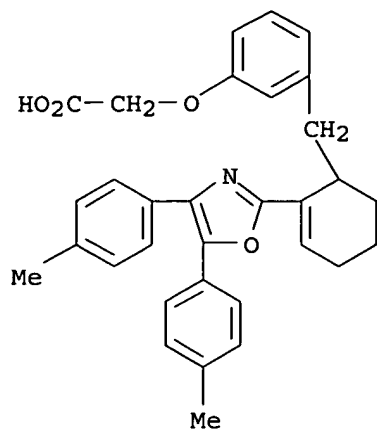
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171046-19-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-cyclohexen-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

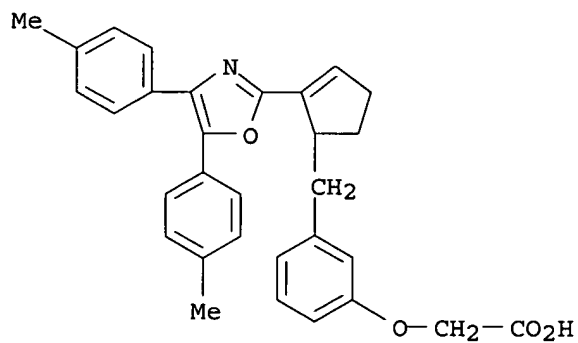




● Na

RN 171046-20-1 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-cyclopenten-1-yl]methyl]phenoxy]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

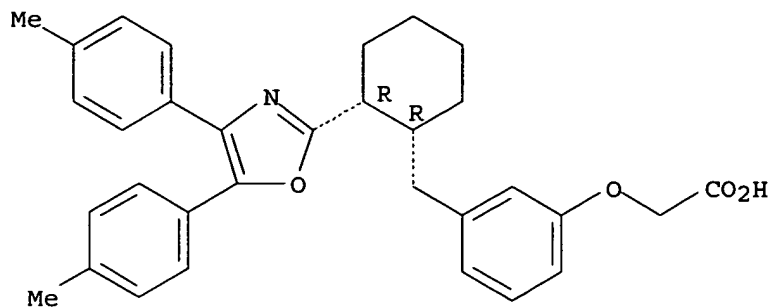


● Na

RN 171046-25-6 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]phenoxy]-, sodium salt, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

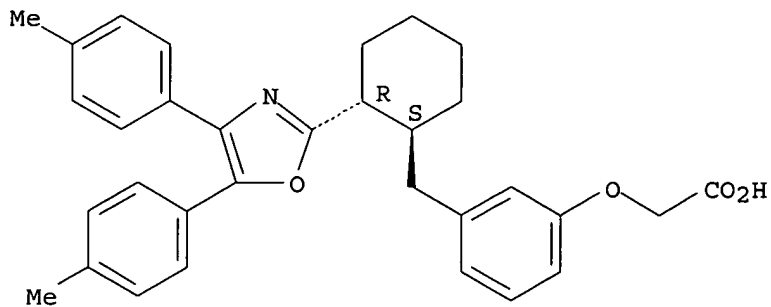


● Na

RN 171046-26-7 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]phenoxy]-, sodium salt, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

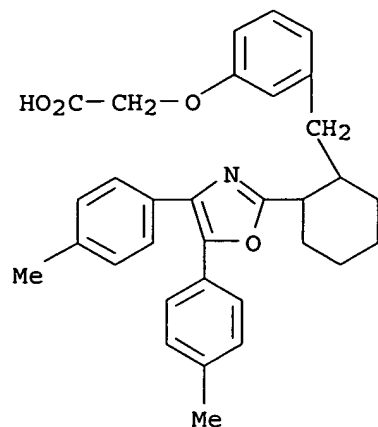
Relative stereochemistry.



● Na

RN 171046-27-8 CAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, [3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl]methyl]phenoxy]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● Na

IT 171046-56-3P 171046-68-7P 171046-69-8P  
171046-70-1P 171046-71-2P 171046-81-4P  
171046-82-5P 171046-83-6P 171047-02-2P,

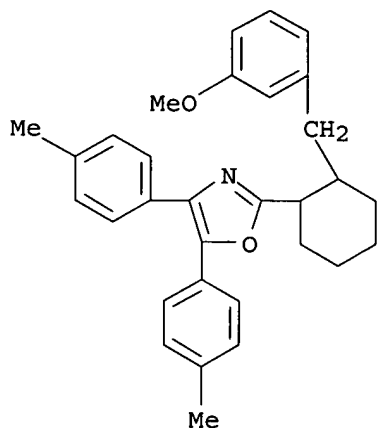
4,5-Bis(4-methylphenyl)oxazole

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 4,5-diaryloxazole derivs. as PGI<sub>2</sub> agonists)

RN 171046-56-3 CAPLUS

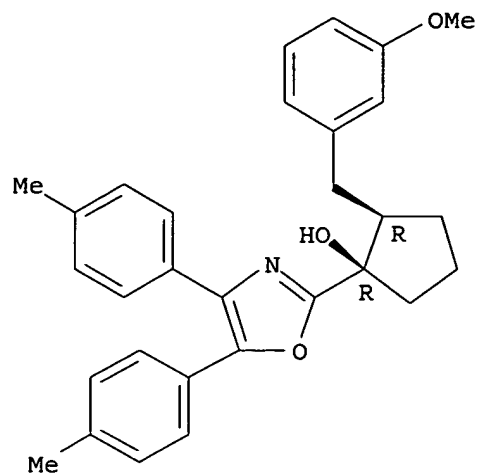
CN Oxazole, 2-[2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]cyclohexyl]-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 171046-68-7 CAPLUS

CN Cyclopentanol, 1-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

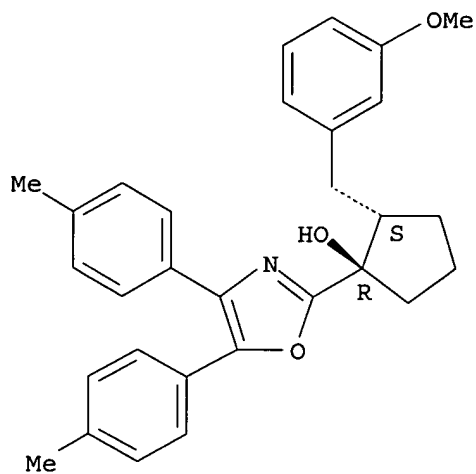
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171046-69-8 CAPLUS

CN Cyclopentanol, 1-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

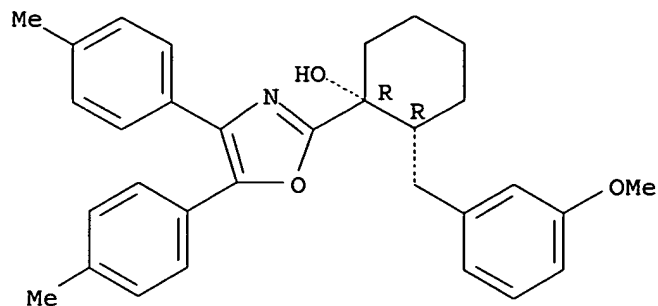
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171046-70-1 CAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanol, 1-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

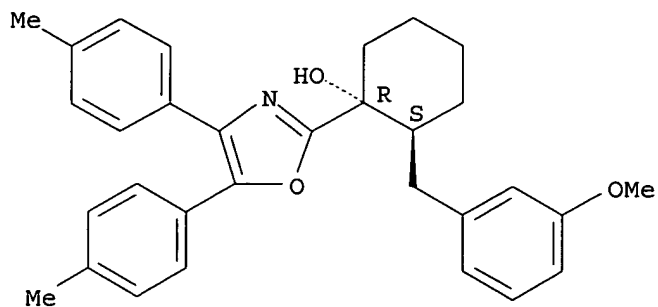
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171046-71-2 CAPLUS

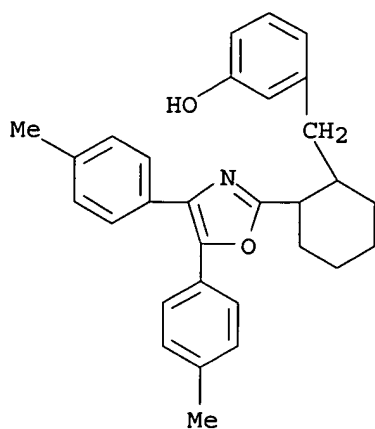
CN Cyclohexanol, 1-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-, trans- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 171046-81-4 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]cyclohexyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 171046-82-5 CAPLUS

CN Phenol, 3-[[2-[4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2-oxazolyl]-2-cyclohexen-1-



L10 ANSWER 40 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:510311 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:110311  
 TITLE: Analgesic, antiinflammatory, and antipyretic imidazole derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Fitzi, Konrad; Pfister, Rudolf  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): CIBA-Geigy A.-G.  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 65 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 2064520	A	19710708	DE 1970-2064520	19701230
DE 2064520	C3	19800522		
DE 2064520	B2	19790830		
CH 523257	A	19720531	CH 1969-523257	19691231
GB 1328550	A	19730830	GB 1970-59838	19701217
NL 7018745	A	19710702	NL 1970-18745	19701223
NL 167691	B	19810817		
NL 167691	C	19820118		
NO 129574	B	19740429	NO 1970-4949	19701223
SE 368574	B	19740708	SE 1970-17498	19701223
DK 129346	B	19740930	DK 1970-6554	19701223
ZA 7008741	A	19711027	ZA 1970-8741	19701230
FR 2081407	A1	19711203	FR 1970-47251	19701230
FR 2081407	A5	19711203		
IL 35935	A1	19741129	IL 1970-35935	19701230
CA 960679	A1	19750107	CA 1970-101707	19701230
JP 51023506	B4	19760717	JP 1970-123140	19701230
			CH 1969-19401	A 19691231

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB I was prepared (A) by condensing a substituted benzil with excess NH<sub>3</sub> [and (or) DMF] and an aldehyde; (B) by oxidation of a substituted benzoin with Cu<sup>2+</sup>; (C) by refluxing an amide with AcOH or HCO<sub>2</sub>H; (D) by condensation of an amidine with an ester of a substituted benzoin; and (E) by heating an oxazole with liquid NH<sub>3</sub> and HCONH<sub>2</sub> to 180-220°. Approx. 36 I were prepared

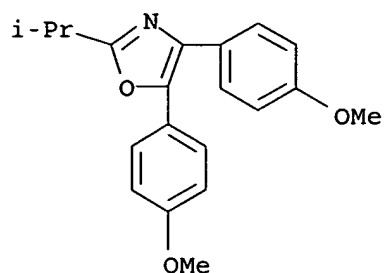
IT 33420-71-2P 33420-72-3P 33420-73-4P

33420-74-5P 33425-71-7P 33512-72-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

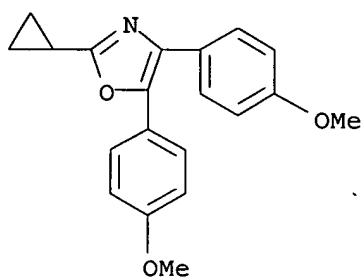
RN 33420-71-2 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



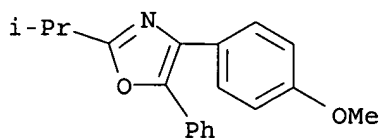
RN 33420-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-cyclopropyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



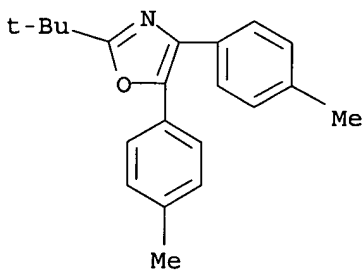
RN 33420-73-4 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(1-methylethyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 33420-74-5 CAPLUS

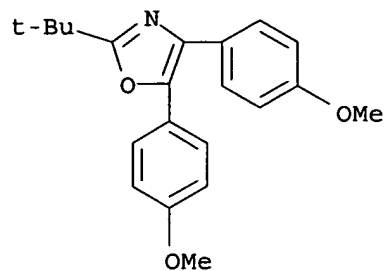
CN Oxazole, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





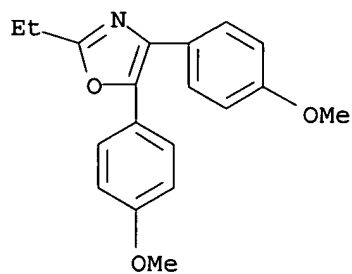
RN 33425-71-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

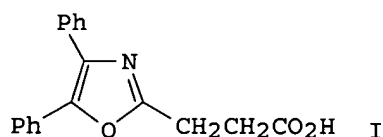


RN 33512-72-0 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 2-ethyl-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



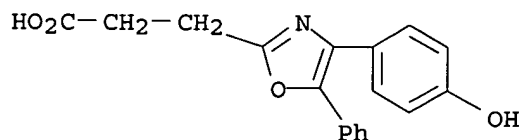
L10 ANSWER 48 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:185259 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:185259  
TITLE: Metabolic fate of oxaprozin. 3. Metabolism of  
14C-oxaprozin  
AUTHOR(S): Suwa, Toshio; Urano, Hidetoshi; Minagawa, Toshiya;  
Tsubokawa, Mieko; Kyogoku, Kazuaki  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Cent., Taisho Pharm. Co., Ltd., Omiya, 330, Japan  
SOURCE: Oyo Yakuri (1984), 27(1), 147-55  
CODEN: OYYAA2; ISSN: 0369-8033  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
GI



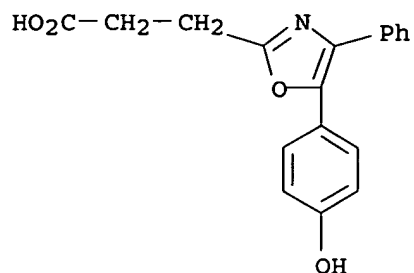
AB Following oral administration (50 mg/kg), oxaprozin (I) [21256-18-8] appeared mainly in unchanged form in the plasma of dogs, mice, and rabbits, but appreciable amts. of Ph-monohydroxylated metabolites were observed in rat plasma. Pharmacokinetic studies showed plasma half-lives of 2-5 h in rats, rabbits, and mice and .apprx.52 h in dogs. Metabolites were isolated from the excreta by chromatog. and identified by their mass spectra, NMR spectra, and comparison with authentic samples. In dogs, the principal metabolite was I glucuronide, whereas in mice and rabbits, the monohydroxylated metabolites were identified as the major metabolites in the urine and feces. In rats, I was completely metabolized, and many metabolites, including mono- and dihydroxylated and methoxylated-hydroxylated compds., were found in the urine, bile, and feces as free or conjugated forms.

IT 68192-19-8 90044-49-8 90044-50-1  
90044-51-2 90044-52-3  
RL: FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)  
(formation of, as oxaprozin metabolite)

RN 68192-19-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

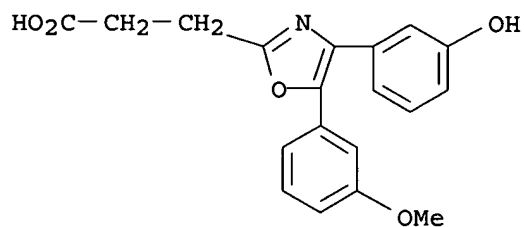


RN 90044-49-8 CAPLUS  
CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



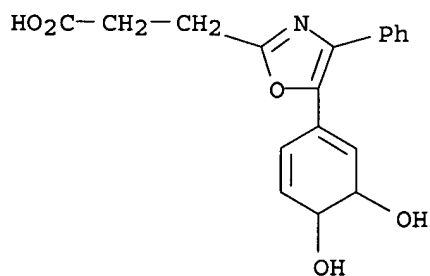
RN 90044-50-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



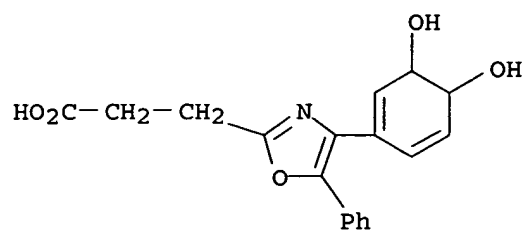
RN 90044-51-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(3,4-dihydroxy-1,5-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-4-phenyl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 90044-52-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(3,4-dihydroxy-1,5-cyclohexadien-1-yl)-5-phenyl-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 61 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:477782 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:77782

TITLE: 4-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2-oxazolepropanoic acid  
and 5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-phenyl-2-oxazolepropanoic  
acid as inflammation inhibitorsINVENTOR(S): Lewis, Alan J.; Carlson, Richard P.; Fletcher, Horace,  
III

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

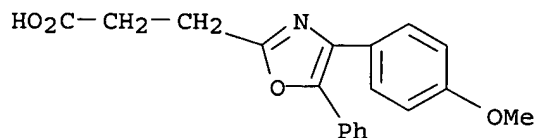
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4659728	A	19870421	US 1985-704824	19850225
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-704824	19850225

AB The title compds. are antiinflammatories prepared by cyclocondensation of methoxybenzoins with succinic anhydride and NH<sub>4</sub>OAc followed by ether cleavage. 4-Methoxybenzoin was heated with succinic anhydride and Et<sub>3</sub>N in PhMe for 3 h, cooled, and HOAc/NH<sub>4</sub>OAc were added to the reaction. mixture, which was heated to reflux with removal of solvent by distillation to give 4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-2-oxazolepropanoic acid (I). In the rat paw edema test 150 mg I/kg gave 46% control of carrageenan-induced paw edema.

IT 24248-45-1P 109620-53-3P

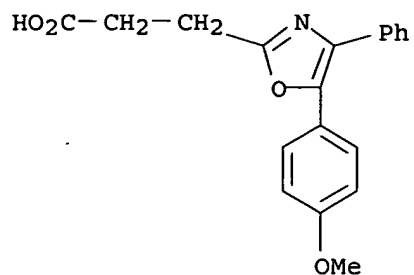
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation and ether cleavage reaction of)

RN 24248-45-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

RN 109620-53-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)

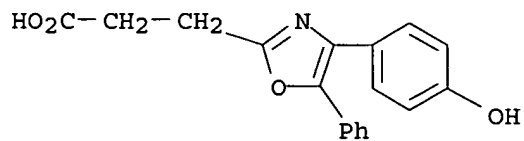


IT 68192-19-8P 90044-49-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of, as inflammation inhibitor)

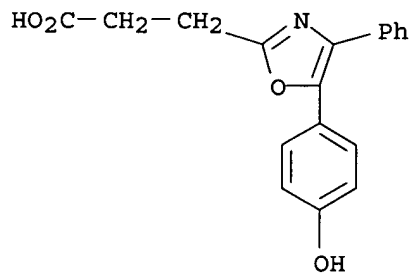
RN 68192-19-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-5-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



RN 90044-49-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolepropanoic acid, 5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-4-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX  
NAME)



L10 ANSWER 82 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1953:65369 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 47:65369

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 47:11053e-f

TITLE: Oxazole cyanine and merocyanine dyes, and intermediates

AUTHOR(S): Jeffreys, R. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl. Inst. for Med. Research, London

SOURCE: Journal of the Chemical Society, Abstracts (1952) 4823-32

CODEN: JCSAAZ; ISSN: 0590-9791

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

AB A direct synthesis of 2-methyl-4(or 4,5-di)-substituted oxazoles from phenacyl bromides and NH<sub>4</sub>OAc has been achieved. The synthesis of Japp, et al., (J. Chemical Society 63, 469(1893)) and Davidson, et al., (C.A. 32, 1702.8)

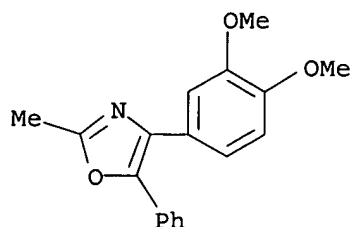
has been extended to 4,5-dialkyl- and 4-aryloxazoles, resp. These together with 2-methyloxazole have been quaternized and converted into cyanine and merocyanine dyes. A comparison of the dye absorption maximum throws some light upon the spacial configuration of the 4- and 5-aryl substituents in the oxazole nucleus. In the synthesis of diaryloxazoles, prolonging the reaction period slowly converts the oxazoles into the corresponding glyoxalines.

IT 797802-42-7, Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-phenyl-  
797802-61-0, Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-phenyl-,  
hydrochloride 855404-92-1, Oxazole, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-  
5-phenyl-

(preparation of)

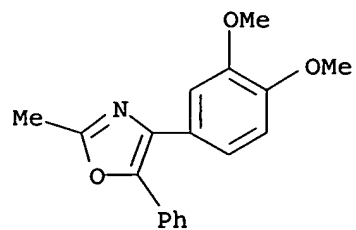
RN 797802-42-7 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-phenyl- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 797802-61-0 CAPLUS

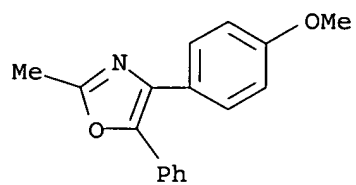
CN Oxazole, 4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-phenyl-, hydrochloride (5CI)  
(CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

RN 855404-92-1 CAPLUS

CN Oxazole, 4-(p-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-phenyl- (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)





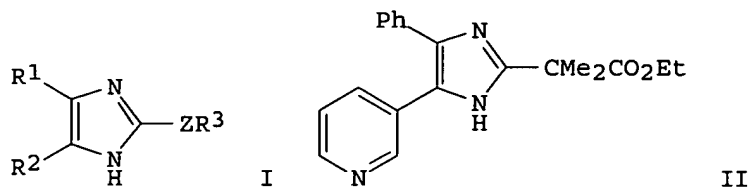
L10 ANSWER 106 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:406298 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:6298  
 TITLE: Trisubstituted imidazole derivatives: pharmaceutical compositions containing them and their use  
 INVENTOR(S): Sallmann, Alfred  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G. , Switz.  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 108 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 45081	A2	19820203	EP 1981-105914	19810727
EP 45081	A3	19820407		
EP 45081	B1	19860108		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, IT, LU, NL, SE				
DD 201677	A5	19830803	DD 1981-232030	19810723
CA 1175431	A1	19841002	CA 1981-382377	19810723
DK 8103318	A	19820126	DK 1981-3318	19810724
FI 8102326	A	19820126	FI 1981-2326	19810724
NO 8102542	A	19820126	NO 1981-2542	19810724
AU 8173404	A1	19820128	AU 1981-73404	19810724
GB 2080805	A	19820210	GB 1981-22920	19810724
GB 2080805	B2	19840307		
ZA 8105078	A	19820728	ZA 1981-5078	19810724
ES 504257	A1	19821201	ES 1981-504257	19810724
HU 27879	O	19831128	HU 1981-2178	19810724
HU 188069	B	19860328		
IL 63410	A1	19860429	IL 1981-63410	19810724
IL 72665	A1	19860429	IL 1981-72665	19810724
SU 1235454	A3	19860530	SU 1981-3317053	19810724
JP 57056466	A2	19820405	JP 1981-115896	19810725
PL 135822	B1	19851231	PL 1981-232352	19810725
AT 17349	E	19860115	AT 1981-105914	19810727
SU 1138023	A3	19850130	SU 1982-3465351	19820721
SU 1145928	A3	19850315	SU 1982-3466066	19820721
SU 1205764	A3	19860115	SU 1982-3465356	19820721
SU 1227112	A3	19860423	SU 1982-3466067	19820721
ES 514579	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514579	19820730
ES 514580	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514580	19820730
ES 514581	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514581	19820730
ES 514582	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514582	19820730
ES 514583	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514583	19820730
ES 514584	A1	19830516	ES 1982-514584	19820730
ES 514585	A1	19830701	ES 1982-514585	19820730
DD 202554	A5	19830921	DD 1982-242110	19820730
SU 1152520	A3	19850423	SU 1982-3469534	19820730
SU 1169534	A3	19850723	SU 1982-3468675	19820730
US 4447431	A	19840508	US 1982-425603	19820928
SU 1205763	A3	19860115	SU 1983-3618708	19830719
CA 1185976	A2	19850423	CA 1984-451683	19840410
AU 8656555	A1	19860911	AU 1986-56555	19860423
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1980-5715	A 19800725
			US 1981-285231	A3 19810720

CA 1981-382377  
 IL 1981-63410  
 EP 1981-105914

A3 19810723  
 A 19810724  
 A 19810727

GI



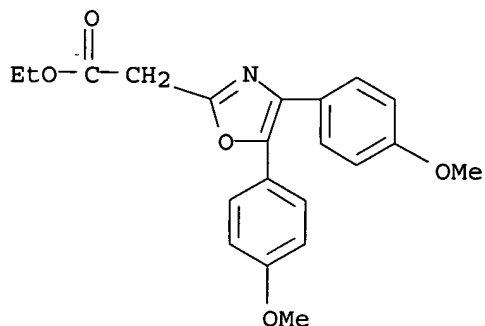
AB Imidazoles I (R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> = carbocyclic aryl, heteroaryl; R<sup>3</sup> = CO<sub>2</sub>H, esterified or amidated CO<sub>2</sub>H; Z = hydrocarbonyl), and their isomers and salts, useful as inflammation inhibitors, virucides, and sunscreens and in treatment against Herpes virus (no data), were prepared Refluxing 1-phenyl-2-(3-pyridyl)glyoxal, Me<sub>2</sub>C(CHO)CO<sub>2</sub>Et, NH<sub>4</sub>OAc, and AcOH 1 h and pouring the mixture into ice-concentrated aqueous NH<sub>3</sub> gave II.

IT 81891-71-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation and amidation of)

RN 81891-71-6 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleacetic acid, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

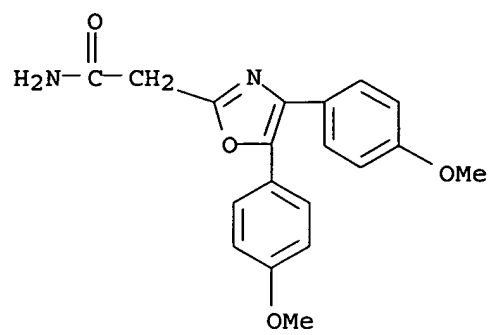


IT 81891-72-7P

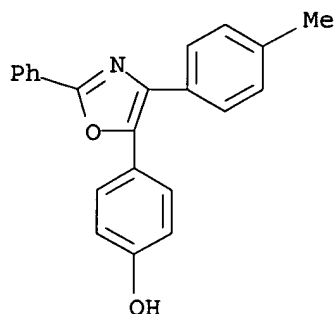
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of)

RN 81891-72-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazoleacetamide, 4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 117 OF 195 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:772452 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:7629  
TITLE: New aspects of solid-phase organic synthesis: ring formation reactions using active species on a solid support and efficient construction of heterocyclic compound libraries  
AUTHOR(S): Iso, Yasuyoshi  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Shionogi Research Laboratories, Shionogi & Co., Ltd., Fukushima-ku, Osaka, 553-0002, Japan  
SOURCE: Trends in Heterocyclic Chemistry (2003), 9, 61-68  
CODEN: TIHCE6  
PUBLISHER: Research Trends  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB A simple and efficient method for preparing  $\alpha$ -TMSdiazoketones, as a source of carbenes or carbenoids, from carboxylic acid derivs. on a solid support, is employed to perform a variety of solid-phase reactions. Resin-bound  $\alpha$ -TMSdiazoketones having diverse substrates were successfully used in a variety of solid-phase reactions including ring formation reactions, such as oxazole synthesis, and fused ring formation by intramol. Buchner reaction, via carbenoids. The use of these solid-phase reactions with combinatorial chemical should contribute greatly to efficient construction of heterocyclic compound libraries to search for interesting compds. for new drugs.  
IT 299409-25-9P  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(solid phase preparation of oxazoles via reaction of aryl nitriles with solid supported  $\alpha$ -TMS-diazoketones)  
RN 299409-25-9 CAPLUS  
CN Phenol, 4-[4-(4-methylphenyl)-2-phenyl-5-oxazolyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT